

UDS

MI UNIVERSIDAD

ASIGNATURA:

INGLES I

CATEDRATICO:

JHOANI ELIZABETH LOPEZ PEREZ

NOMBRE DE LA ALUMNA:

GALILEA GUTIÉRREZ TRUJILLO

CARRERA:

LICENCIATURA EN MEDICINA VETERINARIA Y

ZOOTECNIA

GRUPO:

"A-2"

It's Nice to Meet You

The Verb "Be"

The verb "be" is used to describe states of being, identity, characteristics, or relationships. It changes depending on the subject (I am, you are, he/she/it is).

Example

I am a teacher.
They are happy.



Possessive Adjectives

Possessive adjectives are used to show ownership or relationships. They modify nouns and indicate who something belongs to.

Example

My name is John.
Her house is beautiful.



Article a/an

Articles "a" and "an" are used before singular nouns. "a" is used before words starting with a consonant sound, and "an" before words starting with a vowel sound.

Example

I have a dog.
She saw an elephant.



Use of this and these / it and they

"This" and "these" are demonstratives used to indicate objects close to the speaker. "It" and "they" are pronouns; "it" refers to a singular thing, while "they" refers to plural things.

Example

This is my book.
These are my books.
It is raining.
They are my friends.



Prepositions of Place

Prepositions of place show the position of something. Common ones include "in", "on", "under", "next to", and "between".

Example

The cat is under the table.
She is sitting next to him.



Bibliographic reference.

1. - Azar, B.S., & Hagen, S.A. (2017). Understanding and using English grammar (5th ed). Pearson Education.
2. - Murphy, R. (2019). English grammar in use (5th ed). Cambridge University Press.
3. - Swan, M. (2016). Practical English usage (4th ed). Oxford University Press.