# EUDS Mi Universidad Unit Activity #1 - U4

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### **GRAMMAR - Would like**

- We use "would like" (contraction: I'd like) to politely express what we want, likes and dislikes. We use it either with verbs and nouns.

Example (verb): I would like to eat a pizza now. WOULD LIKE + TO + VERB

Example (noun): I would like a Coke now. WOULD LIKE + NOUN

- We also use "would like" to make polite offers and requests.

Example (offer): Would you like some tea?

Example (request): I would like to get a return ticket for tomorrow.

- Questions and answers

Would you like to go to the concert with me? Yes, I would. / No, I would not or I wouldn't (contraction).

Be careful!

Don't contract "would" in affirmative short answers.

Example: Would you like to listen to music? Yes, I would NOT Yes, I'd.

# **Exercise 1.** Complete the sentences using a comparative form.

1. Sara: "\_b\_\_ some cake?" Marta: "Yes, please!".

a. do you like b. would you like

2. Steve: "What sort of music a ?". Andy: "Dance music".

a. do you like b. would like

3. Jana: "\_a\_ a banana?" Nick: "No, thanks I'm not hungry".

a. would you like b. do you like

4. Liz: "\_\_a\_ bananas?" Paul: "Yes, I love them!".

a. would you like b. do you like

5. Tony: "do you play tennis?" Mike: "Yes, I do". Tony: "\_b\_ to play a game now?" Mike: "Yeah, sure!"

a. do you like b. would you like

6. I'm hot and thirsty. \_a\_ a cold drink.

a. I'd like b. I like

7. I'm tired. \_a\_ to go to bed now.

a. I'd like b. I like

8. "\_a\_ an apple, please!".

a. I'd like

b. I like

9. \_a\_\_ apples. They're my favorite fruit.

10. I \_\_b\_\_ to go to Italy for a holiday next year.

a. I like

a. like

b would like

**Exercise 2.** Form sentences with "would like to" and one of the verbs from the list below.

have

make

see

talk

visit

1. We would like to have dinner.

2. We would like yo make a pizza.

3. I \_\_\_would like to go\_\_\_\_ to a restaurant.

4. Jane \_would like to see\_\_\_\_ the film.

5. They \_\_would like to visit\_\_\_ London.

6. I \_would like to talk \_\_\_\_\_ to you.

# GRAMMAR - The past tense of "be".

# Affirmative/ negative

Singular was/wasn't at school yesterday. Plural

We

You \ were/weren't at home. They/

Example: There was a concert last night.

Example: There were movies last weekend.

### **Questions**

# There was/ there were Affirmative Negative There is (present) – there was (past). There isn't (present)- there wasn't Example: There was a concert last night. There are (present) – there were (past) Example: There were two movies last weekend WH- questions Where When + was/were + subject + complement Who Example: Where were you last night? Example: When was she in Italy?. Example: Who was at the party yesterday? Exercise 3. Complete with the Past Simple of "be". 1. A: Where were Paul and Jackie last night? B: I don't know, but they <u>were</u> here. 2. A: \_\_\_was\_\_\_ she at school yesterday? B: No. She \_\_\_\_was\_\_ at home. 3. A: When \_\_\_\_\_were\_\_\_ you in Italy? Last year? B: Last year? No, we weren't in Italy last year. 4. A: What time \_\_\_\_was\_\_\_ the movie? B: It was at 7:00. 5. A: \_\_\_were\_\_\_\_ your parents at home at 10:00 last night? B: No. They \_\_were\_\_ at a play. 6. A: Who were at work on Monday' B: Barry and Anne \_\_\_\_\_were\_\_\_ . But I \_\_\_wasn'\_\_\_\_.

**Exercise 4.** Fill in the blanks with "was" or "were".

- 1. We \_were\_\_ the champions last year.
- 2. Where is James? He \_was here just now.
- 3. Mom and Dad \_were\_\_\_ on vacation last week.
- 4. The weather \_was\_\_\_ fine this morning.
- 5. There were\_\_ a lot of people at our party yesterday.
- 6. There \_was\_\_\_ a small lake here many years ago.
- 7. He \_\_was\_\_\_ sick yesterday.

- We use the Past Simple to talk about completed actions or situations that took place at a specific time in the past.

Example: I visited Berlin last week.

Example: Andrew watched TV yesterday.

- Sometimes the speaker may not mention the specific time, but they do have a specific time in mind.

Example: When I went to Japan I enjoyed it a lot.

# Regular verbs

<u>Affirmative</u>		<u>Negative</u>	_	Questions	
1				1	
You				you	
He				he	
She	liked the movie	didn't like the concert.	Did	she like the movie?	Yes, she did.
It (	)			it	No, she didn't.
We				we	
You				you	
They /				they	

# Spelling changes

- Regular verbs add –ed to the base form.

Example: watch-watched

- If the base form ends in "e", just add -d.

Example: like-liked

- If the base form ends in a consonant + "y", add -ied.

Example: study- studied

- If the base form ends in a vowel + "y", add -ed.

Example: play- palyed

- If the base form ends in a consonant after a stressed vowel at the end of the word, double the consonant and add –ed.

Example: stop- stopped

## Irregular verbs

Some verbs have an irregular form for the Past Simple. There is no rule for these verbs. You should learn them by heart.

Here are some examples.

Base Form	Past Simple	Base Form Past Simple	Base Form Past Simple
buy $\rightarrow$	bought	eat $ ightarrow$ ate	$read \to read$
$come \to$	came	get $ ightarrow$ got	say $ ightarrow$ said
$\operatorname{cut}  \to $	cut	go $ ightarrow$ went	see $ ightarrow$ saw
do $\rightarrow$	did	have $ ightarrow$ had	take $\rightarrow$ took
$drink \ \rightarrow$	drank	$make {\to} made$	think $\rightarrow$ thought
$\text{drive } \to$	drove	put $ ightarrow$ put	write $ ightarrow$ wrote

For more irregular verbs see page 44.

**Exercise 5.** Complete the conversations with the Simple Past tense.

1. A: Where <u>did your family go</u> (your family / go) on Saturday?
B: we wen't (we / go) to the movies we saw (we / see) a good family movie.
A:Did you go (you / go) out to eat afterwards?
B: Yes, wewe eat (we / eat) Indonesian foodit bad (it / have) a lot of pepper.
A: But <u>I thought your husband didn't like</u> (I/ think) (your husband / not like) peppery food.
B: Actually,he ate(he / eat) a little andhe said (he / say) it was good.
2. A:did who took (who / take) out he garbage this morning?
B: Actually,did (Laura / do).
A: Andwho did (who / do) the laundry?
B: I'm not sure. But I thinkLaura did (Laura / do) the laundry this morning, too.
A: That's great, butdid you did (you / do) any household chores?
B: Me? Last weeki did (I / do) all the chores:
I wen't(I / go) shopping, andI came(I / come) home
early, andI made(I / make) dinner every night.

**Exercise 6.** Fill in the blanks with the correct Past Simple tense of the verbs in brackets.

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    She ___went__ home alone. (go)
    The wind ____blowen__ throughout the night. (blow)
    An apple ___droped__ o his head. (drop).
    The princess' ball __rolled__ into the well. (roll)
    A frog _jumped__ into the well and _brong_ it back to her. (jump / bring).
    Jack __got__ the highest grade in his English class. (get)
    The party __bigan__ at 8:00 P.M. (begin)
    He __selled__ his old car and __bought__ a new one. (sell/ buy)
    Jackie _climbed__ up the ladder carefully. (climb)
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10. Who \_\_\_clossed\_\_\_\_ all the windows? (close)