



# Mi Universidad

*Nombre del Alumno: Gael Federico López Ochoa*

*Nombre del tema: planta de albañilería*

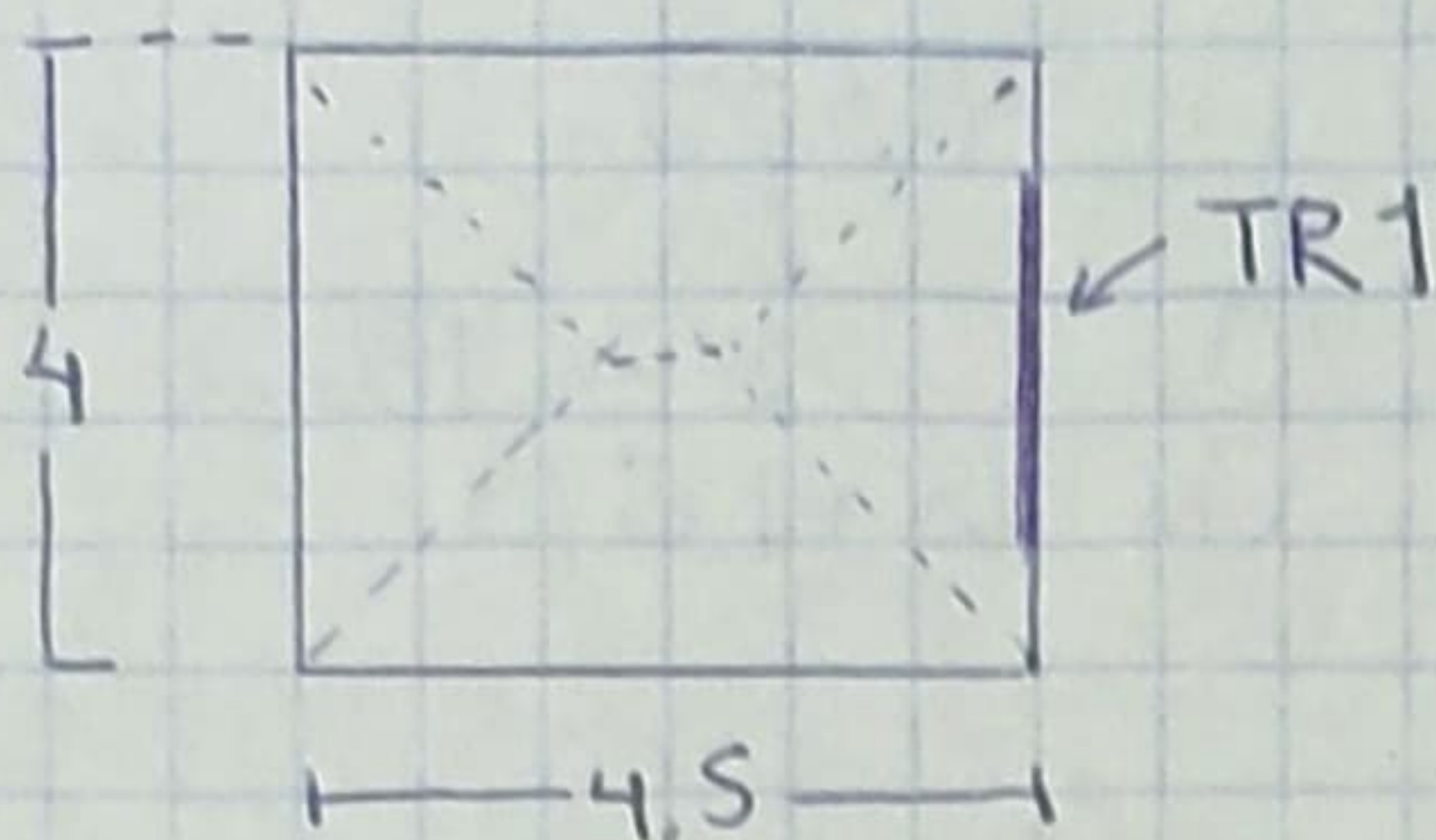
*Parcial: 2*

*Nombre de la Materia : taller de construcción de materiales básicos*

*Nombre del profesor: Pedro Alberto García Lopez*

*Nombre de la Licenciatura: arquitectura*

*Cuatrimestre: 5*



$$\textcircled{1} H = P / (70 + R) = (4.5 + 4.5 + 4 + 4) / 170 + 0.04 \text{ m} = 0.14 = 0.13 \text{ cm}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \text{Azotea} \\ \text{Losa: } 682 \text{ kg/m}^2$$

$$\textcircled{3} \text{Area} \\ A1 = b \cdot h / 2 = 4 \cdot 2 / 2 = 4 \text{ m}^2 \\ A2 = B + b \cdot h / 2 = 4.5 + 0.5 = 5 / 2 = 2.5 \text{ m}^2$$

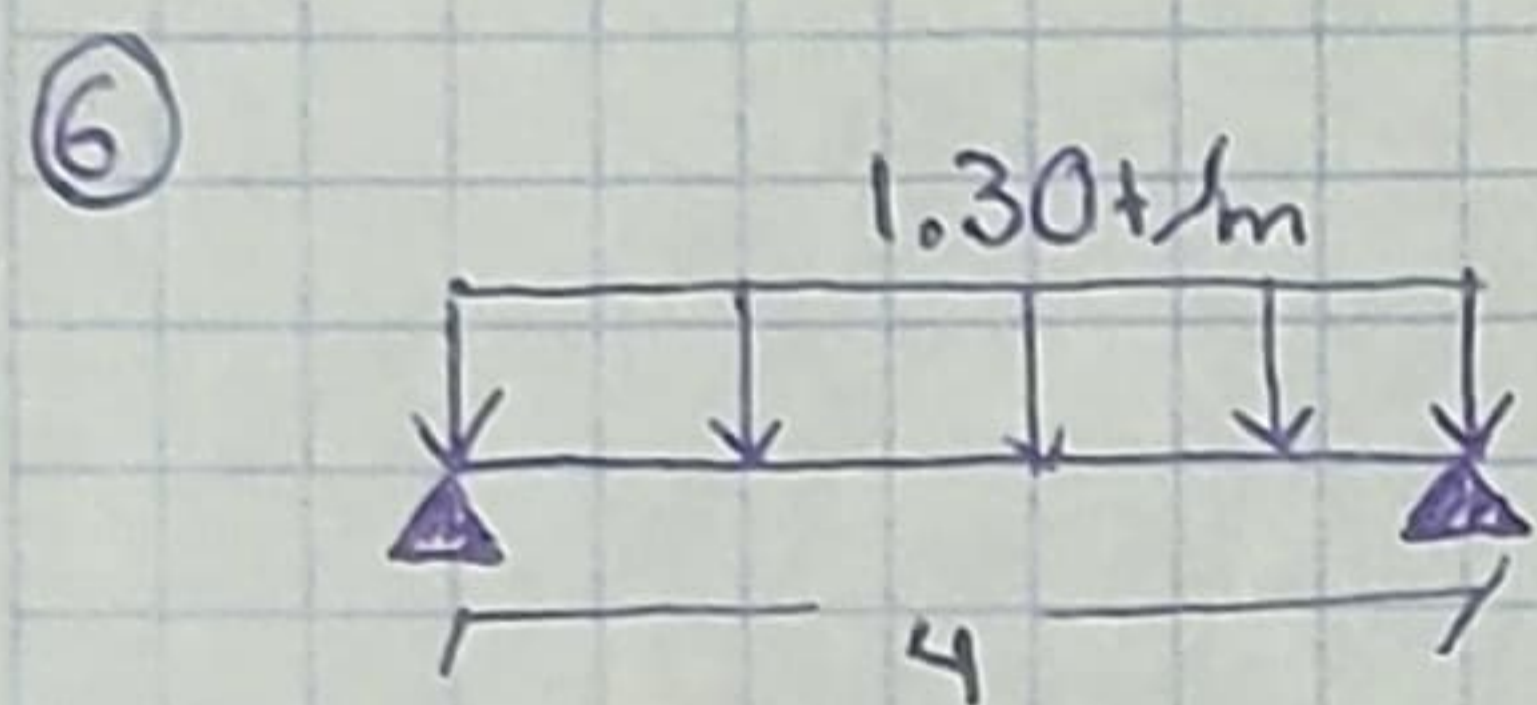
$\textcircled{4}$  Peso de area (P. losa  $\cdot$  Area tributaria) / longitud del apoyo

$$P_1 = 4 \text{ m} \cdot (682 \text{ kg/m}^2) = 2728 / 4 = 682 \text{ kg/m} \\ P_2 = 2.5 \text{ m} \cdot (682 \text{ kg/m}^2) = 1705 / 4 = 426.25 \text{ kg/m}$$

$\textcircled{5}$  Carga  $W$   $P_1 + P_2 +$  Peso propio de la trabe  $P.P = 2.4 \text{ t/m}$   
 $P.P = h / 12 = 4.5 / 12 = 0.375 = 0.4$   $b = 0.5 \cdot (h) = 187 = 0.2$

$$0.40 \cdot 0.20 \cdot 2.4 \text{ t/m} = 0.192 \text{ t/m}$$

$$P_1 + P_2 = 682 + 426.25 = 1,108.25 / 1000 = 1.10825 \text{ t/m} + 0.192 = 1.300$$



$\textcircled{7}$  Momento =  $W \cdot L^2 / 2$   
 $W \cdot L^2 / 8 = (1.3 \text{ t/m} \cdot (4)^2) / 2 = 10.4 \text{ t} \cdot \text{m}$

$\textcircled{8}$   $M_u = M_{to} \cdot F_s =$   
 $[10.4 \text{ t} \cdot \text{m} \cdot (1.3 \times 10^5)] = 1,352,000$

Datos

$H = 40 \text{ cm}$   
 $b = 20 \text{ cm}$   
 $L = 400 \text{ cm}$   
 $d = 36 \text{ cm}$   
 $F'_c = 200 \text{ kg/cm}^2$   
 $F''_c = 136 \text{ kg/cm}^2$   
 $F_y = 4,200 \text{ kg/cm}^2$   
 $FR = 0.9$   
 $f_{max} = 0.01143$   
 $f_{min} = 0.00235$   
 $f =$

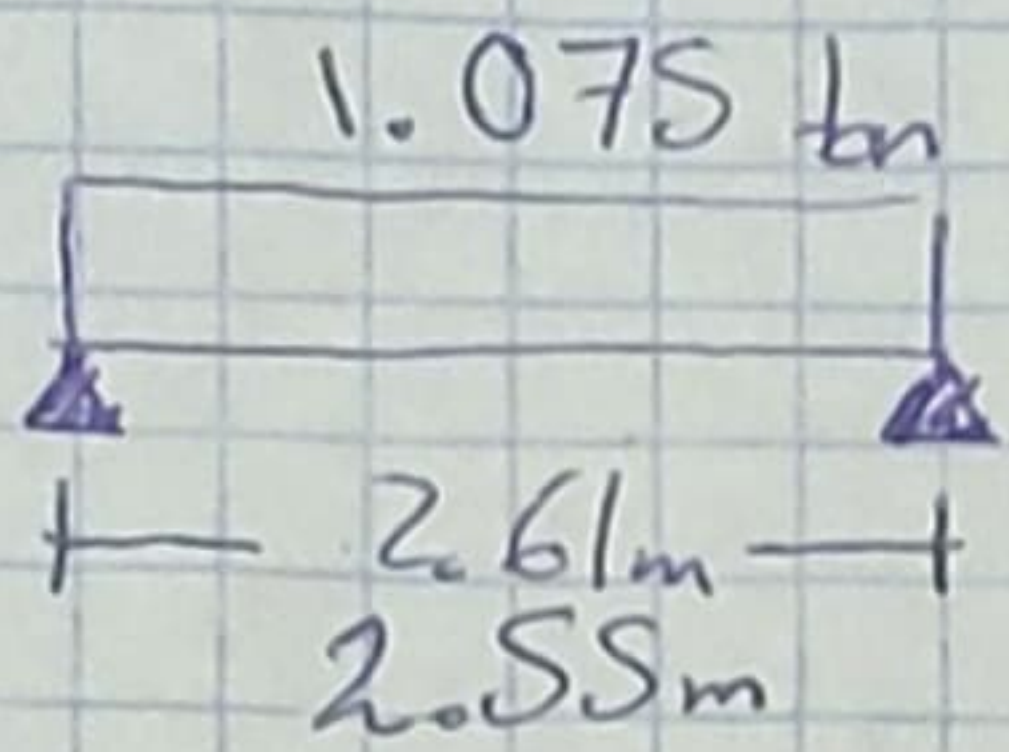
$\textcircled{9}$

$$q = \sqrt{-\frac{M_u}{FR \cdot b \cdot d^2 \cdot F''_c}} \cdot 2 + 1 \quad q = \sqrt{-\frac{1352000}{0.9 \cdot 20 \cdot (36^2) \cdot 136}} \cdot 2 + 1$$

$$q = 0.384323$$

$\textcircled{10}$   $\rho = (-q + 1) \cdot F'_c / F_y = (-0.3843 + 1) \cdot 136 / 4,200 = 0.019936$

$\textcircled{11}$  Area de acero  $A_s = \rho \cdot (b) \cdot d \quad A_s = 0.019936(20)36 = 14.35392 \text{ cm}^2$



$$M_{10} = 1.075 \cdot (2.55)^2 / 8 = 0.871335$$

$$P.P. = 2.55 / 12 = 0.21 = 0.20 \text{ cm} / 2 = 10 \text{ cm}$$

$$P.P. = 25 \times 0.7 \times 13 \text{ cm} \cdot 2.4 = 0.078 + 1.075$$

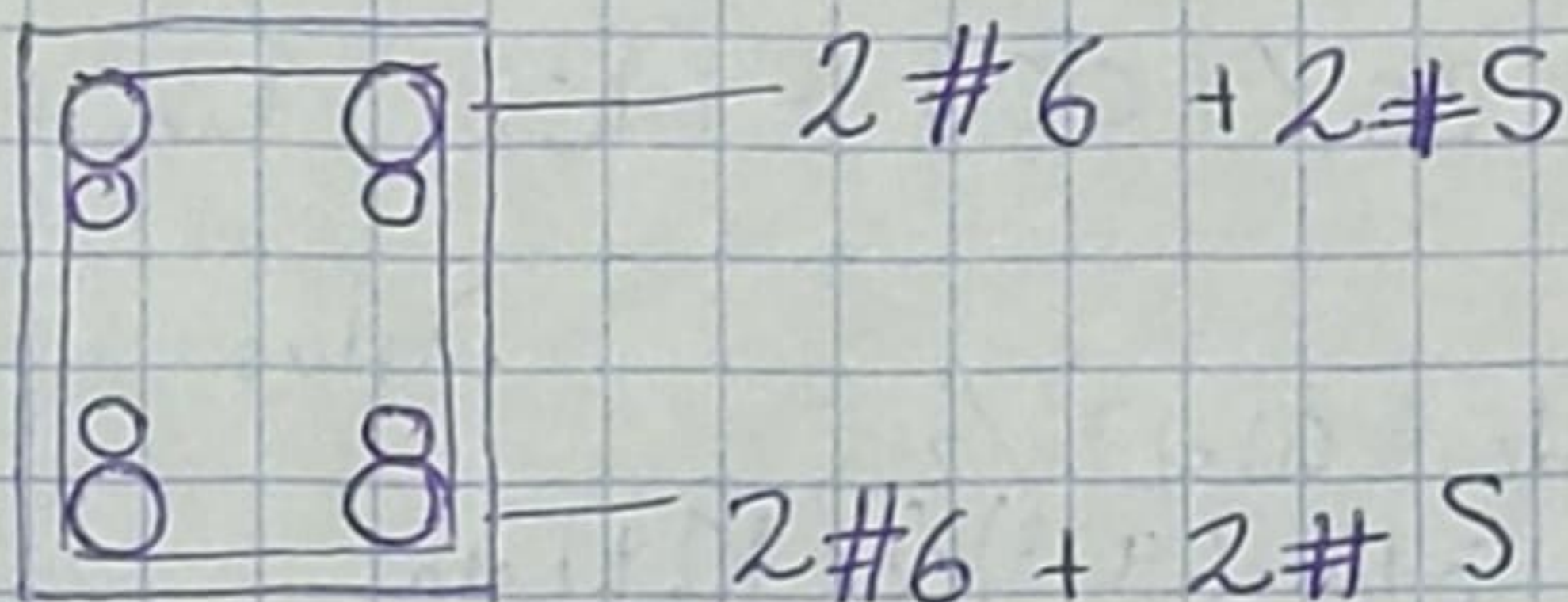
$$P.P. = 1.153$$

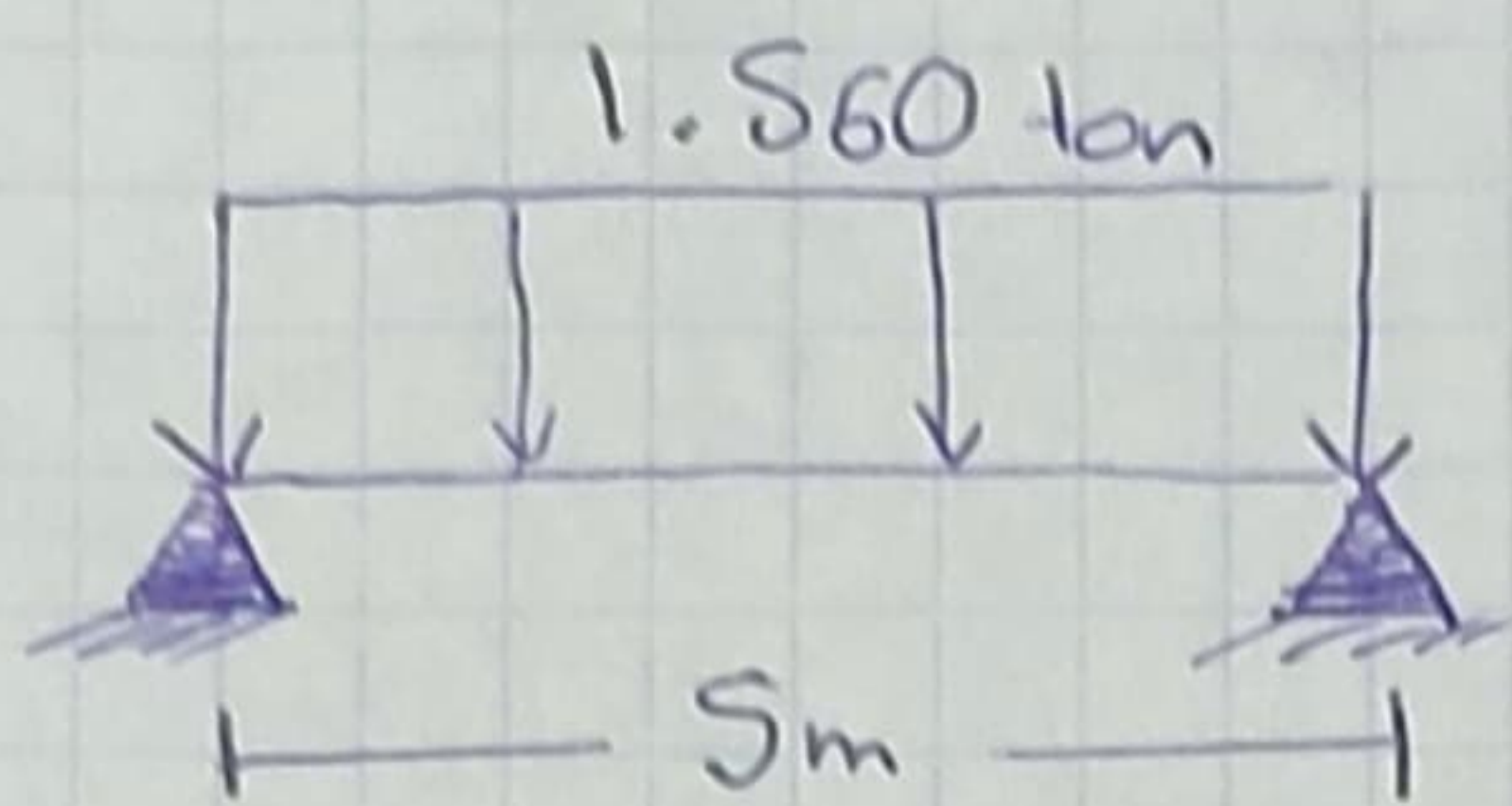
$$M_u = (1.153 \cdot \text{tm} \cdot 1.3 \times 10^5) = 149890$$

$$q = \sqrt{\frac{149890}{0.9 \cdot 10 \cdot 16 \times 136} \cdot 2 + 1} = 3.7825$$

$$\rho = (-q + 1) \cdot F'c / F_y = (-3.78 + 1) \cdot 136 / 4200 = 0.0576$$

$$A_s = \rho \cdot b \cdot d \quad A_s = 0.0576 \cdot (20) \cdot (36) = 9.222 \text{ cm}^2$$





$$1.56(5m)^2/8 = 4.875 \text{ t}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P.P. &= 5/12 = 0.41 = 0.40 & 0.40/2 = 0.20 \\ P.P. &= 0.40 \cdot 0.20 \cdot 240 = 0.192 + 1.56 = \\ P.P. &= 1.752 \text{ ton} \end{aligned}$$

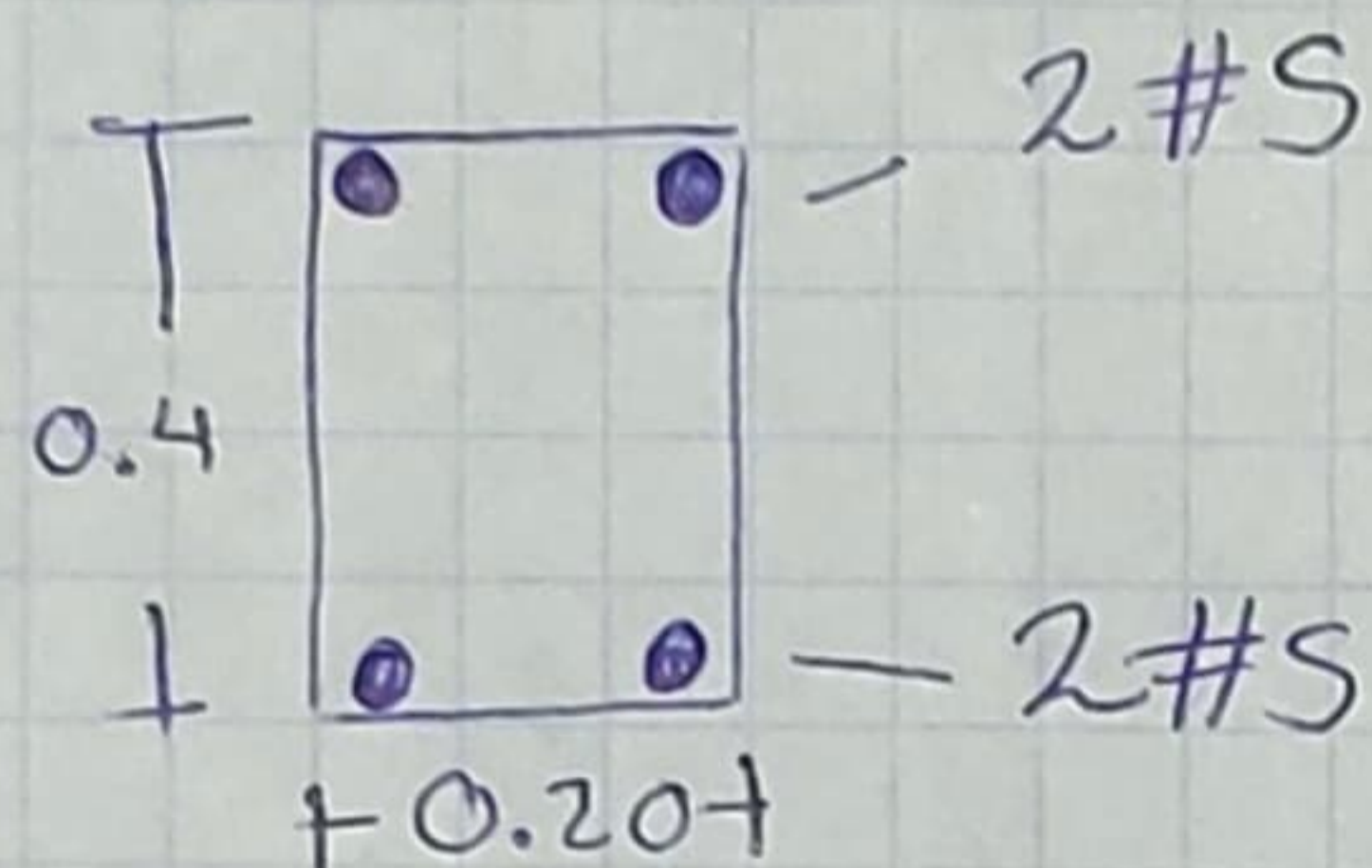
$$M_0 = w \cdot L^2/2 = (1.56 \cdot (5m)^2)/2 = 4.875$$

$$M_0 = 4.875 \text{ t}\cdot\text{m} \times 1.3 \times 10^5 = 633.750$$

$$q = \sqrt{\frac{-633,750}{0.9 \cdot 20 \cdot 36^2 \cdot 136} \cdot 2 + 1} = q = 0.774$$

$$p = ( (-0.774 + 1) \cdot 136 ) / 4200 = \cancel{0.007318095}$$

$$A_s = 0.007318 \cdot (20)(0.36) = 0 = 5.26896$$



$$2\#5 = 5.7$$

$$\begin{aligned} 6 A_s \text{ min} &= 0.002357 \cdot (20) \cdot (36) = 1.70 \text{ cm}^2 \\ A_s \text{ max} &= 0.0143 (0.20)(0.36) = 8.23 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$