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Pérez

Nombre del tema: Unit III

Parcial: Second

Nombre de la Materia: English I

Nombre del profesor: Juan Manuel Jaime Díaz

Nombre de la Licenciatura: Licenciatura en Derecho

Cuatrimestre: 1.



UNIT III. WHOSE JEANS ARE THESE?

3.1.- Clothes

WORD POWER Clothes

A O Listen and practice.



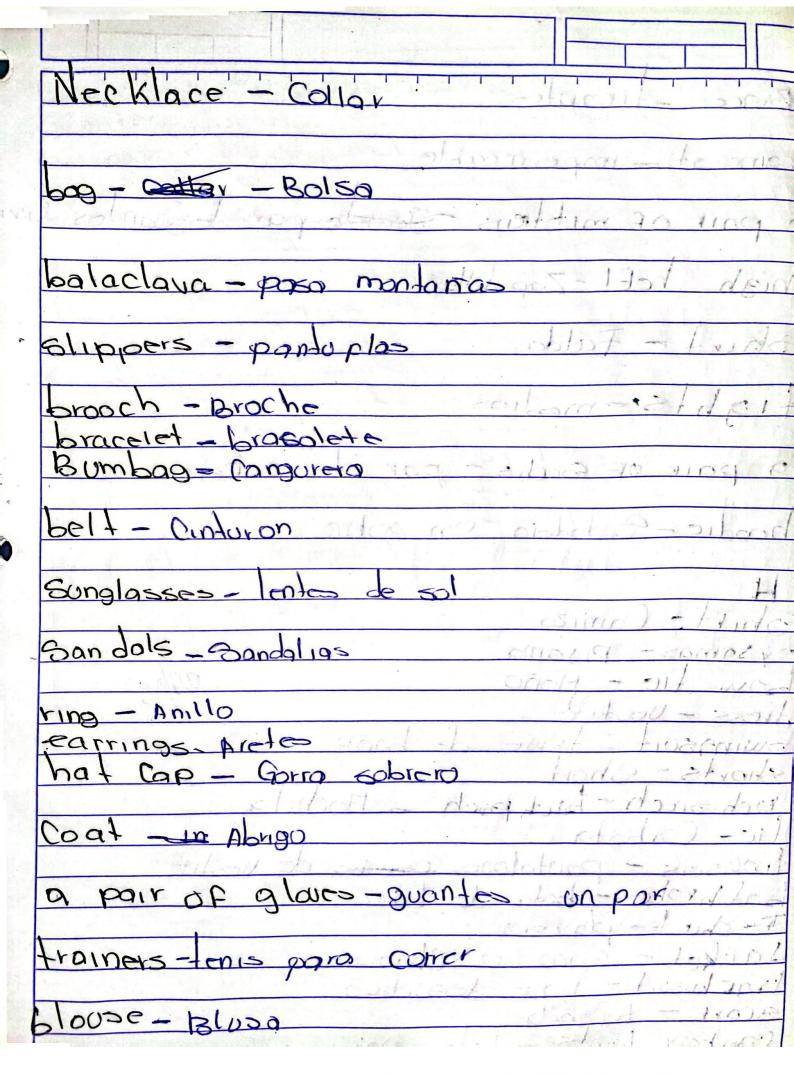
Complete the chart with words from part A.

	Clothes for warm weather	Clothes for cold weather
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足足	•:55	W

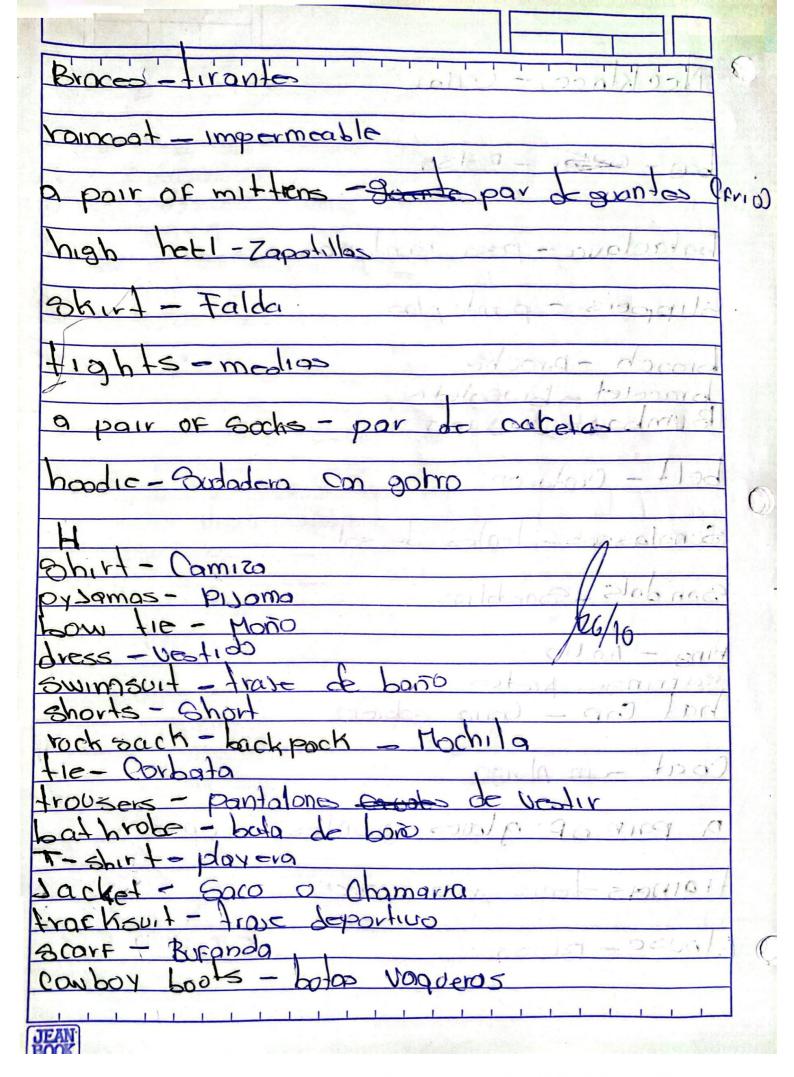
C PAIR WORK Look around the classroom. What clothes do you see? Tell a partner.

"I see jeans, a sweater, boots, and . . ."

Jackel - Saco Z soit Ponts-Pantolon J shoe-zapatos Blouse - Rlusa Skit - Falda High heel's - Sapatillas raincoat - impermeable dress- Vestido Hot-gorro O Sombrero sucater-sucter gloves - guandas geons-pantalones Mezchila 000ts - Botos Hombre Cap - Gorra Shorts-short Socks - Colcetas



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3.2.- Colors

COLORS

A O Listen and practice.



B GROUP WORK Ask about favorite colors.

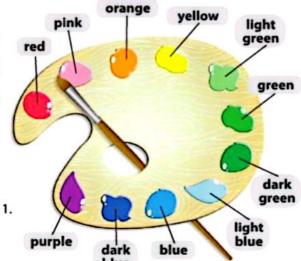
A: What are your favorite colors?

B: My favorite colors are dark green and purple.

GROUP WORK Describe the clothes in Exercise 1.

A: The suit is beige.

B: The pajamas are light blue.



CONVERSATION It's a disaster!

Listen and practice.

Pat: Great! Our clothes are dry. Where is my new blouse?

Julie: What color is it?

Pat: It's white.

Julie: Here's a light blue blouse. Is it yours?

Pat: No, it's not mine. . . . Wait. It is mine. It's a disaster!

Julie: Oh, no! All our clothes are

light blue.

Pat: Here's the problem. It's these new blue jeans. Whose jeans are these?

Julie: Uh, they're mine. Sorry.



PRONUNCIATION The letters s and sh

A Listen and practice. Notice the pronunciation of s and sh.

1. suit socks scarf
2. shirt shorts shoes

Read the sentences. Pay attention to the pronunciation of s and sh.

This is Sandra's new shirt.

3. Where are my shoes and socks?

2. These are Sam's purple shoes!

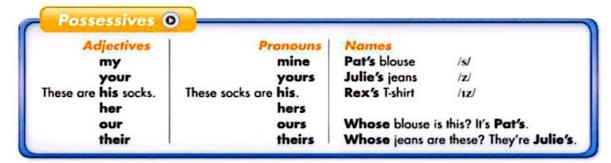
4. My shorts and T-shirts are blue!

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Pink - vos			votaris
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3.3.- Possessive Adjectives and Pronouns



A Complete the conversations with the correct words in parentheses. Then practice with a partner.

- 1. A: Hey! These aren'tQur...... (our / ours) clothes!
 - B: You're right. ...QUES (Our / Ours) are over there.
- 2. A: These aren't (my / mine) gloves. Are they (your / yours)?
- 3. A: whose / Yours) T-shirts are these? Are they Julie's and Pat's?

1 Possessives

- The noun comes after a possessive adjective: This is my T-shirt.
- Don't include the noun after a possessive pronoun: This T-shirt is mine.
- Whose can be used with singular and plural nouns: Whose bag is this? Whose keys are these?

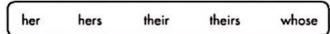
Complete the conversations. Use the words in the boxes. There are two extra words in each box.

his	mine	my	your	yours	√ whose
1. A:	Whose	iacket is t	his? Is it 🗎	OUYS P	hil?



2. A: These aren't OUY books. Are they YUUS?

B: No, they're not QUYS...... Maybe they're Young-min's.



B: No, they're not Mex. sweaters. But these shorts are Hex.s....



3.4.- Present continuous affirmative and negative

Present continuous statements; conjunctions

I'm I'm not OR:
You're You're not You aren't

She's wearing shoes. She's not She isn't wearing boots.

We're not We aren't They're not They aren't

It's snowing. It's not It isn't raining.

Conjunctions

It's snowing, and it's windy. It's sunny,

but it's cold. It's windy.

so it's very cold.

Present continuous statements; conjunctions

- The present continuous is the present of be + verb + -ing: It's raining. She's wearing shoes.
- The two negative contractions mean the same: He's not/He isn't wearing a coat. We're not/We aren't wearing gloves.

Change the affirmative sentences to negative sentences. Change the negative sentences to affirmative sentences.

- 1. Mr. and Mrs. Lee are wearing hats. Mr. and Mrs. Lee aren't wearing hats.
- 2. It isn't raining. 1+ 15 vaining
- 3. I'm wearing sunglasses. I'm not wearing sunglasses
- 4. You're wearing a new suit. You aren't wearing a new Suit
- 5. Michiko isn't wearing gloves. Michiko is wearing gloves

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A Complete these sentences. Then compare with a partner.



My name is Claire. I im wearing a green suit today. I im wearing high heels, too. It's raining, but I im wearing a raincoat.





Phil 15 Meaning a suit today - he

12 meaning pants and a jacket.

He 15 Meaning a light blue shirt, but
he 15 0 4 Meaning a tie.



It's cold today, but Kathy She wearing a gloves and a hat. She is wearing boots. She



3.5.- Present continuous yes/no questions

Present continuous yes/no questions O

Are you wearing gloves? No, I'm not. Yes, I am.

Is she wearing boots? No, she's not./No, she isn't. Yes, she is.

Are they wearing sunglasses? Yes, they are. No, they're not./No, they aren't.

PAIR WORK Ask and answer these questions about the people in part A.



- Is Claire wearing a green suit?
- 2. Is she wearing a raincoat?
- 3. Is she wearing high heels?
- 4. Are Toshi and Noriko wearing swimsuits?
- 5. Are they wearing jackets?
- 6. Are they wearing sunglasses?
- A: Is Claire wearing a green suit?
- B: Yes, she is, Is she wearing a raincoat?
- A: No, she's not, or No, she isn't.
- Write four more questions about the people in part A. Then ask a partner the questions.

- 7. Is Phil wearing brown pants?
- 8. Is he wearing a blue shirt?
- Is he wearing a tie?
- 10. Is Kathy wearing boots?
- 11. Is she wearing a coat?
- 12. Is she wearing a hat and gloves?

adjective + noun

My suit is black.

I'm wearing a black suit.

3 Present continuous yes/no questions; adjective + noun

- ▶ In questions, the present continuous is be + subject + verb + -ing: Is it raining? Are you wearing brown shoes?
- Adjectives can come before nouns or after the verb be: He's wearing a blue hat. His hat is blue.
- Adjectives don't have a plural form: a green hat; two green hats



What season is it? How is the weather? Write two sentences about each picture.





1. It's winter.

It's very cold.

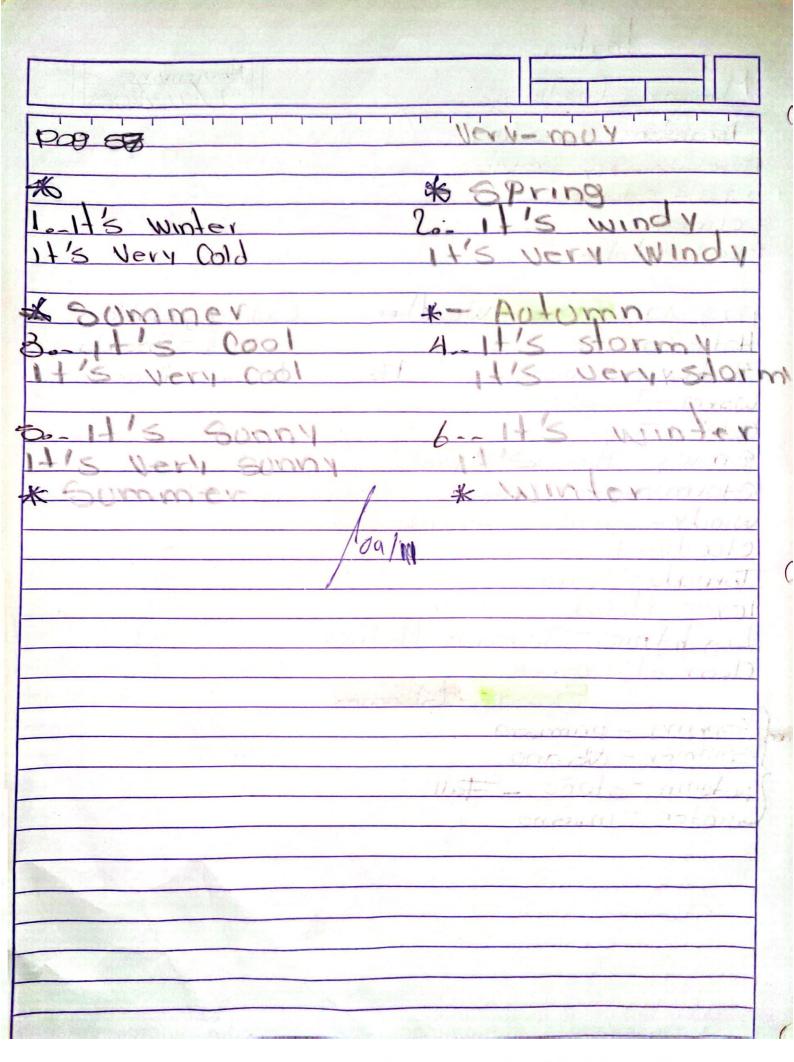


3. ______ 4. _



5. _____

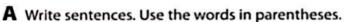
6. _____



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Waiting for the bus





Todd	Todd	Alicia	Chul-woo	Maya	Maggie	Hugo

1.	Hugo is wearing a tie.	(tie)

- 2. Todd and Alicia are wearing boots. (boots)
- 3. Character a saring a said (T-shirt)
- 4. Martie 15 wearing a skirt (skirt)
- 5. Maya is wearing a divers (dress)
- 6. Chui-wou and Maggie are vearing sneakers (sneakers)
- 7. Too is wearing a socakers (scarf)
- 8. HUGO is wearing a not and tood is wearing a cope (hats)

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3.6.- Telling the time

Listen and practice.



Source: Time Service Department, U.S. Naval Observatory

Which cities are in the same time zones? Which cities are in your time zone?

CONVERSATION What time is it there?

Listen and practice.

Debbie: Hello?

John: Hi, Debbie. This is John. I'm calling from Australia.

Debbie: Australia?

John: I'm at a conference in Sydney.

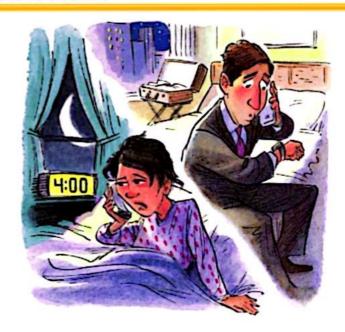
Remember?

Debbie: Oh, right. What time is it there?

John: It's 10:00 p.m. And it's four o'clock there in Los Angeles. Right?

Debbie: Yes – four o'clock in the morning!

John: 4:00 A.M.? Oh, I'm really sorry. Debbie: That's OK. I'm awake . . . now.





3.7.- Present continuous Wh-questions

GRAMMAR FOCUS Present continuous Wh-questions **©**







6:00 A.M. **Mexico City**



What's Victoria doing? She's sleeping right now.

What's Marcos doing? It's 6:00 A.M., so he's getting up.

What are Sue and Tom doing? They're having breakfast.







What's Célia doing? She's going to work.

What are Jim and Ann doing? It's noon, so they're eating lunch.

What's Andrei doing? He's working.







What's Permsak doing? He's eating dinner right now.

What's Hiroshi doing? He's checking his email.

What are you doing? lt's l'm . . .



A PAIR WORK Ask and answer the questions about the pictures.

- 1. Who's sleeping now?
- 2. Who's having breakfast?
- 3. Where's Andrei working?
- 4. Where's Hiroshi checking his email?
- 5. What's Célia wearing?
- 6. What's Marcos wearing?
- 7. Why is Marcos getting up?
- 8. Why are Jim and Ann having lunch?

	sp	elling
sleep		sleep ing
get	→	getting (+ t)
have	→	hav ing (– e)

GROUP WORK Write five more questions about the pictures. Then ask and answer your questions in groups.

Present continuous Wh-questions

- Use the present continuous to talk about actions that are happening right now: What are you doing? I'm talking to you!
- In questions, the be verb comes before the subject: What are you doing?
- To form the continuous of verbs ending in -e, drop the e and add -ing: have → having.
- For verbs ending in vowel + consonant, double the consonant and add −ing: get → getting.

What are the people doing? Write conversations. Use the words in parentheses.

1.	A: What's Steve doing? B: He's watching TV.	
2.	A: What're upn and megan duing	(Jon and Megan)
	B: Ther're to King a walk	
3.	A: What are you doing	(you)
	B: 11m writing conversation	
4.	A: what's chie doing	(Chris)
	B: He's calling Ashley	(call Ashley)
5.	A: What're you and to you doing	
	B: We're shaptyng	(shop)
6.	A: What's sary doing	(Sara)
	B: She's having Dinner	(have dinner)
7.	A: what're william and som done?	(Victor and Sam)
	B: they're running in the park	(run in the park)
8.	A: What're you and som Paulo?	(you and Paulo)
	B: We're chatting online	(chat online)

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3.8.- Verbs activities

WORD POWER Activities

A D Listen and practice. "She's playing tennis."



PAIR WORK Ask and answer questions about the pictures in part A.

- A: Is she playing soccer?
- B: No, she's not.
- A: What's she doing?
- B: She's playing tennis.