



Súper Nota

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Partial: 2

Subject: English III

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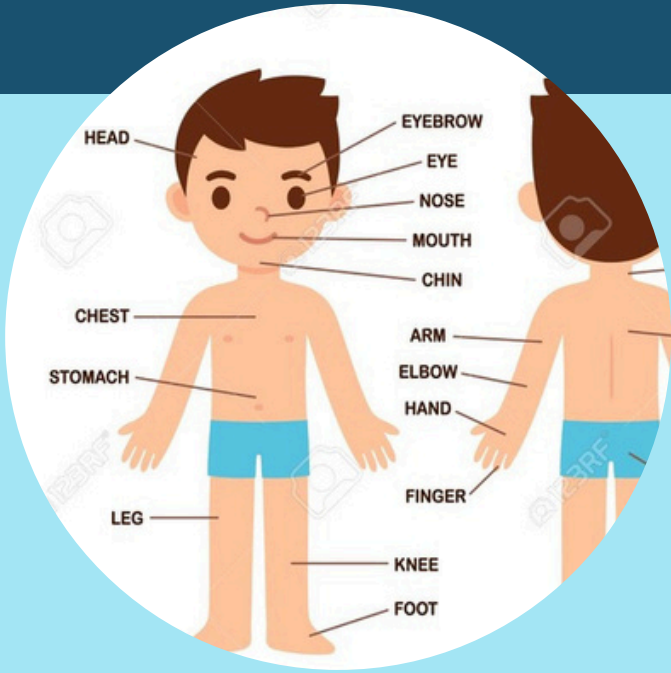
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LET'S LEARN ABOUT HEALTH AND GRAMMAR!

FROM YOUR HEAD TO YOUR VERBS

1. PARTS OF THE BODY

English	Español	Function (EN)	Función (ES)
Head	Cabeza	To think and control the body	Pensar y controlar el cuerpo
Eye	Ojo	To see	Ver
Ear	Oído	To hear	Escuchar
Nose	Nariz	To smell and breathe	Oler y respirar
Mouth	Boca	To eat and talk	Comer y hablar
Arm	Brazo	To lift and hold things	Levantar y sostener cosas
Hand	Mano	To grab and touch	Agarrar y tocar
Leg	Pierna	To walk and run	Caminar y correr
Foot	Pie	To stand and balance	Pararse y mantener el
Finger	Dedo	To touch and feel	Tocar y sentir

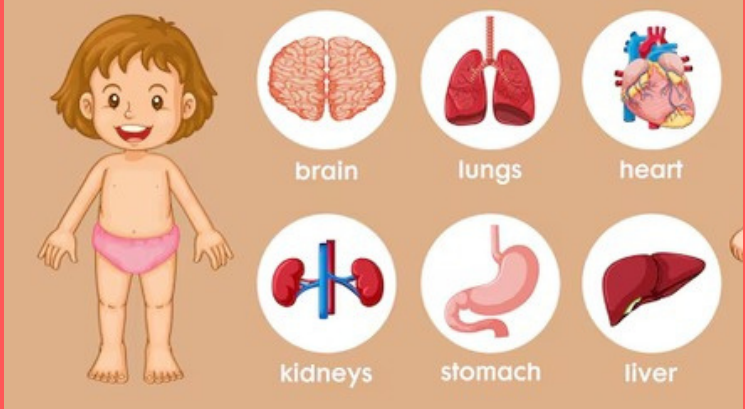


EXTERNAL PARTS

DID YOU KNOW?

- The human body has 206 bones and over 600 muscles, making it a powerful living structure!
- Your nose can remember 50,000 different smells.

ANATOMY SET



INTERNAL ORGANS

English	Español	Function (EN)	Función (ES)
Heart	Corazón	Pumps blood to the body	Bombea sangre a todo el cuerpo
Lungs	Pulmones	Help us breathe	Nos ayudan a respirar
Stomach	Estómago	Digests food	Digerir alimentos
Brain	Cerebro	Controls thoughts and actions	Controla pensamientos y



INTERESTING FACT

Your small intestine is about 6 meters (20 feet) long, making it longer than a car! Even though it's called 'small,' it's actually the longest part of your digestive system.



COMMON MEDICATIONS AND REMEDIES

WHAT MEDICINE DO YOU USE WHEN YOU HAVE STOMACH PAIN?



IN ENGLISH
✔ we say “take medicine”, not “drink medicine” – even when it’s a liquid! ❌

THE WORD
“pill” is very common, but children usually take “syrup” or “drops” instead.

WE USE
the verb “apply” for creams and sprays, and “take” for pills and syrups.



Remedy / Medication	Pronunciation	Spanish	Use in English	Uso en español
1.Chamomile tea	/ˈkæmə,mil/	Té de manzanilla	Soothes stomach	Alivia el estómago
2.Cough syrup	/kʌf ˈsɪrəp/	Jarabe para la tos	Used to calm cough	Se usa para calmar la tos
3.Chicken soup	/ˈtʃɪkɪn su:p/	Sopa de pollo	Traditional remedy for colds	Remedio tradicional para el
4.Cold medicine	/koʊld ˈmedəsin/	Medicina para el resfriado	Helps relieve cold symptoms	Alivia síntomas del resfriado
5.Eye drops	/aɪ drəps/	Gotas para los ojos	Used for eye irritation or	Para la irritación u ojos secos
6.Aspirin	/ˈæsprən/	Aspirina	Pain reliever, not recommended	Alivia el dolor, no se recomienda en
7.Antacid	/æntˈæsid/	Antiácido	Reduces stomach acidity	Reduce acidez estomacal
8.Nasal spray	/ˈneɪzəl spreɪ/	Spray nasal	Opens blocked nasal passages	Destapa las fosas nasales
9.Ice pack	/aɪs pæk/	Bolsa de hielo	Reduces swelling and pain	Reduce inflamación y



1



2



3



DID YOU KNOW?

- Chicken soup can actually reduce inflammation in the throat!
- Eye drops can remove allergens like pollen in seconds.



MINI DIALOGUE- AT DE PHARMACY

A: Hello! What’s wrong?
B: I have a sore throat and a headache.
A: You can take this cough syrup and a pill for the pain.
B: Thank you! How often should I take them?
A: Every 6 hours. Don’t forget to drink lots of water.



PAST SIMPLE TENSE

Regular and Irregular Verbs + Sentence Forms + Spelling Rules



What is the Past Simple?

We use the past simple to talk about actions that happened and finished in the past.
Common time expressions: yesterday, last week, two days ago, in 2020...



REGULAR VERBS VERBS THAT ADD -ED AT THE END.

Base Verb	Past Form	Example
play	played	I played soccer.
watch	watched	She watched TV.
clean	cleaned	They cleaned the room.



IRREGULAR VERBS THEY DON'T FOLLOW RULES – YOU MUST MEMORIZE THEM.

Base Verb	Past Form	Example
go	went	We went to the park.
eat	ate	He ate an apple.
have	had	I had a cold.

Base verb	Rule Applied	Past Simple Form	Example
Play	Add -ed	Played	I played soccer.
Watch	Add -ed	Watched	She watched TV.
Dance	Add -d	Danced	They danced all night.
Stop	Double last consonant + -	Stopped	He stopped the car.
Study	Change -y to -ied	Studied	We studied for the test.
Plan	Double last consonant + -	Planned	I planned a trip.
Live	Add -d	Lived	She lived in Paris.



- Regular verbs ending in -e → Add -d
- like → liked
- Consonant + y → Change y to i + ed
- study → studied
- Vowel + y → Just add -ed
- play → played
- Short vowel + one consonant → Double the consonant and add -ed
- stop → stopped
- Most others → Just add -ed
- cook → cooked



DID YOU KNOW?

There are over 300 regular verbs in English, and they are the easiest to conjugate in the past.

AFFIRMATIVE FORM



Structure:
Subject + verb (past form) + complement

Examples:

- I played video games.
- She ate pizza.
- They went home.



NEGATIVE FORM



Structure:
Subject + didn't + base verb+ complement

Examples:

- I didn't play yesterday.
- He didn't eat vegetables.
- We didn't go to school.



INTERROGATIVE FORM



Structure:
Did + subject + base verb + complement?

Examples:

- Did you play soccer?
- Did she eat her lunch?
- Did they go to the park?

