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INTRODUCTION

What is neoplasty?

Neoplasty is a very uncontrollable growth and destabilizs cells or tissues in the body. It can be called neoplasty or tumor, they can be benign or malignant. Benign tumors do not accelerate growth aggressively, nor do they invade the tissues of the body and do not spread throughout the body, malignant tumors are the opposite of benign tumors since in this case if it is accelerated aggressively, they invade the tissues in a short time and can even cause metastasis to different parts of the body.

The word "CANCER" is often confused with neoplasia, but only malignant neoplasties are cancerous.

Neoplasty is common in pet animals and when they reach adulthood. Dogs get cancer at about the same rate as humans.

DEVELOPMENT

As we might diagnose the neoplasm, blood tests and ultrasound examination may be necessary to confirm the neoplasm. A biopsy, which takes a sample of tissue from the neoplasm for examination under a microscope, is usually needed to confirm the diagnosis and help determine whether the neoplasm is benign or malignant. Additional biopsies of other tissues, such as lymph nodes, may be needed to determine how far a malignancy (cancer) has spread.

How we could prevent neoplasia. Unfortunately, most of the causes of neoplasia are not yet known, and that is why it must be detected ahead of time and given the appropriate treatment to be able to control the neoplasm in our pet. What are the types of neoplasms in pets:

*The skin

*Head and neck

*Lymphoma

*The testicles

*Abdominal neoplasm

*Neoplasia ósea

CONCLUSION

We can say that neoplasia in the first place there is no cure to be able to fight the virus, but nevertheless we can control it and also in early detection. That is why we must take good care of the well-being of our pets so that they have a better life.