# Edi Alexander Mauricio Morales Architecture What time is it?/Is it a.m. or p.m.?

Remember: you can say times different ways: 1:15 = one-fifteen on a quarter after one.

## Write each sentence in a different way.

- 1. It's a quarter to four. It's three forty-five .........
- 2. It's 12:00 p.m. It's noon.
- 3. It's six-fifteen. It's a quarter past six
- 4. It's ten o'clock at night. Jen o'clock
- 5. It's three-oh-five. Three minutes past five
- 6. It's twenty-five to eleven. Iharly five minutes east fen
- 7. It's one o'clock in the morning. Dos O'Clock
- 8. It's midnight. twelve o'clock

## B PAIR WORK Say each time a different way.

- 1. It's nine o'clock in the evening. "It's 9:00 P.M."
- 2. It's eight o'clock in the morning.
- 3. It's twelve o'clock at night.
- 4. It's three in the afternoon.

- 5. It's 3:00 A.M.
- 6. It's 6:00 P.M.
- 7. It's 4:00 P.M.
- 8. It's 12:00 P.M.

## LISTENING It's 4:00 p.m. in Vancouver.



O Tracy and Eric are calling friends in different parts of the world. Listen. What time is it in these cities?

City	Time
Vancouver	4.00 pm
Bangkok	*40000000000000000000000000000000000000
London	Search-control records of control control and the following state of
Tokyo	SATISFERMENTE FOREICE SENTENCIFICAÇÃO PRIMA SENTENCE CE TRANSP
São Paulo	empression and product transmission on the chick he see

## Ed: Alexander Marricio Morales

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### A PAIR WORK Ask and answer the questions about the pictures.

- 1. Who's sleeping now?
- 2. Who's having breakfast?
- 3. Where's Andrei working?
- 4. Where's Hiroshi checking his email?
- 5. What's Célia wearing?
- 6. What's Marcos wearing?
- 7. Why is Marcos getting up?
- 8. Why are Jim and Ann having lunch?

rain, secure a for a	sp	elling
sleep	_	sleeping
get		getting (+ 1)
have		having (- e)

B GROUP WORK Write five more questions about the pictures. Then ask and answer your questions in groups.

### 2 Present continuous Wh-questions

- Use the present continuous to talk about actions that are happening right now: What are you doing? I'm talking to you!
- In questions, the be verb comes before the subject: What are you doing?
- To form the continuous of verbs ending in -e, drop the e and add -ing: have → having.
- For verbs ending in vowel + consonant, double the consonant and add -ing: get → getting.

What are the people doing? Write conversations. Use the words in parentheses.

1. A: What's Steve doing? B: He's watching TV. (watch TV) 2. A: what's Lan on Megan daing! (Jon and Megan) B: They're walking (take a walk) 3. A: what's your doing! (you) B: They are welling a conversation (write conversations) 4. A: what's Chris doing? (Chris) B: He's calling Ashley (call Ashley) 5. A: What's you and Tay Lor doing? (you and Taylor) B: Ne and Taylor are Snopping (shop) 6. A: what's Sara doing? (Sara) B: Sara 15 hourney dinexes (have dinner) 7. A: What's wieter and sam doing? (Victor and Sam) B: Victor and Sam are running in the (Park) 8. A: what's you and pools doing? (you and Paulo)

B: Me and Carlos are Chatting online (chat online)

## £010 Alexander Mauricio Morales. UDS

### 2 Simple present questions

- In questions, use does with he/she/it and do with all the others: Does he/she/it get up early? Do I/you/we/they get up early?
- Don't add -s to the verb: Does she live alone? (NOT: Does she lives alone?)

A	Write	questions	to	compl	ete	the	conversations	
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- 1. A: .Do.you.use.public.transportation?
  - B: Yes, I use public transportation.
- 2. A: Does your family have at 5:00?
  - B: No, my family doesn't eat dinner at 5:00.
- 3. A: Does your brother fare bus to work?
  - B: No, my brother doesn't take the bus to work.
- 4. A: Do you walk up late on weekends?
  - B: No, I don't get up late on weekends.
  - Use in with the morning/afternoon/evening. Use at with night: I go to school in the afternoon and work at night.
  - Use at with clock times: She gets up at 8:00
  - Use on with days: He sleeps late on weekends. She has class on Mondays.

## **B** Complete the conversation with at, in, or on.

- A: Does your family have breakfast together ................. the morning?

79

#### What time is it? Use the sentences in the box.

11's five-ob-five

It's a quarter after one.

It's twenty after nine It's eight after six. It's ten to eight.
It's a quarter to three.

10 2 9 3 8 7 6 5

10 12 1 9 3 8 7 6 5 10 12 1 9 <u>2</u>3 8 7 6 5

1. It's twenty after nine.

2. 11's ten to eight

3. H's a quarter after one



11 12 1 9 --- 3 8 7 6 5



4. pl's five oh five

5. It's a quarter to

6 It's eight after six

## Complete the crossword puzzle. Write each time a different way.

## Across (→)

- 1 It's five in the morning. It's five am.
- 4 It's 4:15. It's a quarter post four.
- 7 It's twelve A.M. It's \_\_\_\_\_.
- 8 It's 8:00 p.m. It's eight in the \_\_\_\_\_ .
- 9 It's twelve P.M. It's \_\_\_\_\_.

### Down (1)

- 2 It's 7:00 A.M. It's seven in the \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3 It's 3:30. It's three- \_\_\_\_.
- 4 It's 4:00 P.M. It's four in the \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5 It's 1:15. It's one- \_\_\_\_ .
- 6 It's 3.45. It's a \_\_\_\_\_ to four.
- 10 It's 11:00 P.M. It's eleven at \_\_\_\_\_.



## 4.4.- Simple present with irregular verbs

## Simple present stellements with transplier verbs 0

I/you/we/they

he/she/it

I have a bike.

My father has a car.

We do our homework every day.

My mother does a lot of work at home.

My parents go to work by bus. The bus goes downtown.

Ashley is talking about her family and her friend Jason. Complete the sentences. Then compare with a partner.

- 3. I have / has) a new friend. His name is Jason. We goes (go / goes) to the same school, and sometimes we do (do / does) our homework together.

C PAIR WORK Tell your partner about your family.

"I have one brother and two sisters. My brother is a teacher. He has a car, so he drives to work."



## 4.2.- Family Tree

## **WORD POWER** Family

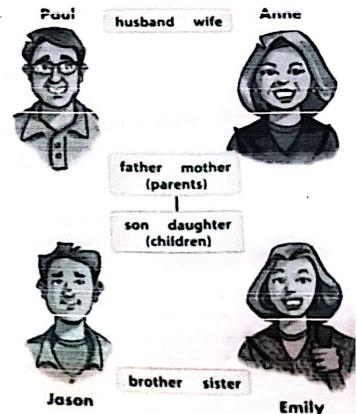
A O PAIR WORK Complete the sentences about the Carter family. Then listen and check your answers.

- 1. Anne is Paul's wife .
- 2. Jason and Emily are their Children
- 3. Paul is Anne's hus lound
- 4. Jason is Anne's Son
- 5. Emily is Paul's doughter
- 6. Jason is Emily's local her .
- 7. Emily is Jason's Sister .
- 8. Paul and Anne are Jason's Powents

kids = children mom = mother dad = father

B PAIR WORK Who are the people in your family? What are their names?

"My mother's name is Angela. My brothers' names are David and Daniel."



## 4.3.- Simple present

#### omple present sidements ( I walk to school. I don't live far from here. don't = do not You ride your bike to school. You don't live doesn't = does not near here. He works near here. He doesn't work downtown. She takes the bus to work. She doesn't drive to work We live with our parents. We don't live alone public transportation. They use They don't need a car.

A Paul Carter is talking about his family. Complete the sentences with the correct verb forms. Then compare with a partner.

- 1. My family and I \_\_\_\_\_ (live / lives) in the suburbs. My wife and I Marks. (work / works) near here, so we - Lucy / (walk / walks) to work. Our daughter Emily \_\_\_\_ NOXLh\_ (work / works) downtown, so she drue (drive / drives) to work. Our son don +
- so he don't (don't / doesn't) work now. He also USes (use / uses) public transportation, so they \_don't / doesn't) need a car.

#### verb endings: be, she, it · walks ride -- rides study -> studies watch -- watches

#### Simple present statements irregular verbs

and Simple present statements with



- In affirmative statements, verbs with he/she/it end in -s: He/She walks to school, But I/You/We/They walk to school.
- In negative statements, use doesn't with he/she/it and don't with all the others: He/She/It doesn't live here. I/You/We/They don't live here.
- Don't add -s to the verb: She doesn't live here. (NOT: 5he doesn't lives here.)

Elena is talking about her family. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in parentheses.

My family and I
an apartment on First Avenue. My sisterQOeS_ (go) to school
near our apartment, so she いんね (walk) to school. My father
work) in the suburbs, so he drive (drive) to his job.
My mother uses (use) public transportation - she takes (take)
the bus to her office downtown. She
not like) it very much. And me? Well, I Not work)
far from our apartment, so I not need (not need) a car or public
transportation. I Y \o C (ride) my bike to work!

# UNIT IV. MY SISTER WORKS DOWNTOWN WORKBOOK

			KBOOK		
Dessica is tal	daughters	husband mother	parents sister	the words in the	e box.
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			707		
Helen and Jack				iro and Jesaica	
			Kate, Brad,		
	ny falber	. Helen	ismy <u>moth</u>	nev.	
	husband.		<del></del> :		
	and Brad are our 1				
	and Brad is				
<b>B</b> Write four	sentences about	your family.			
. Abel on	a vbna bo	ve my po	ven1s		
Abel 1	s my fa	ther			
3. Andy	is my br	rother			
. Andy	15 chilo	lien			



# UNIT III.- WHOSE JEANS ARE THESE? WORKBOOK

#### Write each sentence a different way.

1. It's midnight.	It's twelve o'clock at night.
2. It's 4:00 P.M.	it's four o'clock
3. It's 9:15 A.M.	it's A quarter past nine
4. It's 8:00 P.M.	it's eight o'clock
5. It's 10:45 P.M.	11's a quarter to elever
6. It's 3:30 P.M.	11's a half past three
7. It's 6:00 P.M.	11's SIX O'Clock
8. It's 12:00 P.M.	It's Twelve o'clock

### What time is it in each city? Write the time in two different ways.

- 1. It's 10:00 a.m. in Los Angeles.
  It's ten o'clock in the morning.
- 2. H's or: 00 pm in lima
- 3. 4'S 03:00 Pm in 10

14's three o'clock

4. 1215 11:000M in Denver

11's eleven oclock

5. 11'S 11:00 Am in Mexicocity

14's eleven o'clock

6. 11's 1:00 pm in santiago 11's one o'clock in the afternoon.

