ingles

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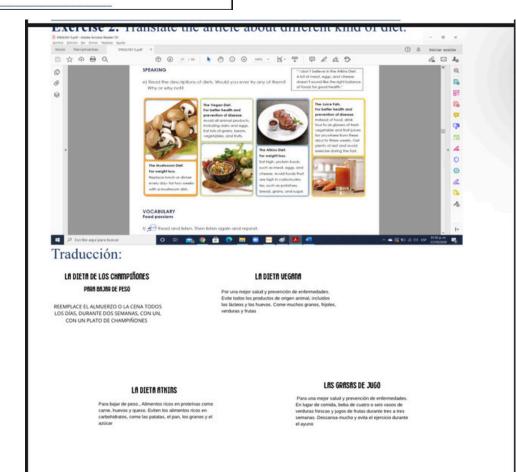


platatorpha



Exercise 1. Find an underlined sentence or phrase in the photo story with the same meaning as each of the following.

1.	I HAV	I E no idea	do	n't			know.
2.	I	BETTER PASS	should		say		no.
3.	I COULD RESIST		ldn't	stop		n	nyself.
4.	I'm I'm wat	trying CHING MY WEIGHT	not	to	get	1	navier.
5.	I	really HAVE A CRAVING FOR	wanted				
6.	]	[ I HAVE TO ADMIT	agree		<u> </u>		
7.	S	Say TURN DOWN	no		to		
8.	I'	11 Just a bite	try		a		little.



Exercise 3. Use the context to help you complete each sente "used to" or "didn't use to".	nce with
Then, write two sentences about yourself.	
1. Gary Used to go out to eat a lot, but	now he
eats at home more often.	
2. Nina didn't use to eat a lot of pasta, but	now she
does.	
3. Vinnie didn't use to drink a lot of coffee,	but now
he's a coffee addict.	
4. Anton <u>vsed to</u> eat a lot of vegetables, he doesn't.	but now
5. Cate hate seafood, but now sho	2'c 01271
about fish.	e s crazy
6. Ted 1381. eat a lot of fatty foods, but	t now he
avoids them.	
7. Burt didnit vse to drink a lot of water, but	now he
has several glasses a day.	
8. May	as salads
several times a week	
9. (used to) I vsed to pant, but now I son't	
10. (didn't use to) I <u>didn't vse black clothes, but n</u>	18W 1
Exercise 4. Use the prompts to write logical sentences with	negative
or affirmative forms of "used to".	negative .
1. Jason and Trish / get lots of exercise / but now they go sw	vimming
every day.	
JASON AND TRISH UUSED TO GET LOST OF EXERCISE, BUT, BUT NOW THEY GO SWIMMING EVERY DAY	
2. There / be a movie theater on Smith Street / but now there	isn't.
THERE USED TO BE A MOVIE THEATER ON SMITH STREET, BUT NOW, BUT, NOW THERE ISN'T	
	4. English / be an international language / but now everyone uses English to communicate around the world.  USED TO BE AN INTERNATIONAL LANGUAGE, BUT NOW EVERYONE USES ENGLISH DE MEDICAID AROUND THE WORLD  5. Women in North America / wear pants, but now it's very common for them to wear them.  WOMAN IN NORTH AMERICA USED TO WEAR PANTS, BUT NOW ISN'T VERY COMMAND FOR THEM TO WEAR THEM
	VOCABULARY Excuses for not eating something  Coffee doesn't agree with me.  I'm on a diet/ I'm trying to lose weight.  Idon't eat beef. It's against my religion.
	I'm allergic to chocolate.  I'm avoiding sugar.  I don't care for broccoli.
	Exercise 5. Escribe 7 oraciones usando las palabras en negritas.
	1. (doesn't agree with me):
I	my brother doesn't agree with me on how to solve the problem  2. (on a diet):
	2. (On a diet):  My Friend Is On a diet To Get Ready For Her Wedding
I	3. (trying to lose some weight):
I	I Have Been trading To Lose Some weight to feel healthier
I	4. (against my religion): I Don't, It, Meet, Because It Is Against, My Religion  5. (allergic to): My Sister Is allergic To Not, so we have to avoid them
	6. I'm avoiding City, traffic Because It's Very stressful (avoiding):

(avoiding):

GRAMMAR Negative yes / no questions	7.	(don't	care	for):
	I Don't	Care For brócoli, I Just Don't Like It		
		The control of the co		
				•
- We use "negative yes / no questions" to confirm information yo think is true.				

Example: Isn't Jane a vegetarian? Yes, she is.

Example: Didn't he go on a diet last week? Yes, he's trying the Atkins Diet.

- We use "negative yes / no questions" when you want someone to agree with you.

Example: Don't you love Italian food? Yes, it's delicious.

Example: Wasn't that a terrible dinner? Actually, no. I thought it was good.

- We use "negative yes / no questions" to express surprise.

Example: Aren't you going to have cake? I'm sorry but I'm on a diet.

Example: Hasn't he tried the chicken? No, he's a vegetarian.

## Exercise 6. Complete each negative yes / no question.

1. A: AREN'T you allergic to tomatoes?

B: Me? No. You're thinking of my brother.

2. A: WASN'T that lunch delicious yesterday?

B: It was fantastic!

3. A: DIDN'T we already have steak this week?

B: Yes, we did.

4. A: HASN'T your husband been on a diet?

B: Yes. But it's driving him crazy.

5. A: ISN'T asparagus disgusting?

B: Actually, I like it.

6. A: wasn't you like your pasta?

B: Actually, it was a little too spicy for me.



**Exercise 7.** Use the context of the article to help you choose the same meaning as each underlined word or phrase.

1. Have you ever wondered why Americans <u>struggle with</u> watching their weight...

a. have an easy time

b. have a difficult time care about

c. don't

2. ... while the French, who consume all that rich food, ...

a. fatty, high- calorie food b. low-fat, low-calorie food c. expensive food

3. ... continue to stay thin?

a. worry about their weight

b. not become overweight

c.

gain weight

4. Researchers concluded that the French tend to stop eating when

they feel <u>full</u>.

a. like they can't eat any more

b. worried about their weight

c. hungry

5. ... the French see eating as an important part of their <u>lifestyle</u>.

a. personal care and appearance

b. culture or daily routine