



**Nombre del alumno: Erika Patricia Hernández
Gómez**

Nombre del profesor: Susan Mena

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Simple Present Tense

I. Write affirmative sentences. Use the verbs in parenthesis.

1. Mary and I go (go) to the cinema every Friday.
2. Claudia and her friends have (have) lunch once a month.
3. My brother Peter do (do) karate three days a week.
4. Mr. Dean be (be) a baker. He has a big bakery.
5. Mr. and Mrs. Parker comes (come) from Canada.
6. My parents love (love) to travel.
7. Joan is a good teacher. She prepares (prepare) her class with enthusiasm.
8. Ben is a good swimmer. He swims (swim) 400mts very fast.
9. Sebastian studies (study) at Bellas Artes School. He draws (draw) beautiful pictures.
10. Ben's sisters be (be) ballet dancers.

II. Write negative sentences. Use the verbs in parenthesis.

1. My brother doesn't (not like) to dance but he loves having a good talk.
2. Gina doesn't (not live) in Paracas, she lives in Pisco.
3. My parents do (not be) lawyers, they work in a school.
4. My school workers don't (not do) the homework on time.
5. Georgio do (not cook) well. She wants to have some cooking lessons.
6. My cousin Lucas doesn't (not have) to walk his dog, he pays to someone else to do that.
7. If you don't (not study) on time, you will have many problems.
8. Please, don't (not forget) to do the chores.
9. Mario doesn't (not wear) shirts because he doesn't (not like) them.
10. Jean and his brother don't (not be) twins. Jean is 12 and his brother is 10.

III. Write interrogative sentences. Use Do or Does and the verbs in parenthesis. Answer the questions.

1. Do you like to go (go) to the movies? do. Let's go today.
2. Do your mother read (read) the newspaper everyday?
Does. She prefers to watch the news.
3. Do your cousins come (come) to visit you every weekend?
Does. We all play soccer and then we watch a movie.
4. Does Ximena study (study) in New York?
Does. She is studying Art.
5. What do you like (like) for dinner? I do chicken.
6. What do Milena study (study)? She studies (study) Architecture.
7. Do your grandma cook (cook)? Does. She cooks very well.

NAME: Erika Patricia de Gomez

DATE: _____

GRAMMAR QUIZ PRESENT SIMPLE

• Complete these sixteen sentences to score your knowledge of PRESENT SIMPLE grammar

1. My brother ... his favorite TV program every evening.
a) watches
b) watch
c) watching
2. I ... in a small apartment near the college.
a) living
b) lives
c) live
3. She ... three languages: English, French, and Spanish.
a) speak
b) speaking
c) speaks
4. My friend has a sister, but he doesn't ... a brother.
a) has
b) have
c) had
5. ... your father a teacher or a policeman?
a) Is
b) Does
c) Are
6. My wife and I are from Canada. ... you from?
a) Where are
b) Where
c) Where do
7. My sister's name ... Susan. She is a doctor.
a) are
b) has
c) is
8. I live in Rio de Janeiro. Where ... live?
a) you
b) do you
c) are you
9. I ... a very busy person. In fact, I have lots of free time.
a) do not
b) not
c) am not
10. We ... swim, jog, and play sports to stay strong and healthy.
a) like
b) like to
c) likes
11. I usually ... very early in the mornings.
a) get up
b) gets up
c) am getting up
12. My classmate ... in class right now, she's in the library.
a) not
b) isn't
c) doesn't
13. I work twelve hours a day, but I ... my job.
a) love
b) loves
c) loving
14. My friends ... busy because they are on holiday.
a) isn't
b) don't
c) aren't
15. (A) ... do you usually go on holiday?
(B) I usually go to Greece.
a) What
b) Where
c) Who
16. My mother ... English at a high school.
a) teaching
b) teach
c) teaches

15 - 16 = Excellent

13 - 14 = Good

12 or Less = Study More!

WORD POWER Family

A **PAIR WORK** Complete the sentences about the Carter family. Then listen and check your answers.

1. Anne is Paul's wife.
2. Jason and Emily are their children.
3. Paul is Anne's husband.
4. Jason is Anne's son.
5. Emily is Paul's daughter.
6. Jason is Emily's brother.
7. Emily is Jason's sister.
8. Paul and Anne are Jason's parents.

kids = children
mom = mother
dad = father

B **PAIR WORK** Who are the people in your family? What are their names?

"My mother's name is Angela. My brothers' names are David and Daniel."



GRAMMAR FOCUS

Simple present statements

I walk to school.	You don't live far from here.	don't = do not
He rides his bike to school.	You don't live near here.	doesn't = does not
She works near here.	He doesn't work downtown.	
She takes the bus to work.	She doesn't drive to work.	
We live with our parents.	We don't live alone.	
They use public transportation.	They don't need a car.	

A Paul Carter is talking about his family. Complete the sentences with the correct verb forms. Then compare with a partner.

1. My family and I live (live / lives) in the suburbs. My wife and I work (work / works) near here, so we walk (walk / walks) to work. Our daughter Emily works (work / works) downtown, so she drives (drive / drives) to work. Our son doesn't (don't / doesn't) drive. He rides (ride / rides) his bike to school.
2. My parents live (live / lives) in the city. My mother takes (take / takes) a train to work. My father is retired, so he doesn't (don't / doesn't) work now. He also uses (use / uses) public transportation, so they doesn't (don't / doesn't) need a car.

verb endings: he, she, it

walk	→	walks
ride	→	rides
study	→	studies
watch	→	watches

1 Simple present statements with irregular verbs

and Simple present statements with regular verbs

- ▶ In affirmative statements, verbs with he/she/it end in -s: He/She **walks** to school. BUT I/You/We/They **walk** to school.
- ▶ In negative statements, use *doesn't* with he/she/it and *don't* with all the others: He/She/It **doesn't** live here. I/You/We/They **don't** live here.
- ▶ Don't add -s to the verb: She **doesn't** live here. (NOT: She *doesn't* lives here.)

Elena is talking about her family. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in parentheses.

My family and I live (live) in the city. We has (have) an apartment on First Avenue. My sister go (go) to school near our apartment, so she walks (walk) to school. My father work (work) in the suburbs, so he drives (drive) to his job. My mother use (use) public transportation - she takes (take) the bus to her office downtown. She has (have) a new job, but she don't (not like) it very much. And me? Well, I do work (not work) far from our apartment, so I do need (not need) a car or public transportation. I ride (ride) my bike to work!

Simple present statements with irregular verbs

I/you/we/they

I **have** a bike.
We **do** our homework every day.
My parents **go** to work by bus.

he/she/it

My father **has** a car.
My mother **does** a lot of work at home.
The bus **goes** downtown.

B Ashley is talking about her family and her friend Jason. Complete the sentences. Then compare with a partner.

1. My parents have (have / has) a house in the suburbs. My mom and dad go (go / goes) downtown to work. My parents are very busy, so I do (do / does) a lot of work at home.
2. My brother doesn't live with us. He goes (have / has) an apartment in the city. He goes (go / goes) to school all day, and he does (do / does) his homework at night.
3. I have (have / has) a new friend. His name is Jason. We go (go / goes) to the same school, and sometimes we do (do / does) our homework together.

C PAIR WORK Tell your partner about your family.

"I have one brother and two sisters. My brother is a teacher. He has a car, so he drives to work."

positivo

Negativo

I get up at 6am

she gets up at 6am

I don't get up at 6am

she doesn't get up at 6am

I play videogames

He plays videogames

I don't play videogames

He doesn't play videogames

I yo

you tu

He el

she ella

it ellos

We nosotros

they ustedes

1. Erick plays (play) soccer at night
2. My family and I travel (travel) to san cristobal
3. My best friend doesn't (not, cook) pizzas
4. The dog doesn't (not, take a shower) everyday
5. The city doesn't (not sleep) late
6. My sister and her boy friend do (dance) every Friday
7. Ana, Laura and I do (do homework) everyday
8. stela drinks (drink) coffee every morning
9. charly cries (cry) at night
10. Dani doesn't (not, read) romantic novels.

PRONUNCIATION *Third-person singular -s endings*

- Listen and practice. Notice the pronunciation of the -s endings.

s = /s/
take takes
sleep sleeps

s = /z/
drive drives
study studies

(e)s = /ɪz/
dance dances
watch watches

irregular
do does
have has

CONVERSATION *I get up at noon.*

- Listen and practice.

Jack: Let's go to the park on Sunday.

Amy: OK, but let's go in the afternoon.
I sleep late on weekends.

Jack: What time do you get up on Sundays?

Amy: At ten o'clock.

Jack: Oh, that's early. On Sundays,
I get up at noon.

Amy: Really? Do you eat breakfast then?

Jack: Sure. I have breakfast every day.

Amy: Then let's meet at this restaurant at
one o'clock. They serve breakfast all day!



GRAMMAR FOCUS

Simple present questions

Do you **get up** early?

No, I **get up** late.

Does he **eat** lunch at noon?

No, he **eats** lunch at one o'clock.

Do they **take** the bus to class?

No, they **take** the subway.

What time **do** you **get up**?

At ten o'clock.

What time **does** he **have** dinner?

At eight o'clock.

When **do** they **take** the subway?

On Tuesdays and Thursdays.

- A Complete the questions with *do* or *does*.

1. *Do* you get up early on weekdays?
2. What time *do* you go home on Fridays?
3. *Do* your father work on weekends?
4. *Does* your mother cook every day?
5. *Do* your parents read in the evening?
6. When *does* your parents shop?
7. *Do* you check your email at night?
8. What time *do* you have dinner?
9. When *do* you study?
10. *Do* your best friend drive to class?
1. What time *do* your father get up?

time expressions

early	in the morning
late	in the afternoon
every day	in the evening
at 9:00	on Sundays
at noon / midnight	on weekdays
at night	on weekends

2 Simple present questions

- ▶ In questions, use *does* with he/she/it and *do* with all the others: **Does** he/she/it get up early? **Do** I/you/we/they get up early?
- ▶ Don't add *-s* to the verb: Does she **live** alone? (NOT: ~~Does she lives alone?~~)

A Write questions to complete the conversations.

1. A: *Do you use public transportation?*
B: Yes, I use public transportation.
2. A:
B: No, my family doesn't eat dinner at 5:00.
3. A:
B: No, my brother doesn't take the bus to work.
4. A:
B: No, I don't get up late on weekends.

- ▶ Use *in* with *the morning/afternoon/evening*. Use *at* with *night*: I go to school **in** the afternoon and work **at** night.
- ▶ Use *at* with clock times: She gets up **at** 8:00
- ▶ Use *on* with days: He sleeps late **on** weekends. She has class **on** Mondays.

B Complete the conversation with *at*, *in*, or *on*.

- A: Does your family have breakfast together*in*..... the morning?
B: Well, we eat together*on*..... weekends, but*on*..... weekdays we're all busy. My parents go to work early -*at*..... 6:30. But we eat dinner together*in*..... the evening, and we have a big lunch together*on*..... Sundays. We eat*at*..... noon. Then*on*..... the afternoon, we play tennis or go to the movies.

B PAIR WORK Ask and answer the questions from part A. Use time expressions from the box.

- A: Do you get up early on weekdays?
B: Yes. I get up at seven o'clock.