

INFOGRAFIA "BIODIVERSITY: ENDEMIC ANIMALS OF MEXICO"

GALLARDO TEJEDA FRIDA CLARISA

Prof. Arreola Jiménez Enrique Eduardo

UNIVERSIDAD DEL SURESTE

Licenciatura en Medicina Veterinaria y Zootecnia

Inglés 1

Tapachula, Chiapas

2 de diciembre del 2023

BIODIVERSITY: ENDEMIC ANIMALS OF MEXICO

MEXICAN AXOLOTL.

(Ambystoma mexicanum). It lives in Lake Xochimilco. It feeds on small crustaceans, insect larvae, worms, slugs. This animal is oviparous (they lay eggs) and is currently in danger of extinction.



SEA COW

(Phocoena sinus). It lives only in the Gulf of California and is also in critical danger of extinction. They feed on squid, crabs and small fish. They are viviparous and may have only one young during the spring.

TEPORINGO

(Romerolagus diazi). They live on the slopes of the volcanoes in the Valley of Mexico. They mainly eat grasses (cereals), pine leaves, oak leaves and young corn plants. It is viviparous and is considered an animal in danger of extinction.





MEXICAN PLAINS DOG

(Cynomys mexicanus). It is endemic to Coahuila, Nuevo León,
San Luis Potosí and Zacatecas. They eat grasses and other
herbaceous plants that grow in grasslands. They are viviparous
species and are listed as an endangered species.

ALICANTE LIZARD

(Abronia graminea). Known as the little blue dragon, it lives in temperate forests in Veracruz, Puebla and Oaxaca. It is currently in danger of extinction. They eat grasshoppers, cockroaches, and tenebrios. They are viviparous species.





ST. CATHERINE'S RATTLESNAKE

(Crotalus catalinensis). It is incapable of forming a rattle; is endemic to Santa Catalina Island, Mexico. They eat lizards and insects, rabbits, prairie dogs and squirrels. They are oviparous species and are in danger of extinction.



(Cyanolyca nana). It is distributed throughout the humid forests of Xalapa and between Oaxaca and Caripán. They eat insects and obtain nuts and seeds from trees, bushes and the ground. It is an oviparous species and is vulnerable to extinction.





GULF SPINY IGUANA

(Ctenosaura acanthura) lives in the northern part of Mexico where it feeds on the leaves and fruits it finds. It is an oviparous species and is listed as a protected species.

COZUMEL RACCOON

(Procyon pygmaeus). It lives only on the island of Cozumel, near the Yucatan Peninsula. It feeds on lizards, insects and small marine animals, but also consumes fruits and vegetables. Viviparous species cataloged as an animal at critical risk of extinction.



Linkografia

- https://www.gob.mx/semarnat/articulos/conoce-10-especies-endemicas-mexicanas-orgullo-nacional?idiom=es
- https://puebla-es.acuariomichin.com/descubre-5-asombrosas-especies-endemicas-de-mexico/
- https://www.gob.mx/profepa/articulos/especies-endemicas-en-mexico-237094?idiom=es
- https://www.expertoanimal.com/animales-endemicos-de-mexico-24165.html
- https://www.ngenespanol.com/animales/asi-es-el-teporingo-el-conejo-mexicano-de-los-volcanes/