



Mi Universidad

Unit Activity #1 – U4

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You can't miss it?

VOCABULARY - Places and things



1. a pharmacy



2. a restaurant



3. a bank



7. a coffee shop



8. a supermarket



4. a school



5. a newsstand



6. a bookstore



9. a gas station



10. a department store



11. a post office

Exercise 1. Translate to Spanish the vocabulary above (Traduce al español el vocabulario de arriba).

1. una farmacia
2. un restaurante
3. un banco
4. una escuela
5. un puesto de periódicos
6. una librería
7. una cafetería
8. un supermercado
9. una gasolinera
10. una tienda departamental
11. una oficina postal

VOCABULARY - Locations



1. across
the street



2. down
the street



3. around
the corner



4. on the left



5. on the right



6. next to the bank



7. between the bookstore
and the bank

1. Cruzando la calle 2. Bajando la calle 3. Girando la esquina 4. A la izquierda
5. A la derecha 6. A lado del banco 7. Entre la librería y el banco

Las preposiciones de lugar se colocan detrás del verbo principal, que suele ser el verbo "to be" (estar, ser) en cualquiera de los tiempos pasados, presentes o futuros y en sus formas tanto simples como compuestas.

Las preposiciones de movimiento o dirección se utilizan para mostrar movimiento de un lugar a otro. Estas preposiciones se usan con mayor frecuencia con los verbos de movimiento y se encuentran después del verbo.

ACROSS - Significado: al otro lado de; de un lado a otro

Uso: "Across" se utiliza para indicar movimiento hacia el lado opuesto.

Ejemplos:

The boat will take you across the river. (El barco te llevará al otro lado del río.)

You must walk across the street at the crosswalk. (Tienes que cruzar la calle por el cruce peatonal.)

DOWN - Significado: abajo

Uso: "Down" indica movimiento de una posición superior a una posición inferior.

Ejemplos:

I prefer to ride my bike down the hill. (Prefiero ir en bicicleta colina abajo.)

We are going down to Florida this summer. (Bajamos a Florida este verano.)

AROUND - Significado: alrededor de

Ejemplos:

You must drive around the city center to reach the cinema. (Tienes que conducir alrededor del centro de la ciudad para llegar al cine.)

Let's go for a walk around the park. (Vamos a pasear por el parque.)

NEXT TO (BESIDE) - Significado: al lado de, junto a

Uso: Tanto "next to" como "beside" se pueden utilizar indistintamente. Utilizar una forma u otra dependerá del hablante y del contexto.

Ejemplos:

The supermarket is next to (beside) the bank.(El supermercado está al lado del banco.)

Sit next to (beside) me.(Siéntate a mi lado.)

BETWEEN - Significado: entre

Ejemplos:

The shop is between the bank and the train station.(La tienda está entre el banco y la estación de tren.)

She is standing between Peter and John.(Ella está de pie entre Pedro y Juan.)

UP - Significado: hacia arriba

Uso: "Up" se utiliza para indicar movimiento de una posición inferior a una posición superior.

Ejemplos:

I don't like riding my bike up these hills.(No me gusta subir estas colinas en bici.)

We climbed up the mountain this morning.(Subimos a la montaña esta mañana.)

IN FRONT OF vs. OPPOSITE - Significado: contrario, en frente de, opuesto, delante de

Uso: La diferencia entre estas preposiciones la notamos cuando estamos hablando de personas: "opposite" significa delante y cara a cara, en cambio "in front of" significa delante de pero no cara a cara.

Ejemplos:

The hotel is in front of the station.(El hotel está en frente de la estación.)

The bank is opposite the market.(El banco está delante del mercado.)

Laura is standing in front of you.(Laura está de pie delante de ti.)

She is sitting opposite me.(Se está sentando en frente de mí.)

Prepositions of place



on

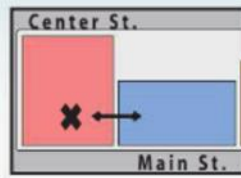
The department store is **on** Main Street.
It's **on the corner of** Main and First.
It's **across from** the park.



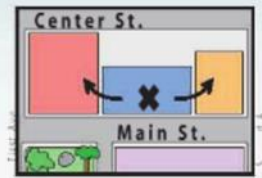
on the corner of



across from



next to



between

It's **next to** the bank.
The bank is **between** the department store **and** the restaurant.

- ▶ Use *on* with the names of streets and avenues: The bookstore is **on** Center Street. The theater is **on** Park Avenue.
- ▶ *Across from* is another way of saying *opposite*: The library is **across from** the theater. = The library is **opposite** the theater.

Exercise 2. Circle the correct words

A: Excuse me. Is there a gas station around here?

B: Yes, there is. It's **in** / **on** Third Avenue.

A: Where on Third Avenue?

B: It's **in** / **on** the corner of Center Street and Third Avenue.

A: Across **from** / **to** Stacy's Department Store?

B: Yes, that's right. It's next **to** / **from** the park.

A: Thanks. Oh, and where is the post office?

B: It's on Center Street – **between** / **next to** the hospital and the bank.

A: Great. Thanks very much.

B: You're welcome.

PREPOSITIONS OF MOVEMENT

test-english.com

 <p>TO I took them to the beach. I'd like to go to the cinema.</p>	 <p>ALONG We walked quietly along the beach. I ran along a narrow path.</p>
 <p>FROM She comes from Japan. I ran from home to the gym.</p>	 <p>THROUGH They drove through the tunnel. I ran through the trees.</p>
 <p>INTO I walked quickly into the room. Get into the car.</p>	 <p>ACROSS Jessica swam across the river. I ran across the street</p>
 <p>OUT OF I saw them get out of a taxi. They ran out of the room.</p>	 <p>TOWARDS He got up and walked towards me. We ran towards the sea.</p>
 <p>ON I was late and got on the first bus. Put the money on the table.</p>	 <p>OVER He jumped over the fence. We flew over the mountains.</p>
 <p>OFF The cat jumped off the table. He fell off his bike and got hurt.</p>	 <p>UNDER It's bad luck to walk under a ladder. We drove under the bridge.</p>
 <p>UP They all went up the hill. He ran up the stairs.</p>	 <p>AROUND I went around the corner and saw it. The moon goes around the earth.</p>
 <p>DOWN I rode my bike down the mountain. We went down the stairs.</p>	 <p>PAST He walked past us without seeing us. The police drove past our building.</p>

<https://www.curso-ingles.com/aprender/cursos/nivel-basico/prepositions/prepositions-of-place>

<https://www.curso-ingles.com/aprender/cursos/nivel-basico/prepositions/prepositions-of-movement-or-direction>

Exercise 3. Write the location according to the picture. (escribe la localización de acuerdo a la figura).



1. The coffee shop is**on**..... Second Avenue. It's**In front of**..... the shoe store.
2. The movie theater is **On the corner of** Park and Main. It's**Across from**..... the park.
3. The gas station is**Behind**..... the parking lot. It's **On the corner of** First and Center.
4. The post office is **On the corner of** Center and Second. It's**Next to**..... the hospital.
5. The bank is**Between**..... the restaurant and the department store. It's**On**..... Main Street.

1. The shop is **on** Second Avenue. It's **next to** the shoe store.
2. the park is **on** main street. It's **in front of** luff's.
3. The drugstore is **next to** supermarket. It's **on** second ave.
4. The hospital **on** center st. It's **next to** post office.
5. The shoe store **on** the corner of main st and second ave. It's **in front** supermarket.

Places in a town or city

Exercise 4. Translate to Spanish the vocabulary (Traduce al español el vocabulario siguiente).

1. a road – **un camino**
2. a square – **una cuadra**
3. a market – **un mercado**
4. a post office – **una oficina postal**
5. a bus stop – **una parada de autobús**
6. a cashpoint / an ATM – **un cajero automatico**

<https://www.englishexercises.org/makeagame/viewgame.asp?id=17>



Exercise 5. Match these words to picture 1-9. (Escribe el numero de la figura que concuerda con la palabra)

3 a road

1 a bank

2 a chemist`s

9 a post office

6 a supermarket

5 a bus stop

7 a square

4 a cashpoint / an ATM

8 a market

GRAMMAR - Be: Questions with "where" for locations. Subject pronoun "it".

Ask questions with "where" for locations.

Example: where`s the restaurant?

Use "it" to replace the names of places.

Example: It`s down the street. (It = the restaurant).

Contractions		
Where is	→	Where`s
It is	→	It`s

Exercise 6. Read the sentences. Write questions and answers. Answer with "it`s". (Lee las oraciones y escribe la pregunta y la respuesta, la respuesta usando "it`s")

1. The pharmacy is across the street.

A: Where`s the pharmacy

B: It`s across the street

2. Billy`s Restaurant is around the corner.

A: Where`s the Billy`s restaurant

B: it`s around the corner

3. The newsstand is on the left.

A: where`s the newsstand

B: it`s on the left

4. The bookstore is next to the school.

A: where`s the bookstore

B: it`s next to the school

GRAMMAR - The imperative

Use imperatives to give instructions and directions.

Affirmative imperatives

Drive [to the bank].

Take the bus [to the pharmacy].

Negative imperatives (Don't = Do not)

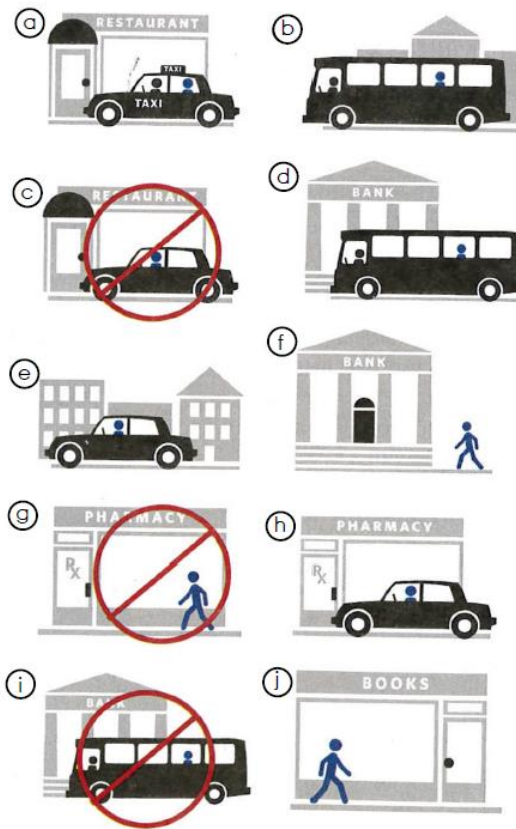
Don't walk.

Don't take the train.



Exercise 7. Match these imperative sentences to picture a-j. (Escribe la letra de la figura que concuerda con la palabra)

- (**J**) - Walk to the bookstore.
- (**C**) - Don't drive to the restaurant.
- (**D**) - Take the bus to the bank
- (**G**) - Don't walk to the pharmacy.
- (**E**) - Drive down the street.
- (**B**) - Take the bus down the street.
- (**I**) - Don't take the bus to the bank.
- (**F**) - Walk to the bank.
- (**A**) - Take a taxi to the restaurant.
- (**H**) - Drive to the pharmacy.



VOCABULARY - Means of transportation



1. a car



2. a bicycle



3. a moped



4. a subway



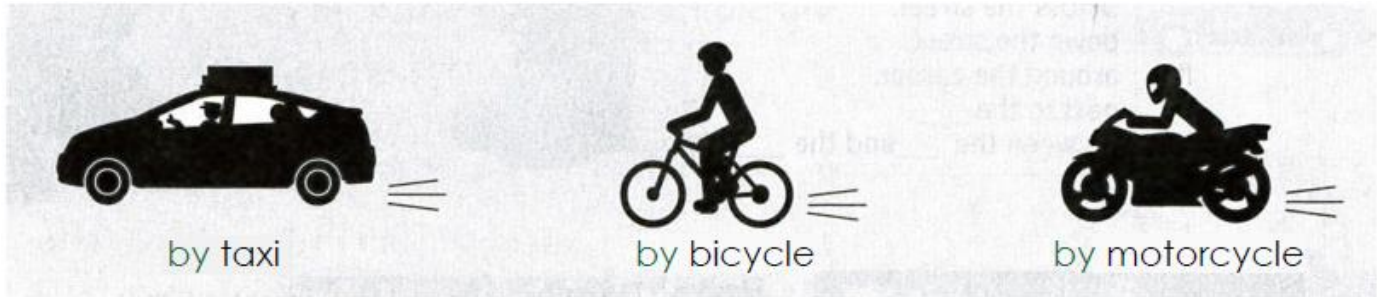
5. a motorcycle

Also remember:
a bus
a train
a taxi

Exercise 8. Translate to Spanish the vocabulary (Traduce al español el vocabulario siguiente).

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| 1. a car – UN CARRO | 5. a motorcycle - UNA MOTOCICLETA |
| 2. a bicycle – UNA BICICLETA | 6. a bus – UN AUTOBUS |
| 3. a moped – UNA MOTONETA | 7. a train – UN TREN |
| 4. a subway – UN METRO | 8. a taxi – UN TAXI |

GRAMMAR - "By" to express means.



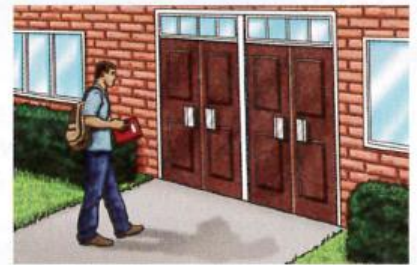
Destinations



1. go to work



2. go home



3 go to school.

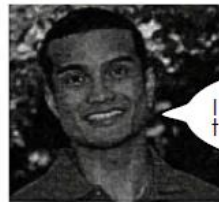
<https://test-english.com/explanation/a2/prepositions-of-movement/>

Exercise 9. Look at the pictures. Answer the questions. Use a "by phrase". (Observa las imagenes y contesta las preguntas) usa la frase "by".



I take the subway home.

1. How does she go home?
By subway



I take a taxi to the bookstore.

2. How does he go to the bookstore?
By taxi



We take a train to work.

3. How do they go to work?
By train



I take a bus to school.

4. How does she go to school?
By bus

Exercise 9. Read the text below about how people go to work and school. Then, answer the questions. (Lee el texto de abajo acerca de como las personas van a trabajar y a la escuela, después contesta las preguntas de abajo)

1 I'm Mark Jackson. I'm an architect. My office is down the street from my home. I can walk to work. I'm lucky!

2 I'm a manager of a bank. My name is Laura Blake. I go to work by car with my neighbor from across the street, Brad Lane. We're colleagues at the bank.

3 I'm Min Park, and I'm a doctor from Miami. I go to work by train. I take the train home, too.

4 I'm Matt Carson, and this is my teacher, Mr. Green. My school is right around the corner from my home, so I walk to school with my friends. We walk home together, too.

5 I'm Art Green. I'm Matt's teacher. Can I walk to school? No way! My home is not around the corner from the school. I take the bus to and from school.

1. Is Mark Jackson a doctor?

A: No, he is not, he is an architect.

2. Is Brad Lane Laura Blake`s friend or her colleague?

A: yes, they are colleagues at the bank.

3. Is Mr. Lane Ms. Blake`s neighbor?

A: yes, Mr. Lane is neighbor of Ms. Blake`s.

4. Is Matt Carson a student?

A: yes, Matt is a student.

5. What is Matt`s teacher`s name?

A: His name is Art Green

6. Is Dr. Park from Miami?

A: yes, she is a doctor from Miami.

7. Where is Mark Jackson`s office?

A: His office is down the street from my home.