

NORTH KOREA

WHO IS THE PRECIDENT OF NORTH KOREA?



: The current leader of North Korea is **Kim Jong Un**, the third Supreme Leader from the Kim dynasty, following his grandfather Kim II Sung and his father Kim Jong II. Officially, Kim Jong Un holds the title of Chairman of the Workers' Party of Korea and Supreme Leader of the Armed Forces. Although his title is not officially "president," he wields absolute power over the government and military.

WHAT IS TOURISM LIKE?

Tourism in North Korea is tightly regulated by the government. Independent travel is prohibited, and all tourists must be part of guided tours arranged by state-approved agencies. These tours are carefully orchestrated, allowing visitors to see only selected landmarks and attractions, such as the Juche Tower, the Kumsusan Palace of the Sun, and large military parades. Tourists are constantly accompanied by government guides, and interactions with locals are restricted.

WHAT IS YOUR CULTURE?

North Korean culture is heavily influenced by the state's political ideology, known as **Juche**. Cultural expressions in art, literature, music, and film typically emphasize loyalty to the ruling Kim family and the nation's socialist values. Music and performances often glorify the state and its leaders, and national holidays celebrate events related to the Kim dynasty. Traditional Korean customs, such as respect for elders and Confucian principles, also play a role.

WHAT IS THE TYPICAL FOOD?

North Korean cuisine shares many similarities with South Korean cuisine but tends to be less varied due to economic hardships. **Kimchi** (fermented vegetables) is a staple, as well as **cold noodles** (naengmyeon), which are popular in the capital, Pyongyang. Other dishes include **banchan** (small side dishes), **bibimbap** (mixed rice with vegetables and sometimes meat), and **mandu** (dumplings).

WHO IS THE FAMOUS PERSON?

One of North Korea's most famous historical figures is **Kim II Sung**, the founder of North Korea and its first Supreme Leader. He is considered the "Eternal President" and is still revered today with large monuments and an ongoing personality cult. His ideology of **Juche** continues to influence North Korean society and governance.

North Korea remains one of the most secretive and isolated nations in the world, ruled by the Kim dynasty under an authoritarian regime. The country is characterized by its strict control over information, limited personal freedoms, and a highly regulated society. While North Korea presents itself as a self-reliant nation under its Juche ideology, its people face significant challenges, including economic hardship and human rights issues. Despite these difficulties, the government projects strength through military parades, national pride, and a carefully curated image. The future of North Korea largely depends on internal dynamics and its relations with the international community, particularly with neighboring countries like South Korea and global powers.