



Mi Universidad

Unit Activity #1 – U4

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GRAMMAR - Would like

- We use "would like" (contraction: I'd like) to politely express what we want, likes and dislikes. We use it either with verbs and nouns.

Example (verb): I would like to eat a pizza now. WOULD LIKE + TO + VERB

Example (noun): I would like a Coke now. WOULD LIKE + NOUN

- We also use "would like" to make polite offers and requests.

Example (offer): Would you like some tea?

Example (request): I would like to get a return ticket for tomorrow.

- Questions and answers

Would you like to go to the concert with me? Yes, I would. / No, I would not or I wouldn't (contraction).

Be careful!

Don't contract "would" in affirmative short answers.

Example: Would you like to listen to music? Yes, I would NOT Yes, I'd.

Exercise 1. Complete the sentences using a comparative form.

1. Sara: "___a___ some cake?" Marta: "Yes, please!".

- a. do you like b. would you like

2. Steve: "What sort of music ___b_?". Andy: "Dance music".

- a. do you like b. would like

3. Jana: "___a_ a banana?" Nick: "No, thanks I'm not hungry".

- a. would you like b. do you like

4. Liz: "___b_ bananas?" Paul: "Yes, I love them!".

- a. would you like b. do you like

5. Tony: "do you play tennis?" Mike: "Yes, I do". Tony: "___b_ to play a game now?" Mike: "Yeah, sure!".

- a. do you like b. would you like

6. I'm hot and thirsty. ___b_ a cold drink.

- a. I'd like b. I like

7. I'm tired. ___b_ to go to bed now.

- a. I'd like b. I like

8. "___a___ an apple, please!".

a. I'd like

b. I like

9. ___a___ apples. They're my favorite fruit.

a. I like

b. I'd like

10. I ___b___ to go to Italy for a holiday next year.

a. like

b would like

Exercise 2. Form sentences with "would like to" and one of the verbs from the list below.

go

have

make

see

talk

visit

1. We ___would like to have_____ dinner.

2. We ___would like make_____ a pizza.

3. I ___would like to _____go_____ to a restaurant.

4. Jane ___would like yo see_____ the film.

5. They ___would like to visit_____ London.

6. I ___would like___to talk_____ to you.

GRAMMAR - The past tense of "be".

Affirmative/ negative

Singular

I
He } was/wasn't at school yesterday.
She }

Plural

We
You } were/weren't at home.
They }

Example: There was a concert last night.

Example: There were movies last weekend.

Questions

Singular

Was I? }
Was He ...? } Yes, I was/ No, I wasn't
Was She .? } He
Was it ...? } She
it
it

Plural

Were we ...? }
Were you ...? } Yes, we was/ No, we wasn't
were they ...? } you
they
they

There was/ there were

Affirmative

There is (present) – there was (past).

Example: There was a concert last night.

Negative

There isn't (present)- there wasn't

There are (present) – there were (past)

Example: There were two movies last weekend

WH- questions

Where

When + was/were + subject + complement

Who

Example: Where were you last night?

Example: When was she in Italy?

Example: Who was at the party yesterday?

Exercise 3. Complete with the Past Simple of "be".

1. A: Where were Paul and Jackie last night?

B: I don't know, but they were here.

2. A: was she at school yesterday?

B: No. She were at home.

3. A: When was you in Italy? Last year?

B: Last year? No, we were in Italy last year.

4. A: What time were the movie?

B: It was at 7:00.

5. A: were your parents at home at 10:00 last night?

B: No. They was at a play.

6. A: Who was at work on Monday?

B: Barry and Anne was. But I was.

Exercise 4. Fill in the blanks with "was" or "were".

1. We ___were___ the champions last year.
2. Where is James? He ___was___ here just now.
3. Mom and Dad ___were___ on vacation last week.
4. The weather ___was___ fine this morning.
5. There ___were___ a lot of people at our party yesterday.
6. There ___was___ a small lake here many years ago.
7. He ___was___ sick yesterday.

- We use the Past Simple to talk about completed actions or situations that took place at a specific time in the past.

Example: I visited Berlin last week.

Example: Andrew watched TV yesterday.

- Sometimes the speaker may not mention the specific time, but they do have a specific time in mind.

Example: When I went to Japan I enjoyed it a lot.

Regular verbs

Affirmative

I
You
He
She
It
We
You
They

liked the movie

Negative

didn't like the concert.

Questions

I
you
he
she
it
we
you
they

Did she like the movie? Yes, she did.
No, she didn't.

Spelling changes

- Regular verbs add -ed to the base form.

Example: watch- watched

- If the base form ends in "e", just add -d.

Example: like- liked

- If the base form ends in a consonant + "y", add -ied.

Example: study- studied

- If the base form ends in a vowel + "y", add -ed.

Example: play- played

- If the base form ends in a consonant after a stressed vowel at the end of the word, double the consonant and add -ed.

Example: stop- stopped

Irregular verbs

Some verbs have an irregular form for the Past Simple. There is no rule for these verbs. You should learn them by heart.

Here are some examples.

Base Form	Past Simple	Base Form	Past Simple	Base Form	Past Simple
buy	→ bought	eat	→ ate	read	→ read
come	→ came	get	→ got	say	→ said
cut	→ cut	go	→ went	see	→ saw
do	→ did	have	→ had	take	→ took
drink	→ drank	make	→ made	think	→ thought
drive	→ drove	put	→ put	write	→ wrote

For more irregular verbs see page 44.

Exercise 5. Complete the conversations with the Simple Past tense.

1. A: Where did your family go (your family / go) on Saturday?

B: we went to the movies (we / go) to the movies we saw (we / see) a good family movie.

A: you went out to eat afterwards? (you / go) out to eat afterwards?

B: Yes, we ate (we / eat) Indonesian food. it. Had it (it / have) a lot of pepper.

A: But I thought your husband didn't like (I / think) (your husband / not like) peppery food.

B: Actually, he ate a little (he / eat) a little and he said it was good (he / say) it was good.

2. A: who taked out he garbage this morning? (who / take) out he garbage this morning?

B: Actually, laura did do (Laura / do).

A: And who. Did do (who / do) the laundry?

B: I'm not sure. But I think laura. Did do (Laura / do) the laundry this morning, too.

A: That's great, but did you (you / do) any household chores?

B: Me? Last week i. Did do (I / do) all the chores:

i. Went shopping (I / go) shopping, and i. Came home (I / come) home

early, and i maked dinner every night (I / make) dinner every night.

Exercise 6. Fill in the blanks with the correct Past Simple tense of the verbs in brackets.

1. She __went_____ home alone. (go)
2. The wind __blew_____ throughout the night. (blow)
3. An apple _____dropped_____ o his head. (drop).
4. The princess' ball __rolled_____ into the well. (roll)
5. A frog __jumped_____ into the well and __brought_____ it back to her. (jump / bring).
6. Jack _____gotten_____ the highest grade in his English class. (get)
7. The party __began_____ at 8:00 P.M. (begin)
8. He _____sold_____ his old car and __bought_____ a new one. (sell/ buy)
9. Jackie __climbed_____ up the ladder carefully. (climb)
10. Who _____closed_____ all the windows? (close)