7

5

s) so Listen to people talk about their fitness and eating habits. Check the box next to the name if the person everying and eating habits. person exercises regularly.



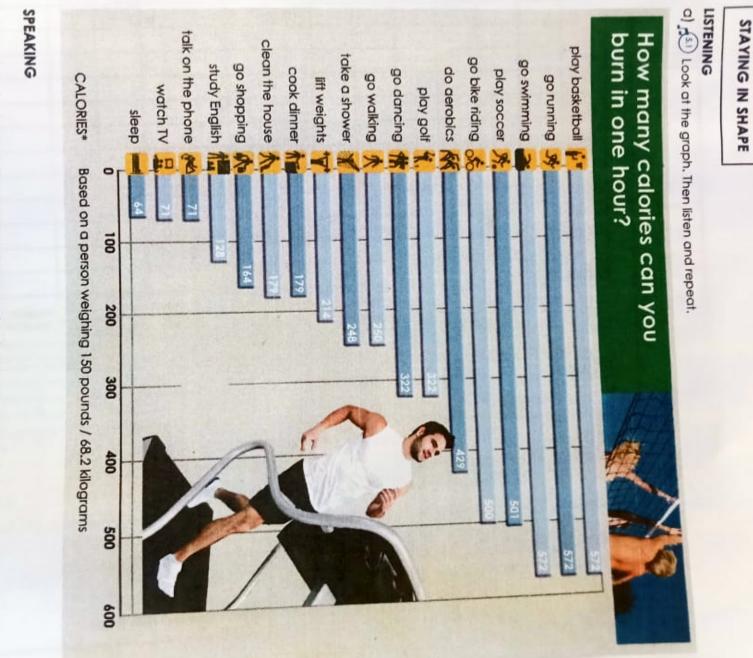
### LISTENING

t) (57) Now listen again and check each person's habits.

	Mark	Kika	Richard
1. goes to a gym			
2. takes exercise classes			
3. exercises outside			
4. avoids grains			
5. avoids desserts			
6. avoids fatty foods			
7. eats smaller portions			
8. eats a lot of seafood			
9, eats slowly			

### SPEAKING

u) Work in pairs. In your opinion, which of the three people have good fitness and eating habits? Whose habits are like your own? Discuss with your partner.



b) Work in pairs. According to the graph, approximately how many calories do you burn every day? Find out who in your class burns more than 1,500 calories a day

### SPEAKING

f) Compare activities with a partner.

"What do you do every weekend?"

"Me? I go shopping".

## GRAMMAR

"Can" / "can`t" and "have to" / "don`t have to"

### Can

- We use "can" + the base form of a verb for possibility. Example: We can stay out late tonight. There are no classes tomorrow morning.

- Questions

Can you go running tomorrow at 3:00? (Yes, I can / No, I can't).

- "Can" is invariable.

Example: Can she play tennis? Yes, she can.

### Can't

- We use "can`t" + the base form of a verb for impossibility. Example: I can`t stay out late tonight. I have class tomorrow morning.

### Have to

- We use "have to" or "has to" + the base form of a verb for obligation.

1	have to work / don't have to	We )	have to work / don't have to
You	have to work / don't have to	You	have to work / don't have to
He )		They	have to work / don't have to
She	has to work / doesn't have to work late tonight	,	
1+			

### "Don't" / "doesn't have to"

- We use "don't" / "doesn't have to" + the base form of a verb when it's not necessary to do something

Example: We don't have to go to school tomorrow because it's Sunday.

g) Read the sentences carefully. Then complete each sentence with "can" or a form of "have to".

1. I'd like to go out tonight, but we have a test tomorrow. I have to study

2. Audrey Colin need us for lunch today. She youch o Mele her boss write a report.

3. Good news! I bout hous to work as the tonight. We cong to the ing together at 6:00.

not / work

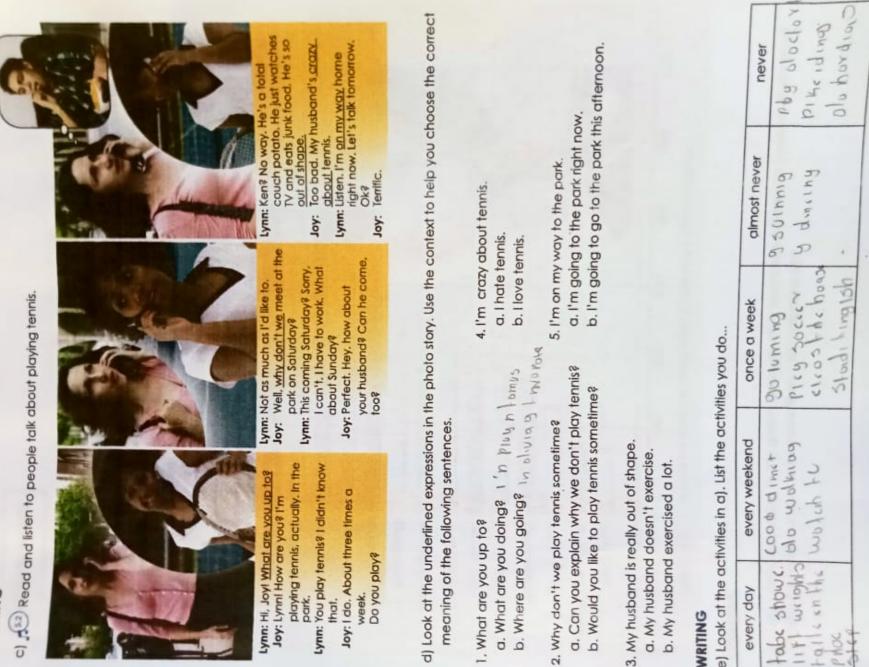
4. My sister com yo on one at the mall today. She hour to go to the doctor.

5. Henry huctogo to Toronto next week, so he <u>cont</u> Play golf with us.

Sorry, I <u>cont oal</u> to aerobics class tonight. I <u>hous t nect</u> with my bass. not/go meet

LISTENING

T



MY9.

P

### LISTENING

h) Write three questions using "can" and three questions using a form of "have to". Then practice asking and answering questions with a partner.

HAVETO CAN Qnilfrid-0 Mabou Crons con you go plug in the hama CON NOU SIMMI

### LISTENING

i) 53 Read and listen to two people plan an activity together.

A: Hey, Gary. Why don't we go running sometime?

- B: Great idea. When's good for you?
- A: Friday morning at 9:00?
- B: Sony, I can't. I have to work on Friday.
- A: Well, how about Sunday afternoon at 2:00?
- B: That's good for me. See you then.

### SPEAKING

j) Practice the conversation in i) with a partner.

### WRITING

k) Write your schedule for this weekend in the daily planner.

### SPEAKING

- I) Practice the conversation again.
- Plan other activities. Use your daily planner to respond.



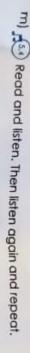
Daily	y Planner		Sunday
	Friday	saturday	30/10/07
9:00	torno	Sct drede Yust	Slacp
11:00	allive to the boter	Bo to the baoich	Sleep
1:00	30 shore	B Swmm	190 to HA
3:00	goto un mostruit	go fo o prostory	tobe a Showe
5:00	90 JWIN	n .go shopping	go bithe ridino
7:00	4n weig	1 h	the LA

sunday

Saturday



# Places for sport and exercise LISTENING











a golf course











a park

a gym

SPEAKING

a track

a tennis court

n) Tell your partner what you can do in these places.

# GRAMMAR

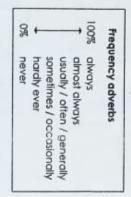
# The Present Simple and the Present Continuous tense: review

Example: He hardly ever meets his friends for dinner. Example: I make dinner at least twice a week. (for habits and routines) The Present Simple

Questions

How often do you lift weights? Do you always play golf on Saturdays?

Example: They're swimming at the pool in the park tomorrow. Example: I'm making dinner right now. The Present Continuous (for actions in progress and future plans)



# Questions

Are you going running tomorrow? What time are you playing tennis today?

- Complete the sentences. Use the Present Simple or the Present Continuous tense.
  - 1. Brian can't answer the phone right now. hr 10 0 1 dying
  - 2. How often sloc \_walking? 90 we / play Play \_ tennis this weekend? weights three times a week. he / Ift 5. \_ lunch. Can they call you back? uho they / make 6. How often Dlo 41 Glon the house? you/ clean 7. \_\_\_\_ aerobics every day. 8. and shopping tonight.

### LISTENING

p) (5.5) Listen to the conversations. Circle the frequency adverb that best completes each statement.

- 1. She (often/hardly ever/never) plays golf.
- 2. He (often/ sometimes/ always) goes to the gym four times a week.
- 3. She (often/ sometimes/ never) plays tennis in the park.
- 4. He (always/ often/never) goes swimming.
- 5. She (always/ sometimes/ never) rides her bike on weekends.

### LISTENING

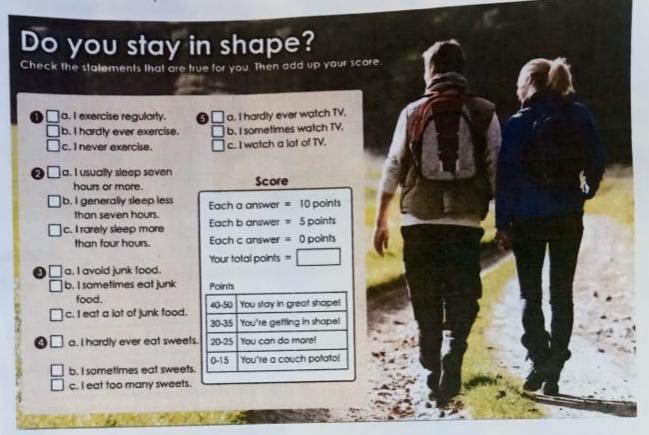
- a) 5.6 Read and listen to two people talk about habitual activities and future plans.
  - A: Hey, Nancy. Where are you off to?
  - B: Hi, Trish. I'm going to the gym.
  - A: Really? Don't you usually go there on weekends?
  - B: Yes. But not this weekend.
  - A: How come?
  - B: Because this weekend I'm going to the beach.

### SPEAKING

 r) With a partner, change the conversation in q) using a different vocabulary. Then change roles.



v) Take the health survey.



w) Walk around the classroom and ask questions. Write names and take notes on the chart.

Find someone who stays in great shape	Name Toni		formation ng everyday	
Find someone who		Name	(	Other information
tays in great shape.	Vo	selve	sho p	ky tochilo
s out of shape.	m	igon .	the don	it do surrorse
eats a lot of junk food.		Iacl	belue	co Junic Food
avoids sweets.	in	manus	· be de	attube sweet food
avoids fatty foods.		crio	the co	a lot or vigetable
never sleeps more than four hours		manuel	(dan/)	dece more the the