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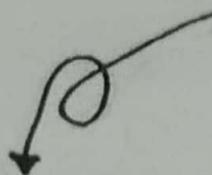
MATERIA: INGLES II

CARRERA: LICENCIATURA MEDICINA VETERINARIA Y
ZOOTECNIA

SIMPLE PRESENT TENSE.



The simple present tense is used to talk about regular actions, habits, general facts, or routines.



Do / Does

DON'T / DOESN'T

"Do" and "Does" are two verbal forms used in English to form questions and negations in the simple present tense.

"Do" It is used to form questions and negations in the simple present tense with plural subjects (we, you, they) and with singular subjects that are not in the third person (I).

"Does" It is used to form questions and negations in the simple present tense with singular subjects in the third person (he, she, it).



English "Don't" and "Doesn't" are used to form negative sentences in the simple present tense.

Don't is used for people I, you, we and they while "Doesn't" is used for people he, she, and it.

Structure Don't / Doesn't

Subject + Don't / Doesn't + Verb + Complement.

Structure "Do" / "Does"

Do / Does + Subject + Verb + Complement.

Example.

- Does he work here?
- She doesn't go to the gym.
- They don't eat meat
- Do you enjoy music?



Simple present tense

The simple present is a verb tense in English used to describe actions that occur regularly or habitually in the present.

Characteristics of the simple present.

- Absence of -s/-es: Only verbs in the third person singular (he/she/it) take -s/es.
- Use of auxiliaries: Auxiliaries like "do" or "does" are not used in affirmative sentences.
- Structure affirmative (+): Subject + Verb + Complement
- Structure negative (-): Subject + auxiliary + do / does / not + Verb + Complement
- Structure Interrogative (?)
- Do / Does + Subject + Verb + Complement.

Example.

- They play soccer (+)
- I don't like broccoli (-)
- Do she drive a car? (?)