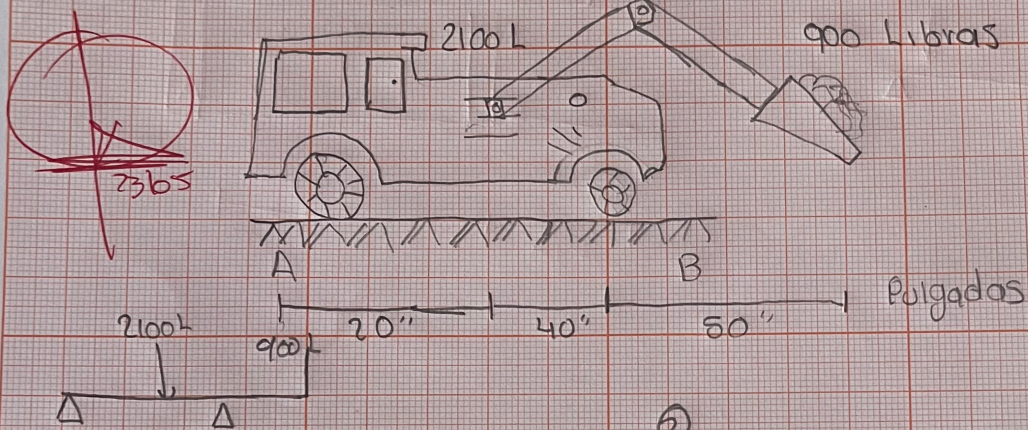


Un tractor de 2100 Libras se utiliza para levantar 900 Libras de grava, ahora determina la relación entre la llanta trancera A y la llanta delantera B.



$$\textcircled{1} T_A - 2100L - 900L + T_B = 0$$

$$T_A - 3000L + T_B = 0$$

$$T_A + T_B = +3000L$$

$$\textcircled{2} (-2100Lb \cdot 20") + (T_B \cdot 60") + (-900Lb \cdot 110") = 0$$

$$(-42,000) + T_B \cdot 60" - 99,000 Lb = 0$$

$$\textcircled{3} T_A + 2350 Lb = 3000 Lb \quad T_B = \frac{-141,000 Lb \cdot \cancel{60}}{60 \cancel{60}} = \frac{-141,000 Lb}{2} = -70,500 Lb$$

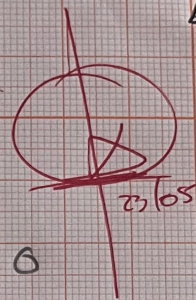
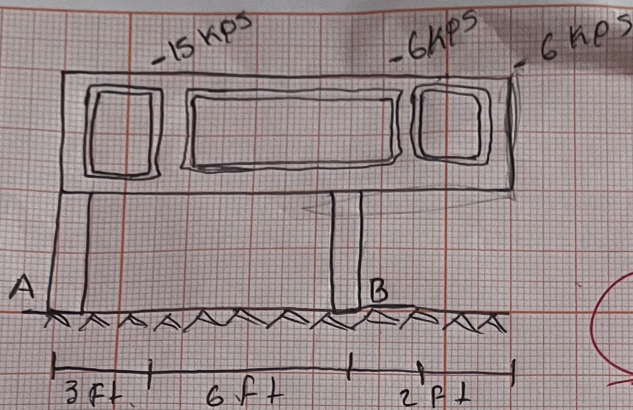
$$T_A = -70,500 + 3000 Lb$$

$$T_A = -67,500 Lb$$

$$\textcircled{4} T_A + T_B = 650 Lb + 2,350 Lb - 3000 Lb = 0$$

$$T_A + T_B = 3000 Lb - 3000 Lb = 0$$





$$\textcircled{1} \quad T_A - 15 \text{ kps} - 6 \text{ kps} - 6 \text{ kps} + T_B = 0$$

$$T_A - 27 \text{ kps} + T_B = 0$$

$$T_A + T_B = 27 \text{ kps}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad (-15 \text{ kps} \cdot 3 \text{ ft}) + (-AB \cdot 9 \text{ ft}) + (-6 \text{ kps} \cdot 11 \text{ ft}) + (-6 \text{ kps} \cdot 3 \text{ ft})$$

$$(-45) + AB \cdot 9 \text{ ft} + (-66 \text{ kps} \cdot \text{ft}) + (-18)$$

$$-189 \text{ kps} \cdot \text{ft} + AB \cdot 9 \text{ ft}$$

$$AB = \frac{189 \text{ kps}}{9} = 21 \text{ kps}$$

$$AA = +21 \text{ kps} = 23 \text{ kps}$$

$$AA = 23 \text{ kps} - 27 \text{ kps}$$

$$AA = 6 \text{ kps}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad (F_y = +6 \text{ kps} - 15 \text{ kps} + 6 \text{ kps} + 21 \text{ kps} \cdot 11 \text{ ft}) + (-6 \text{ kps} \cdot 11 \text{ ft})$$

$$F_y = -27 + 27 = 0 \quad (-18) + (18)$$