What time is it? / Is it A.M. or P.M.?

Remember: you can say times different ways: 1:15 = one-fifteen or a quarter after one.

Write each sentence in a different way.

- 1. It's a quarter to four. It's three forty-five
- 2. It's 12:00 P.M. Jt's noon.
- 3. It's six-fifteen. A qualer past six
- 4. It's ten o'clock at night. 1570:00 pm
- 5. It's three-oh-five. It's five minutes past three
- 6. It's twenty-five to eleven. 175 10:35
- 7. It's one o'clock in the morning. It's 1:00 am.
- 8. It's midnight. 14's 72:00 P.m.

B PAIR WORK Say each time a different way.

- 1. It's nine o'clock in the evening. "It's 9:00 P.M."
- 2. It's eight o'clock in the morning. 14's 8:00 a.m
- 3. It's twelve o'clock at night. 1+'s 12:00 p.m.
- 4. It's three in the afternoon. 14's 3:00 p.m.

it's three o'clock in the

- 5. It's 3:00 A.M.
- 6. It's 6:00 P.M. 1+'s six o'clock at lafternoon
- 7. It's 4:00 P.M. it's four o'clock
 8. It's 12:00 P.M. at afternoon
 it's midnight.

LISTENING It's 4:00 p.m. in Vancouver.



 Tracy and Eric are calling friends in different parts of the world. Listen. What time is it in these cities?

City	Time
Vancouver	4:00 p.m.
Bangkok	
London	
Tokyo	······································
São Paulo	



A PAIR WORK Ask and answer the questions about the pictures.

- 1. Who's sleeping now?
- 2. Who's having breakfast?
- 3. Where's Andrei working?
- 4. Where's Hiroshi checking his email?
- 5. What's Célia wearing?
- 6. What's Marcos wearing?
- 7. Why is Marcos getting up?
- 8. Why are Jim and Ann having lunch?

zţ	elling
get -	sleeping getting (+ t) having (- e)

B GROUP WORK Write five more questions about the pictures. Then ask and answer your questions in groups.

2 Present continuous Wh-questions

- Use the present continuous to talk about actions that are happening right now: What are you doing? I'm talking to you!
- In questions, the be verb comes before the subject: What are you doing?
- To form the continuous of verbs ending in −e, drop the e and add −ing: have → having.
- For verbs ending in vowel + consonant, double the consonant and add −ing: get → getting.

What are the people doing? Write conversations. Use the words in parentheses.

1.	A: .What's Steve doing?	(Steve)
	B: He's watching TV	(watch TV)
2.	A. What's Jon and Megan doing?	(Jon and Megan)
	B: They taking a welk	(take a walk)
3.	A: what you doing?	(you)
	B: I'm writing conversations	(write conversations)
4.	A: what's chris doing?	(Chris)
	B: He's calling Ashley	(call Ashlev)
5.	A: What's you and Taylor doing?	(you and Taylor)
	B: We sire shoping	(shop)
6.	A: What's Sara doing?	(Sara)
	B: She's have dinner	(have dinner)
7.	A. What's Victor and Sam doing?	(Victor and Sam)
	B: They running in the pails	(run in the nark)
8.	A. what's you and naudo doing?	(vou and Paulo)
	B: we are chat online	



UNIT III.- WHOSE JEANS ARE THESE? WORKBOOK

Write each sentence a different way.

1. It's midnight.	It's twelve o'clock at night.
2. It's 4:00 P.M.	it's four o'clock at afternoon
3. It's 9:15 A.M.	it's aquater past nine
4. It's 8:00 P.M.	it's eight o'clock at night it's a quarter to eleven
5. It's 10:45 P.M.	itis a quarter to eleven
6. It's 3:30 P.M.	it's a half past three
7. It's 6:00 P.M.	it's six o'clock at afternoon
8. It's 12:00 P.M.	it's mindright

la famila
la hora

como se dice
aquater

tresformas de decir
mama

3166lings-hermanos

What time is it in each city? Write the time in two different ways.

- It's 10:00 a.m. in Los Angeles.

 It's ten o'clock in the morning.
- 2. H's 11:00 a, m. in Denver
- 3. It's to: OUP, min Mexico City
- 4. its 1:00p.m in lima
 its one o'clock at afternoon
- 5. It's two o'clock afternoon
- 6. It's three o'clock at afternoon its 3:00p.min (10



	Workshe	ets Pl
1	Teaching	Resour

Name: Angela	Isabel	Flores	D.	
-	Marin 1	Tally William		

Date:

Family Members

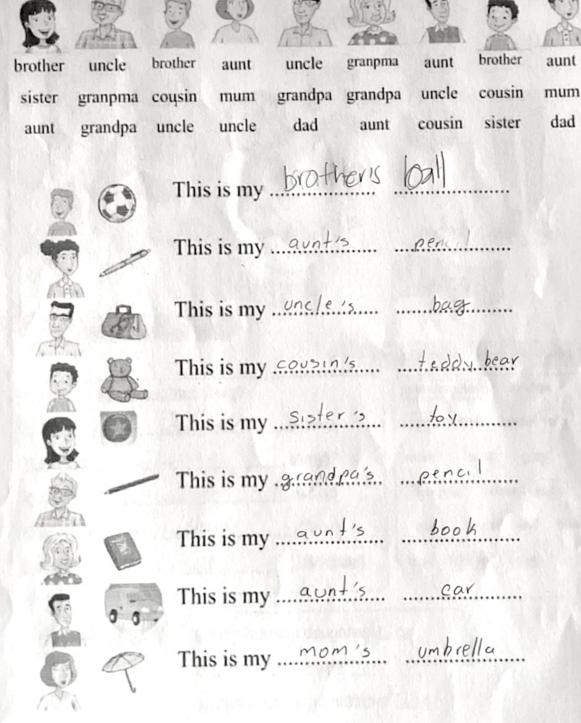
Directions: Fill in the blanks with correct family members:

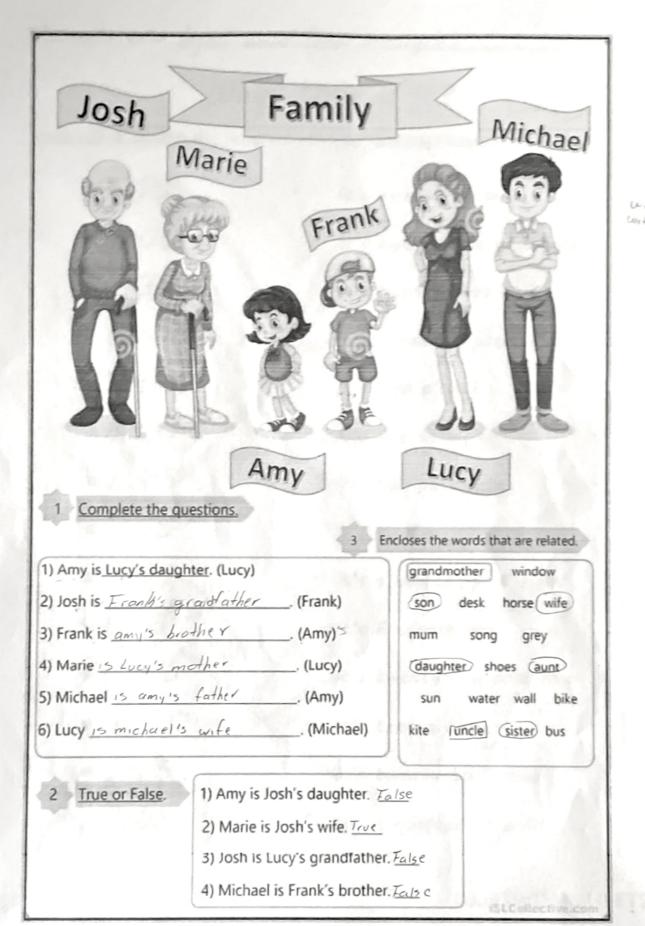
- L My mother's sister is my aunt
- 2 My doughter's brother is my niece
- 3. My father's daughter is my sister
- 4. Mum is the wife of my father
- 5. Murn and dad are my parents
- 6. My sister's son is my nephew
- 7. My aunt's son or daughter is my _sister___
- 8. My father's brother is my __unale_
- 9 My mother's Father is my grand father
- 10. My doughter's son is my grandduoghter.
- 1. My brother's daughter is my niece
- 12 My sister's husband is my brother -in-law
- B. My brother's wife is my sister-in-law
- H. Dad is the husband of my mother.



Family and friends 1

Unit 6





Student's name: Angele bashel Flores Domingue Z

What time is it?

Instruction. Match the time with the correct expression

_	_	10
	0	15

It's twenty to one.

. 2:00

It's twenty-five past two.

· 7:30

It's twenty past eight.

. 12:00

olt's a quarter past five

• 12:40

It's two o'clock.

.8:20

It's five to eight.

• 2:25

It's half past seven.

• 7:55

It's twelve.

• 7:45

It's a quarter past eight.

8:15

It's five past six.

• 17:40

It's twenty-five past five.

• 10:50

It's ten to eleven.

• 5:25

It's twenty to twelve.

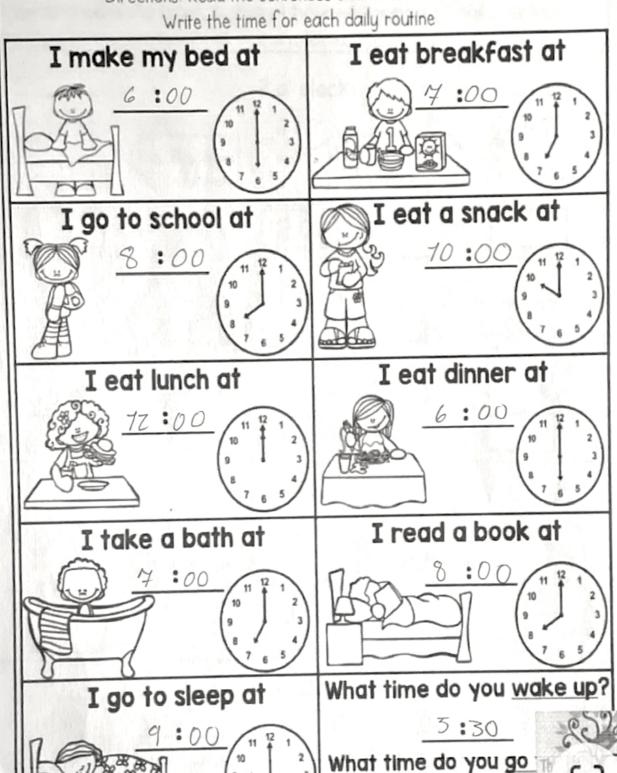
. 6:05

It's a quarter to eight.

Name Angela Isabel Hous Doming ve Z

Daily Routines: Time to the Hour

Directions: Read the sentences and look at the clock



@Annie Moffatt @ The Moffatt G



UNIT IV. MY SISTER WORKS DOWNTOWN WORKBOOK

A Jessica is talking about her family. Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

brother children	daughters father	▼ husband ▼ mother	parents sister	✓ san ✓ wife	
00 Fa	mily Photo	S Search		Log Out	
R				(a)	
A	(TA)		100	2 12 m	
Helen and Jac		JA-	700	dro and Jessica	
		4			
			Kata, Brad,	and Joan	
1. Helen and	Jack are myP	arents . Hele	n is my _ moth	er,	
and Jack is	smy <u>father</u>				
2. Pedro is m	ny husband	. I'm his wite		Wall I had	
	, and Brad are our				
	ters, and Brad			III 2	
51511	, and Brad	is ner			
B Write for	ur sentences abou	ut your family.			
1. My par	rents are An	y and Har-	in is	and the second second	
2. Any	is mg mother la, Diego and	and Martin	is my father	ny auster 1	Profession of the
3. Ange	la, Diegoiano	I Valence and	their Chil	dren	
1 Ange	ela 15 Valerios	sister and	Diego is he	er brother.	

What time is it? Use the sentences in the box.

- ☑ It's five-oh-five.
- It's a quarter after one.
- It's twenty after nine.
- It's eight after six.
- It's ten to eight. It's a quarter to three.



- 1. It's twenty after nine.
- 2. it'stento eight



3. it's a quarter after one.





5. it's a quarter to three 6. It's eight after six



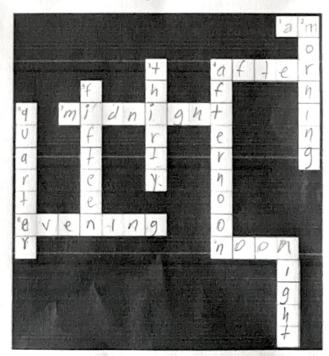
Complete the crossword puzzle. Write each time a different way.

Across (→)

- 1 It's five in the morning. It's five _
- 4 It's 4:15. It's a quarter _____ four.
- 7 It's twelve A.M. It's _____.
- 8 It's 8:00 P.M. It's eight in the ____
- 9 It's twelve P.M. It's _____.

Down (1)

- 2 It's 7:00 A.M. It's seven in the .
- 3 It's 3:30. It's three- ____.
- 4 It's 4:00 P.M. It's four in the
- 5 It's 1:15. It's one- _____.
- 6 It's 3:45. It's a _____ to four.
- 10 It's 11:00 p.m. It's eleven at ..





4.2.- Family Tree

WORD POWER Family

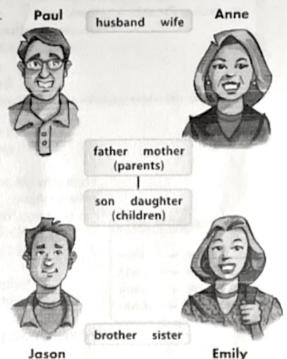
A PAIR WORK Complete the sentences about the Carter family. Then listen and check your answers.

- 1. Anne is Paul's wife
- 2. Jason and Emily are their Children .
- 3. Paul is Anne's husban
- 4. Jason is Anne's SON
- 5. Emily is Paul's daughter
- 6. Jason is Emily's bro-hu
- 7. Emily is Jason's Sister ..
- 8. Paul and Anne are Jason's parrents.

kids = children mom = mother dad = father

B PAIRWORK Who are the people in your family? What are their names?

"My mother's name is Angela. My brothers' names are David and Daniel."





4.3.- Simple present

imple present statements O don't = do not I don't live far from here. I walk to school. doesn't = does not your bike to school. You don't live near here. You ride He doesn't work downtown. He works near here. She doesn't drive to work. She takes the bus to work. alone. We don't live We live with our parents. They use public transportation. They don't need a car.

A Paul Carter is talking about his family. Complete the sentences with the correct verb forms. Then compare with a partner.

- WORK (work / works) near here, so we walk (walk / walks) to work, Our daughter Emily WOCKS... (work / works) downtown, so she drives (drive / drives) to work. Our son doesn't (don't / doesn't) drive. He rides (ride / rides) his bike to school.
- 2. My parents live (live / lives) in the city. My mother Taxes.... (take / takes) a train to work. My father is retired, so he doesn't (don't / doesn't) work now. He also USES (use / uses) public transportation, so they don't (don't / doesn't) need a car.

verb endings: he, she, it

walk	→	walks
ride	\rightarrow	rides
study	-	stud ies
watch	-	watch es

Simple present statements irregular verbs

and Simple present statements with 🐀



- In affirmative statements, verbs with he/she/it end in -s: He/She walks to school. BUT I/You/We/They walk to school.
- In negative statements, use doesn't with he/she/it and don't with all the others: He/She/It doesn't live here. I/You/We/They don't live here.
- Don't add -s to the verb: She doesn't live here. (NOT: She doesn't lives here.)

Elena is talking about her family. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in parentheses.

My family and I (live) in the city. We
an apartment on First Avenue. My sister
near our apartment, so she
works (work) in the suburbs, so he drives (drive) to his job.
My mother uses (use) public transportation - she hakes (take
the bus to her office downtown. She has (have) a new job, but she
doesn't like (not like) it very much. And me? Well, I don't work (not work)
far from our apartment, so I don't need (not need) a car or public
transportation. 1 riole (ride) my bike to work!



4.4.- Simple present with irregular verbs

Simple present statements with irregular verbs O

1/you/we/they

I have a bike.

We do our homework every day.

My parents go to work by bus.

he/she/it

My father has a car.

My mother does a lot of work at home.

The bus goes downtown.

Ashley is talking about her family and her friend Jason. Complete the sentences. Then compare with a partner.

- 1. My parents ____have ___ (have / has) a house in the suburbs. My mom and dad ___goe \((go / goes) downtown to work. My parents are very busy, so I ____do ___ (do / does) a lot of work at home.
- 2. My brother doesn't live with us. He has (have / has) an apartment in the city. He goes (go / goes) to school all day, and he does (do / does) his homework at night.
- 3. I have (have / has) a new friend. His name is Jason. We go (go / goes) to the same school, and sometimes we (do / does) our homework together.

C PAIR WORK Tell your partner about your family.

"I have one brother and two sisters. My brother is a teacher. He has a car, so he drives to work."



2 Simple present questions

In questions, use does with he/she/it and do with all the others: **Does** he/she/it get up early? **Do** l/you/we/they get up early?

Don't add -s to the verb: Does she live alone? (NOT: Does she lives alone?)

A	Write questions	to	comp	olete	the	conversatio	ns.
---	-----------------	----	------	-------	-----	-------------	-----

- 1. A: Do you use public transportation?
 - B: Yes, I use public transportation.
- 2. A: Voes your family have dinner at 5 o'clock?
 - B: No, my family doesn't eat dinner at 5:00.
- 3. A: Does your brother take the bus towork?
 - B: No, my brother doesn't take the bus to work.
- 4. A. Doyou get up late on Weekend?
 - B: No, I don't get up late on weekends.
- Use in with the morning/afternoon/evening. Use at with night: I go to school in the afternoon and work at night.
- Use at with clock times: She gets up at 8:00
- Use on with days: He sleeps late on weekends. She has class on Mondays.
- **B** Complete the conversation with at, in, or on.
- A: Does your family have breakfast together the morning?
- B: Well, we eat together weekends, but 6:30. But we eat dinner together the evening, and we have a big lunch together Sundays.

 We eat noon. Then the afternoon, we play tennis or go to the movies.