



CUADRO SINÓPTICO

ARÉVALO CRUZ LUISANA

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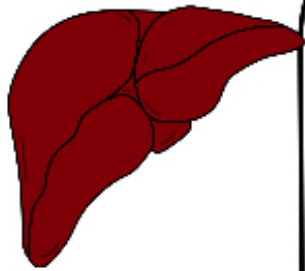
UNIVERSIDAD DEL SURESTE

Licenciatura. Medicina Veterinaria y Zootecnia

Ingles II

Tapachula, chiapas

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"HEPATOBIILIARY DISEASE:

MAIN ORGAN AFFECTED.

The liver

The high blood flow make it exceptionally sensitive to injury caused by systemic disease processes.

DEVELOPMENT OF THE DISEASE.

It can progress to cirrhosis of the liver and the development of bile duct tumors.

They make and store bile (a fluid produced by the liver that helps digest fat), and release it into the small intestine.

CLINICAL SIGNS

Intermittent anorexia, polydipsia/polyuria, vomiting, lethargy

It occurs when blood flow bypasses the liver, causing a buildup of toxins.

HOW IS IT AFFECTING

Liver problems or liver disease are a fairly common condition in adult dogs.

It could cause seizures, induce coma and even death in more severe cases.

THERAPIST OPTIONS

Fluid therapy, maintenance of acid-base and electrolyte balance, control of hypoglycemia and nutritional support

It is important to promote liver regeneration and maintain the animal's body weight.

HOW TO PREVENT

1. Provide a healthy, balanced diet that covers all your nutritional needs.
2. Ensure that your pet gets enough physical exercise.

Take him for general check-ups and get him vaccinated, including the vaccine that protects him against leptospirosis.



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