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GRAMMAR - Would like

- We use "would like" (contraction: I'd like) to politely express what we want, likes and dislikes.
We use it either with verbs and nouns.

Example (verb): I would like to eat a pizza now. WOULD LIKE + TO + VERB

Example (noun): I would like a Coke now. WOULD LIKE + NOUN

- We also use "would like" to make polite offers and requests.

Example (offer): Would you like some tea?

Example (request): I would like to get a return ticket for tomorrow.

- Questions and answers

Would you like to go to the concert with me? Yes, I would. / No, I would not or I wouldn't (contraction).

Be careful!

Don't contract "would" in affirmative short answers.

Example: Would you like to listen to music? Yes, I would NOT Yes, I'd.

Exercise 1. Complete the sentences using a comparative form.

1. Sara: "_B_ some cake?" Marta: "Yes, please!".

- a. do you like b. would you like

2. Steve: "What sort of music _A_?". Andy: "Dance music".

- a. do you like b. would like

3. Jana: "_A_ a banana?" Nick: "No, thanks I'm not hungry".

- a. would you like b. do you like

4. Liz: "_B_ bananas?" Paul: "Yes, I love them!".

- a. would you like b. do you like

5. Tony: "do you play tennis?" Mike: "Yes, I do". Tony: "_B_ to play a game now?" Mike: "Yeah, sure!"

- a. do you like b. would you like

6. I'm hot and thirsty. _A_ a cold drink.

- a. I'd like b. I like

7. I'm tired. _A_ to go to bed now.

- a. I'd like b. I like

8. "_A_ an apple, please!".

- a. I'd like b. I like

9. _B_ apples. They're my favorite fruit.

a. I like

b. I'd like

10. I B to go to Italy for a holiday next year.

a. like

b would like

Exercise 2. Form sentences with "would like to" and one of the verbs from the list below.

go

have

make

see

talk

visit

1. We WOULD LIKE HAVE dinner.

2. We WOULD LIKE MAKE a pizza.

3. I WOULD LIKE GO to a restaurant.

4. Jane WOULD LIKE SEE the film.

5. They WOULD LIKE VISIT London.

6. I WOULD LIKE TALK to you.

GRAMMAR - The past tense of "be".

Affirmative/ negative

Singular

I
He } was/wasn't at school yesterday.
She }

Plural

We
You } were/weren't at home.
They }

Example: There was a concert last night.

Example: There were movies last weekend.

Questions

Singular

Was I ...? }
Was He ...? } Yes, I was/ No, I wasn't
Was She ...? } He
Was it ...? } She
it
He
She
it

Plural

Were we ...? }
Were you ...? } Yes, we was/ No, we wasn't
were they ...? } we
you
they
you
they

There was/ there were

Affirmative

There is (present) – there was (past).

Example: There was a concert last night.

Negative

There isn't (present)- there wasn't

There are (present) – there were (past)

Example: There were two movies last weekend

WH- questions

Where

When + was/were + subject + complement

Who

Example: Where were you last night?

Example: When was she in Italy?

Example: Who was at the party yesterday?

Exercise 3. Complete with the Past Simple of "be".

1. A: Where were Paul and Jackie last night?

B: I don't know, but they were here.

2. A: WAS she at school yesterday?

B: No. She WAS at home.

3. A: When WERE you in Italy? Last year?

B: Last year? No, we WERE in Italy last year.

4. A: What time WAS the movie?

B: It WAS at 7:00.

5. A: WERE your parents at home at 10:00 last night?

B: No. They WERE at a play.

6. A: Who WAS at work on Monday?

B: Barry and Anne WERE. But I WAS.

Exercise 4. Fill in the blanks with “was” or “were”.

1. We **_WERE_** the champions last year.
2. Where is James? He **_WAS_** here just now.
3. Mom and Dad **_WERE_** on vacation last week.
4. The weather **_WAS_** fine this morning.
5. There **_WERE_** a lot of people at our party yesterday.
6. There **_WAS_** a small lake here many years ago.
7. He **_WAS_** sick yesterday.

GRAMMAR - The Past Simple tense

- We use the Past Simple to talk about completed actions or situations that took place at a specific time in the past.

Example: I visited Berlin last week.

Example: Andrew watched TV yesterday.

- Sometimes the speaker may not mention the specific time, but they do have a specific time in mind.

Example: When I went to Japan I enjoyed it a lot.

Regular verbs

Affirmative

I
You
He
She
It
We
You
They

liked the movie

Negative

didn't like the concert.

Questions

I
you
he
it
we
you
they

Did she like the movie? Yes, she did.
No, she didn't.

Spelling changes

- Regular verbs add -ed to the base form.

Example: watch- watched

- If the base form ends in "e", just add -d.

Example: like- liked

- If the base form ends in a consonant + "y", add -ied.

Example: study- studied

- If the base form ends in a vowel + "y", add -ed.

Example: play- played

- If the base form ends in a consonant after a stressed vowel at the end of the word, double the consonant and add -ed.

Example: stop- stopped

Irregular verbs

Some verbs have an irregular form for the Past Simple. There is no rule for these verbs. You should learn them by heart.

Here are some examples.

Base Form	Past Simple	Base Form	Past Simple	Base Form	Past Simple
buy	→ bought	eat	→ ate	read	→ read
come	→ came	get	→ got	say	→ said
cut	→ cut	go	→ went	see	→ saw
do	→ did	have	→ had	take	→ took
drink	→ drank	make	→ made	think	→ thought
drive	→ drove	put	→ put	write	→ wrote

For more irregular verbs see page 44.

Exercise 5. Complete the conversations with the Simple Past tense.

1. A: Where did your family go (your family / go) on Saturday?

B: WE WENT (we / go) to the movies WESAW (we / see) a good family movie.

A: DID YOU GO (you / go) out to eat afterwards?

B: Yes, we WE ATE (we / eat) Indonesian food. IT HAT (it / have) a lot of pepper.

A: But I thought your husband didn't like (I / think) (your husband / not like) peppery food.

B: Actually, HE ATE (he / eat) a little and HE SAID (he / say) it was good.

2. A: WHO DID TAKE (who / take) out the garbage this morning?

B: Actually, LAURA DID (Laura / do).

A: And DID WHO DO (who / do) the laundry?

B: I'm not sure. But I think LAURA DID (Laura / do) the laundry this morning, too.

A: That's great, but DID YOU DO (you / do) any household chores?

B: Me? Last week I DID (I / do) all the chores:

I WENT (I / go) shopping, and I CAME (I / come) home

early, and I MADE (I / make) dinner every night.

Exercise 6. Fill in the blanks with the correct Past Simple tense of the verbs in brackets.

1. She **WENT** home alone. (go)
2. The wind **BLEW** throughout the night. (blow)
3. An apple **DROPPED** o his head. (drop).
4. The princess' ball **ROLLED** into the well. (roll)
5. A frog **JUMPED** into the well and **BROUGHT** it back to her. (jump / bring).
6. Jack **GOT** the highest grade in his English class. (get)
7. The party **BEGAN** at 8:00 P.M. (begin)
8. He **SOLD** his old car and **BROUGHT** a new one. (sell/ buy)
9. Jackie **CLIMBED** up the ladder carefully. (climb)
10. Who **CLOSED** all the windows? (close)