



**Iber Emanuel Vázquez Arguello**

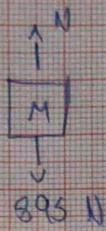
**Arq. Pedro Alberto García**

**Estatica**

**Estática Para La Arquitectura**

**PASIÓN POR EDUCAR**

**3er Semestre**



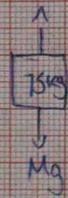
Encontrar la masa y comprobar equilibrio

$$M = 91.23$$

$$N = 895$$

$$895 \div 9.81 = 91.23$$

$$E_{fc} = 895 - 895 = 0$$



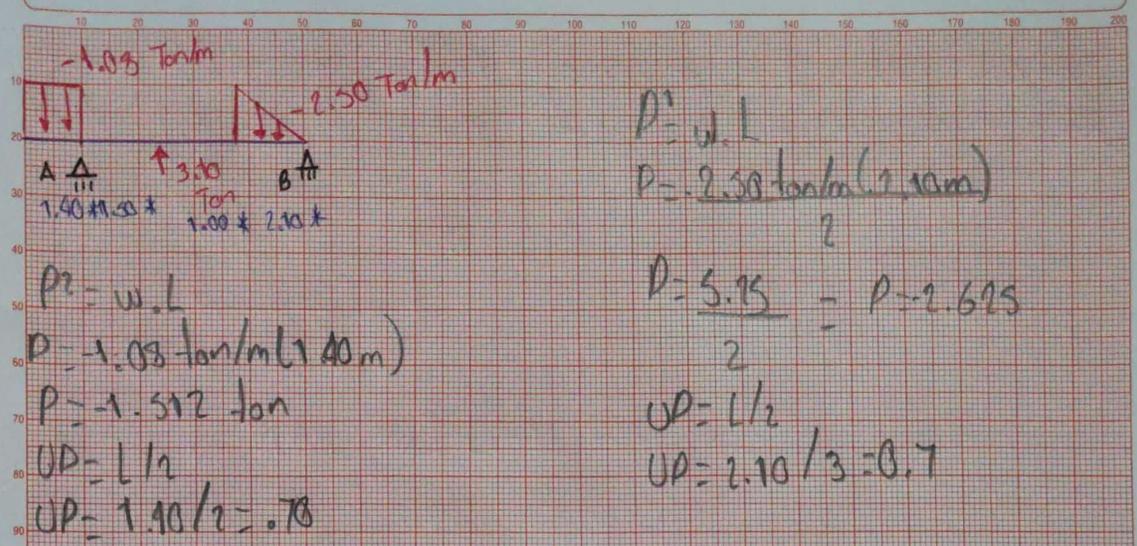
Comprobar equilibrio

$$N = 735$$

$$Mg = 75$$

$$E_{fc} = 735 \text{ N} - 735 \text{ N} = 0$$

$$75 \times 9.81 = 735$$



$$P_1 = w \cdot L$$

$$P_1 = 1.08 \text{ ton/m} (1.40 \text{ m})$$

$$P_1 = 1.512 \text{ ton}$$

$$UD = L/2$$

$$UD = 1.40/2 = 0.70$$

$$P_2 = w \cdot L$$

$$P_2 = 2.50 \text{ ton/m} (2.10 \text{ m})$$

$$P_2 = 5.25$$

$$UD = L/3$$

$$UD = 2.10/3 = 0.7$$

$$RB = [-1.512 \text{ ton} (0.70 \text{ m})] + [3.10 \text{ ton} (1.50 \text{ m})] + [-2.625 \text{ ton} (3.8 \text{ m})] + RB \cdot 5.2$$

$$= RB = \frac{4.267}{5.2} = 0.82$$

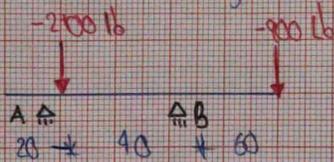
$$\Sigma F_Y = 1.512 + RA + 3.10 - 2.625 + 0.82$$

$$RA = -0.217$$

$$RA = 0.217 \text{ ton}$$

$$-1.512 + 0.217 + 3.10 - 2.625 + 0.82 = 0$$

Un tranco de 2100 libras se utiliza para levantar 900 libras de grava, determina la reacción de cada uno de sus ejes.



$$RB = [(-2100 \text{ lb}) 20''] + [(-900 \text{ lb}) 40''] - [RB(60'')] = 0$$

$$= -42000 \text{ lb} - 36000 + RB \cdot 60'' = 0$$

$$= -78000 + RB \cdot 60'' = 0$$

$$RB = \frac{78000}{60} = 1300$$

$$RA = -2100 - 900 + 1300 = 0$$

$$-650 = 650$$

$$650 - 2100 - 900 + 1300 = 0$$