

LA MEDICINA VETERINARIA Y SU RELACIÓN CON OTRAS CIENCIAS

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Ingles I

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In the training of the Middle Technician in Agronomy, Chemistry intervenes decisively, since for agricultural production a lot of chemical products are used that are used as fertilizers and CHEMISTRY pesticides, and to regulate the growth of plants, in search of high yields. agricultural and livestock. The study of Veterinary Anatomy enables knowledge of the shape and macroscopic structure of organs and systems, as well as their ANATOMY organization and relationship within the animal organism of the various domestic species, together with the other morphological disciplines (Histology and Embryology). VETERINARY MEDICINE AND ITS **PHYSIOLOGY** Veterinary physiology is defined as the function of organs and RELATIONSHIP systems and of the entire organism: study of vegetative and reproductive functions and regulatory and integrative mechanisms in WITH OTHER domestic animals. SCIENCES PATHOLOGY Veterinary pathology is a branch of veterinary medicine that is responsible for the study of diseases, through the study of the biochemical and functional structural changes that occur before and during the disease in cells, tissues and organs. ZOOLOGY Zoology is a fundamental part of the biological sciences. Its study allows us to know the relationships between non-human animals and their environment, physical and biotic.

Bibliografia

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