



ACTIVIDAD DE LAS HOJAS

Student's name: José Trinidad López Domínguez

Subject name: My sister Works in downtown

Partial: 4°

Name of the subject matter: English

Name of teacher: Georgina Vidal Alfonso

Name of degree: Architecture 1°

Cuatrimestre: 1°

Comitán de Domínguez, Chiapas.

29 de noviembre de 2023

José Trinidad López Dominguez
Degree: Architect
What time is it? / Is it A.M. or P.M.?

Wed, Nov, 29th, 2023

- Remember: you can say times different ways: 1:15 = *one-fifteen* or *a quarter after one*.

Write each sentence in a different way.

1. It's a quarter to four. *sixty to three forty-five*
2. It's 12:00 p.m. *It's noon*
3. It's six-fifteen. *It's a quarter past six*
4. It's ten o'clock at night. *ten o'clock*
5. It's three-oh-five. *Three minutes past five*
6. It's twenty-five to eleven. *thirty-five minutes past ten*
7. It's one o'clock in the morning. *one o'clock*
8. It's midnight. *twelve o'clock*

PAIR WORK Say each time a different way.

1. It's nine o'clock in the evening. *"It's 9:00 p.m."*
2. It's eight o'clock in the morning. *It's 8:00 am*
3. It's twelve o'clock at night. *It's 12:00 am*
4. It's three in the afternoon. *It's 3:00 pm*
- 5.. It's three o'clock in the early
- 6.. It's six o'clock in the afternoon
- 7.. It's four o'clock in the afternoon
5. It's 3:00 A.M.
6. It's 6:00 P.M.
7. It's 4:00 P.M.
8. It's 12:00 P.M.
8. It's noon .

LISTENING It's 4:00 p.m. in Vancouver.



○ Tracy and Eric are calling friends in different parts of the world. Listen. What time is it in these cities?

City	Time
Vancouver	4:00 p.m.
Bangkok	
London	
Tokyo	
São Paulo	

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PAIRWORK Ask and answer the questions about the pictures.

1. Who's sleeping now?
2. Who's having breakfast?
3. Where's Andrei working?
4. Where's Hiroshi checking his email?
5. What's Celia wearing?
6. What's Marcos wearing?
7. Why is Marcos getting up?
8. Why are Jim and Ann having lunch?

spelling

sleep → **sleeping**
get → **getting** (-t)
have → **having** (-e)

GROUP WORK Write five more questions about the pictures.

Then ask and answer your questions in groups.

Present continuous Wh-questions

- Use the present continuous to talk about actions that are happening right now:
What are you doing? I'm talking to you!
- In questions, the be verb comes before the subject: **What are you doing?**
- To form the continuous of verbs ending in -e, drop the e and add -ing:
have → having.
- For verbs ending in vowel + consonant, double the consonant and add -ing:
get → getting.

What are the people doing? Write conversations. Use the words in parentheses.

1. A: What's Steve doing? (Steve)
B: He's watching TV (watch TV)
2. A: What's Jon and Megan doing? (Jon and Megan)
B: They're walking (take a walk)
3. A: What's you doing? (you)
B: They are writing a conversation (write conversations)
4. A: What's Chris doing? (Chris)
B: He's calling Ashley (call Ashley)
5. A: What's you and Taylor doing? (you and Taylor)
B: Me and Taylor are shopping (shop)
6. A: What's Sara doing? (Sara)
B: Sara is having dinner (have dinner)
7. A: What's Victor and Sam doing? (Victor and Sam)
B: Victor and Sam are running in the park/run in the park
8. A: What's you and Paulo doing? (you and Paulo)
B: Me and Carlos are chatting online (chat online)

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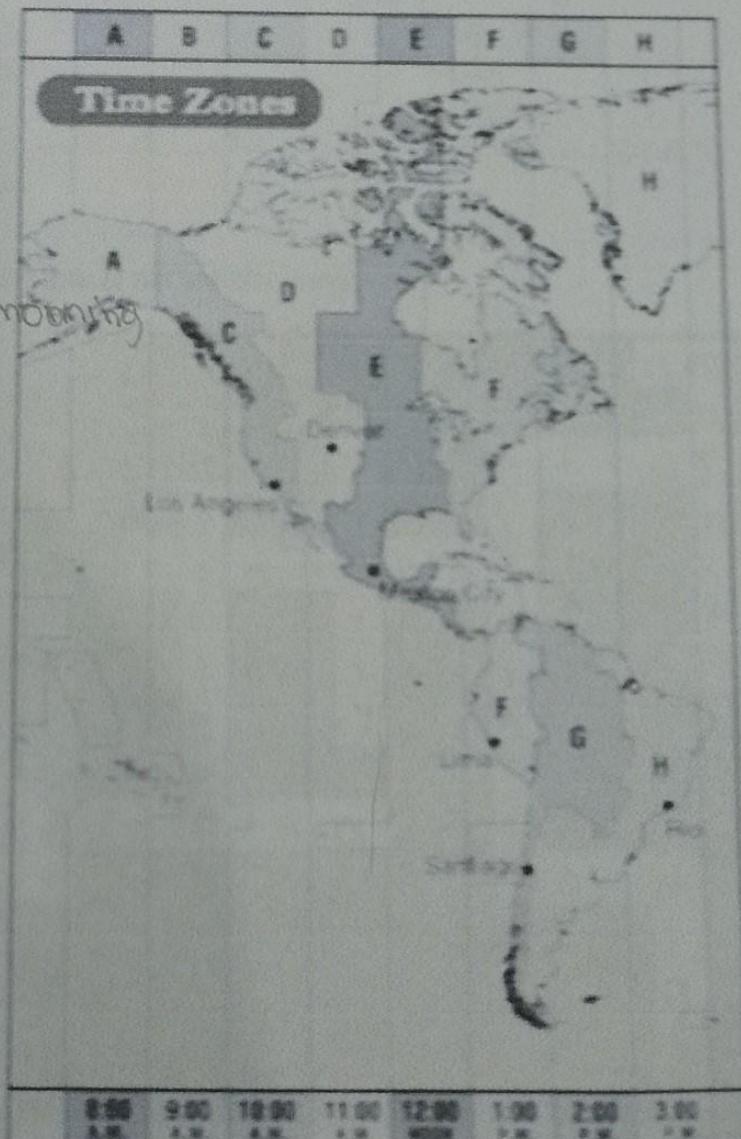
UNIT III.- WHOSE JEANS ARE THESE? WORKBOOK

Write each sentence a different way.

1. It's midnight.
It's twelve o'clock at night
2. It's 4:00 P.M.
It's four o'clock
3. It's 9:15 A.M.
It's a quarter past nine
4. It's 8:00 P.M.
It's Eight o'clock
5. It's 10:45 P.M.
It's a quarter to Eleven
6. It's 3:30 P.M.
It's a half past three
7. It's 6:00 P.M.
It's six o'clock
8. It's 12:00 P.M.
It's mid night

What time is it in each city? Write the time in two different ways.

1. It's 10:00 am in Los Angeles.
It's ten o'clock in the morning
2. It's 11am in Denver.
It's Eleven o'clock
3. It's 11 am in Mexico.
It's Eleven o'clock in the morning
4. It's 1 pm in Lima.
It's One o'clock
5. It's 1pm Santiago.
It's one o'clock in Santiago
6. It's 3 pm in Rio.
It's Three o'clock in
Rio



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What time is it? Use the sentences in the box.

It's five-on-five
 It's a quarter after one

It's twenty after nine
 It's eight after six.

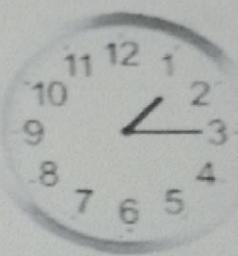
It's ten to eight
 It's a quarter to three.



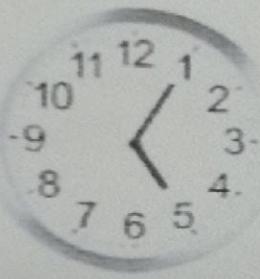
1. It's twenty after nine



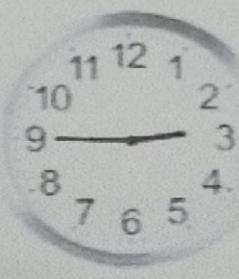
2. It's ten to eight



3. It's a quarter after one



4. It's five-on-five 5. It's a quarter to six 6. It's eight after six
three



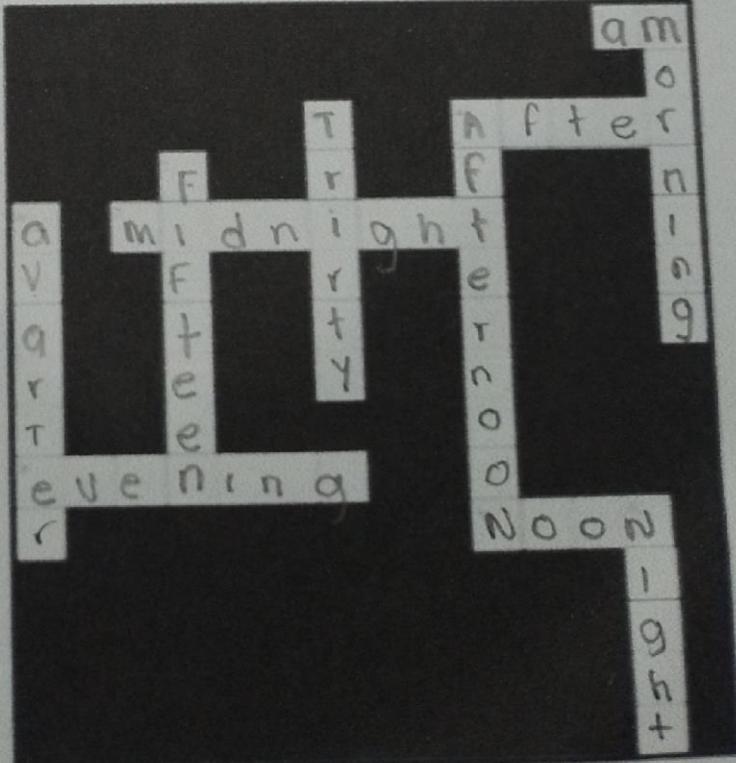
Complete the crossword puzzle. Write each time a different way.

Across (→)

1. It's five in the morning. It's five Am.
4. It's 4:15. It's a quarter after four.
7. It's twelve am. It's midnight.
8. It's 8:00 PM. It's eight in the Evening.
9. It's twelve PM. It's NOON.

Down (↓)

2. It's 7:00 AM. It's seven in the Morning.
3. It's 3:30. It's three- thirty.
4. It's 4:00 PM. It's four in the after.
5. It's 1:15. It's one- fifteen.
6. It's 3:45. It's a quarter to four.
10. It's 11:00 PM. It's eleven at Night.



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4.2.- Family Tree

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WORD POWER Family

PAIRWORK Complete the sentences about the Carter family. Then listen and check your answers.

1. Anne is Paul's wife
2. Jason and Emily are their children
3. Paul is Anne's husband
4. Jason is Anne's son
5. Emily is Paul's daughter
6. Jason is Emily's brother
7. Emily is Jason's sister
8. Paul and Anne are Jason's parents

kids = children
mom = mother
dad = father

PAIRWORK Who are the people in your family? What are their names?

"My mother's name is Angela. My brothers' names are David and Daniel."



husband wife



Anne

father mother
(parents)



Jason

son daughter
(children)



Emily

brother sister

4.3.- Simple present

I **walk** to school.
 You **ride** your bike to school.
 He **works** near here.
 She **takes** the bus to work.
 We **live** with our parents.
 They **use** public transportation.

I **don't live** far from here.
 You **don't live** near here.
 He **doesn't work** downtown.
 She **doesn't drive** to work.
 We **don't live** alone.
 They **don't need** a car.

don't = do not
doesn't = does not

Paul Carter is talking about his family. Complete the sentences with the correct verb forms. Then compare with a partner.

1. My family and I **live** (live / lives) in the suburbs. My wife and I **WORK** (work / works) near here, so we **WALK** (walk / walks) to work. Our daughter Emily **WORK** (work / works) downtown, so she **drive** (drive / drives) to work. Our son **don't** (don't / doesn't) drive. He **ride** (ride / rides) his bike to school.

2. My parents **live** (live / lives) in the city. My mother **take** (take / takes) a train to work. My father is retired, so he **don't** (don't / doesn't) work now. He also **use** (use / uses) public transportation, so they **don't** (don't / doesn't) need a car.

verb endings: he, she, it

work	→	works
ride	→	rides
study	→	studies
watch	→	watches

Simple present statements
irregular verbs

and Simple present statements with ▶

- ▶ In affirmative statements, verbs with he/she/it end in -s: He/She **walks** to school but I/You/We/They **walk** to school.
- ▶ In negative statements, use **doesn't** with he/she/it and **don't** with all the others: He/She/It **doesn't** live here. I/You/We/They **don't** live here.
- ▶ Don't add -s to the verb. She **doesn't live** here. (not: She doesn't lives here.)

Elena is talking about her family. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in parentheses.

My family and I **live** (live) in the city. We **have** (have) an apartment on First Avenue. My sister **goes** (go) to school near our apartment, so she **WALKS** (walk) to school. My father **WORK** (work) in the suburbs, so he **drive** (drive) to his job. My mother **use** (use) public transportation – she **take** (take) the bus to her office downtown. She **has** (have) a new job, but she **not like** (not like) it very much. And me? Well, I **not WORK** (not work) far from our apartment, so I **not need** (not need) a car or public transportation. I **ride** (ride) my bike to work!

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4.4.- Simple present with irregular verbs

I / we / you / they

I **have** a bike

We **do** our homework every day

My parents **go** to work by bus

he / she / it

My father **has** a car.

My mother **does** a lot of work at home

The bus **goes** downtown

Ashley is talking about her family and her friend Jason.

Complete the sentences. Then compare with a partner.

1. My parents ... have ... (have / has) a house in the suburbs. My mom and dad ... go ... (go / goes) downtown to work. My parents are very busy, so I ... do ... (do / does) a lot of work at home.
2. My brother doesn't live with us. He ... has ... (have / has) an apartment in the city. He ... goes ... (go / goes) to school all day, and he ... does ... (do / does) his homework at night.
3. I ... have ... (have / has) a new friend. His name is Jason. We ... go ... (go / goes) to the same school, and sometimes we ... do ... (do / does) our homework together.

PAIR WORK Tell your partner about your family.

"I have one brother and two sisters. My brother is a teacher. He has a car, so he drives to work."

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Simple present questions

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- In questions, use **does** with he/she/it and **do** with all the others; **Does** he/she/it get up early? **Do** I/you/we/they get up early?
- Don't add -s to the verb: Does she **live** alone? (NOT: Does she **lives** alone?)

A Write questions to complete the conversations.

1. A: Do you use public transportation?
B: Yes, I use public transportation.
2. A: Does your family have dinner at 5:00?
B: No, my family doesn't eat dinner at 5:00.
3. A: Does your brother take the bus to work?
B: No, my brother doesn't take the bus to work.
4. A: Do you wake up late on weekends?
B: No, I don't get up late on weekends.

- Use **in** with *the morning/afternoon/evening*. Use **at** with *night*: I go to school **in** the afternoon and work **at** night.
- Use **at** with clock times: She gets up **at** 8:00.
- Use **on** with days: He sleeps late **on** weekends. She has class **on** Mondays.

B Complete the conversation with **at**, **in**, or **on**.

- A: Does your family have breakfast together in the morning?
B: Well, we eat together on weekends, but in weekdays we're all busy. My parents go to work early at 6:30. But we eat dinner together in the evening, and we have a big lunch together at Sundays. We eat at noon. Then on the afternoon, we play tennis or go to the movies.

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UNIT IV. MY SISTER WORKS DOWNTOWN

WORKBOOK

- A Jessica is talking about her family. Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

<input type="checkbox"/> brother	<input type="checkbox"/> daughters	<input type="checkbox"/> husband	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> parents	<input type="checkbox"/> son
<input type="checkbox"/> children	<input type="checkbox"/> father	<input type="checkbox"/> mother	<input type="checkbox"/> sister	<input type="checkbox"/> wife

Family Photos Search Log Out

Helen and Jack

Pedro and Jessica

Kate, Brad, and Joan

1. Helen and Jack are my parents. Helen is my Mother and Jack is my father.
2. Pedro is my husband and his wife.
3. Kate, Joan, and Brad are our children. Kate and Joan are our sister and Brad is our brother. Kate is Joan's brother and Brad is her sister.

- B Write four sentences about your family.

1. Socorro and Francisco are my parents
2. Javier is my brother and Karla my sister
3. My grandmother is Amparo
4. Socorro, Francisco, Amparo, Javier, Karla and Concepcion are my family.