

UDS

Teacher name: Lic. Jhoani Elizabeth Pérez.

Student name: Sayiko Montserrat Lina Gómez.

Activity: topic 3, 4 topic 4, 4.1, 4.2

Group: Enfermería

Fourth Semester.

Ocosingo chiapas. 16/10/2023

"Too"

Too means too much when placed in front of an adjective.

We add too much (too much) in front of an adjective when we want to amplify its intensity or its meaning.

Positive

Examples:

- I'm too tall. (Soy demasiado alto)
- You're too short. Tú eres demasiado bajo.
- He's too tired. Él está demasiado cansado.

Examples:

- It's not too far
- The exam wasn't too difficult (el examen no fue demasiado difícil).
- Those bags aren't too heavy (Esas bolsas no son demasiado pesadas).

- Is he too thin?
(¿El está demasiado delgado?)

- Is this one too cheap?
(¿Este es demasiado barato?)

"Enough"

"Enough" is an adjective used to indicate that it is sufficient or equal to what is necessary. It can be used with other adjectives, adverbs or nouns.

With adjectives and adverbs:

- adjective / adverb "enough"

Examples:

- Heather is old enough now to make her own decisions. (Heather es lo suficiente mayor ahora para tomar sus propias decisiones).
- The apartment is big enough for three people. (El piso es lo suficientemente grande para tres personas).

With names:

"enough" + name.

- I don't have enough time to finish all this work. (No tengo tiempo suficiente para acabar este trabajo).
- Is there enough wine for everyone to try? (¿Hay suficiente vino para que todos lo prueben?)

"would like"

would like - an English construction used to make requests politely. I would like... means "I would like", I would like, I would like.

Positive
Subject + would
like + to + Verb
base form

I'd like a slice of cake, please.

I would like/I'd like to go on vacation.

How to form
Sentences
with - would
like

Negative
Subject + would
not (wouldn't)
like + to + Verb
base form.

She wouldn't like an expensive bag.

You wouldn't like to make him angry.

Interrogative.
Would + Subject +
like + noun/to +
Verb base form.

would you like an apple?

would you to go swimming next week?

b) the past tense of "be":

This verb talks about a state or situation (for example, how you feel), and can be used to describe things.

Examples:

- the party was amazing! (La fiesta fue increíble).
- we were really happy! (Todos estábamos súper contentos!).

Affirmative	Negative	Interrogative
I - was	I - wasn't	was I...?
You - were	You - weren't	were you...?
He { was	He { wasn't	was { He
She { was	She { wasn't	she...?
It { was	It { wasn't	it
we { were	we { weren't	were { we
You { were	You { weren't	you...?
they { were	they { weren't	they

For the first and third person singular the word "was" is used for the rest "were" is used.

Examples:

- she was a student
- they were doctors.

Ask questions with the verb "to be" in the past tense to ask a question you have to put "was/were" at the beginning of the sentence:

Examples:

- was she a student? (¿Ella era estudiante?)
- were they doctors? (¿Ellos eran doctores?).

Use the negative form of "to be" in the past simple in negative sentences you must add the adverb "not" and put it after the word. was/were

- He wasn't at the cinema with us" - él no estaba en el cine con nosotros.
- I wasn't hungry - no tenía hambre.

4.1 Structure of the past simple with irregular verbs.

Positive:

Subject + verb in past + complement.

Negative:

Subject + did not + verb in basic + complement.

Interrogative:

Did + subject + verb in the basic + complement.

Examples:

- He found a diamond on the beach (Él encontró un diamante en la playa).
- I ran the 1994 marathon (Corrí el maratón de 1994).

Examples:

- we didn't drink wine or beer (nosotros no bebimos vino o cerveza).
- She didn't eat the cake because it tasted bad = (Ella no comió pastel porque sabía malo).

Examples:

- Did she teach chemistry or physics? (¿Ella enseñó química o física?)
- Did he come for dinner yesterday? (¿Él vino a cenar ayer?)

4.1. Past events:

What did you do last weekend?

• what I did on the weekend

- I went to the movies with my friends.
- I went to visit my aunt on Friday night.
- I had to go with my parents to the park.

4.2 what did you do last weekend?

- I went to play basketball on the weekend
- I cooked in the morning.
- I danced at a party on Saturday
- work very hard all week.