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PASIÓN POR EDUCAR

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Materia: Inglés

Grado: 2do semestre

Grupo: A

GRAMMAR

Possessive pronouns / Whose

Possessive pronouns can replace nouns and noun phrases. They answer questions with "whose"

and clarify answers to questions with "which".

A: Whose coat is that?

B: It's mine. (= It's my coat.)

A: Which is her cup?

B: This one is hers.

Be careful!

- Don't use a possessive adjective in place of a possessive pronoun.
 Is this yours? NOT Is this your?
- Don't use a noun after a possessive pronoun.

These shoes are mine. NOT These are mine shoes.

subject pronouns	possessive adjectives	possessive pronouns
1	my	mine
you	your	yours
he	his	his
she	her	hers
it	its	its
we	our	ours
you	your	yours
they	their	theirs

Examples:

That's my jacket / It's mine.

Your dinner was great/ Yours was great.

Are these his keys?/ Are these his?

She drives her car to work/ She drives **hers** to work.

These are our shoes / These are **ours**.

They finished their assignment / They finished **theirs**.

Exercise 1. Replace the noun phrases with possessive pronouns

1. Those gloves are my gloves.

Answer:Those gloves are mine

2. That is her coat.

Answer:that is hers

3. The books on the table are Mr. Davison's.

Answer: the books on the tablet are his

4. Their car and our car are parked on the same street.

Answer: their car and ours are parked on the same

5. Are those my tickets or her tickets?

Answer: are Those My tickets or hers

6. The white house is my mother's house.

Answer: the white house is hers

7. Is this painting your painting or her brother's painting?

Answer: is this painting yours or his

8. The newspaper under the chair is his daughter's paper.

Answer:The newspaper under the chair is hers

9. Is this DVD your DVD or your friends'?

Answer: Is this DVD your DVD or theirs

10. Are these your son's shoes?

Answer: are Those yours

Exercise 2. Contesta correctamente

1.	This	car ishers car. This car is his.
	c)	her
2.	a) b)	house is our house. This house is _ours our ours we its
3.	a) b)	me mine
4.	a) b) c)	is your bike. This bike is _yours you your yous yours
5.	a) b) c)	isher_ dog. This dog is hers. her his hers she

- 6. These are _their__ children. These children are theirs.
 - a) theirs
 - b) them
 - c) they
 - d) their

Vocabulary

Exercise 3. Match the adjectives to pictures 1-10. (Escribe la letra de la figura que concuerda con la palabra)

corria palabraj

(1)-a magazine

(5) - a postcard

(10) - a box of chocolates

(9) - sweets

(8) - batteries

(4)-a newspaper

(7)- a birthday card

(2) - tissues

(6) - chewing gum

() - a map

THINGS TO BUY



EVENTS AND TIMES

VOCABULARY

What time is it?



1. It's one o'clock.



2. It's one fifteen. OR It's a quarter after one.



3. It's one twenty. OR It's twenty after one.



4. It's one thirty. OR It's half past one.



It's twenty to two.



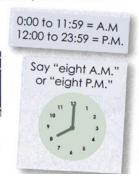
5. It's one forty. OR 6. It's one forty-five. OR It's a quarter to two.



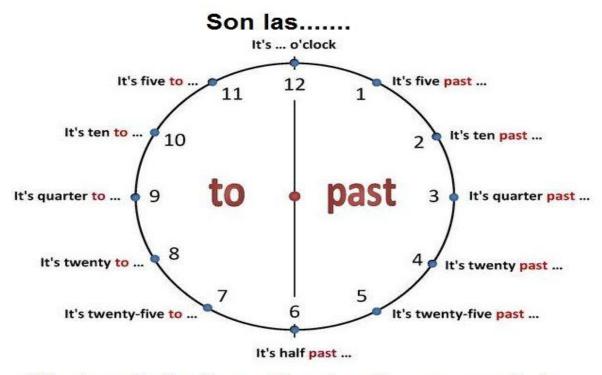
7. It's noon.



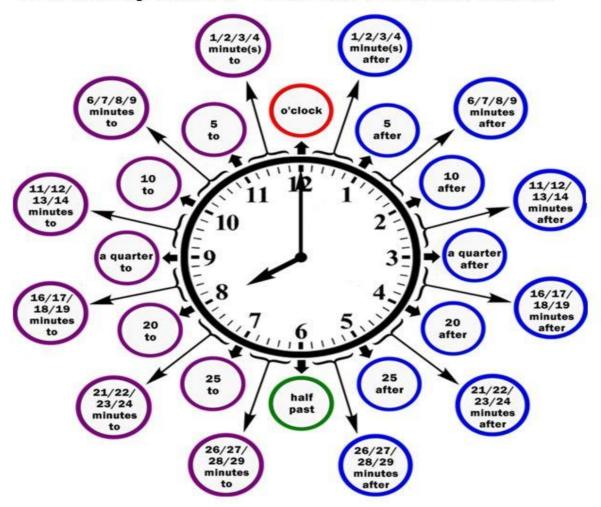
8. It's midnight.







It's twenty to five = Son las 5 menos veinte

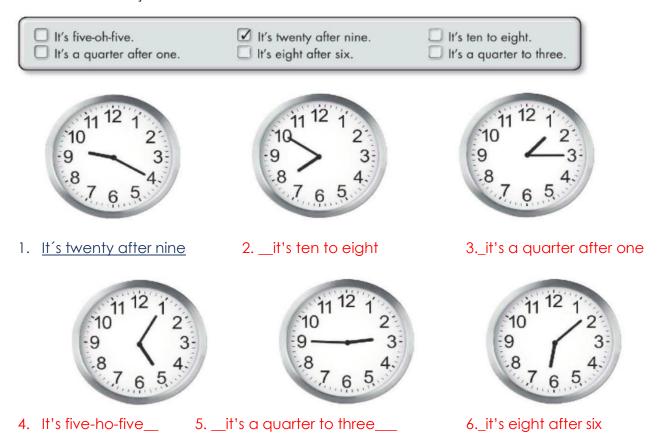


Ver video en youtube para la explicación de las horas:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ltXtQGHnp1E&feature=emb logo&ab channel=DianaPerez

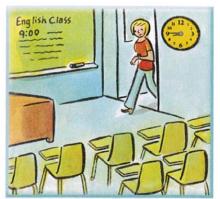


Exercise 4. What time is it?. Use the sentences in the box. ¿Qué hora es?, usa las oraciones en la caja.



VOCABULARY

Early, on time, and late.



1. She's early.



2. They're on time



3. He's late

VOCABULARY Events



1. a party



2. a dance



3. a game



4. a dinner



5. a movie



6. a concert

GRAMMAR

"Be": questions about time / Prepositions "at" and "on".

What time is it?

(It's) five twenty.

What time's the party?

(It's) at nine thirty.

What day is the concert? (It's) on Saturday.

When's the dance?

(It's) at ten o'clock.

(It's) on Friday at 10:00 P.M.

Contractions:

What time is -> What time's What day is → What day's When is → When's

Be careful!

What time is it? NOT-What time's it? When is it? NOT When's it?

Exercise 5. Complete the questions and answers. Use contractions when possible.

1. A: When ____is___ the party?

B: It's __at____ 11:00 p.m.

2: A: ____what___ days's the game?

B: It's ____on___ Saturday.

3. A: What ____time is____ the concert?

B: It's at 8:30.

4. A: What ____time___ the dinner? B: It's ____on__ Tuesday.

5. A: wen's the dance?

B: It's on Friday at 9:00.

6. A: What __time____ the class?

B: It's ____at__ noon.

GRAMMAR

Prepositions "in", "on" and "at" for dates and times.

When's the party? It's in January.

When's the dance? It's on January 15.th

When's the dinner? It's on the 12.th

What day's the meeting? It's on Tuesday.

What time's the movie? It's at noon.

What time's the dance? It's at 8:30.

Be careful! in the morning in the afternoon in the evening BUT at night



Exercise 6. Complete the sentences. Use "in", "on" or "at".

- 1. The concert is _____ July 14 _____ 3:00____ the afternoon.
- 2. The dinner is _____ December ____ the 6.
- 3. The party is _____ midnight _____ Saturday.
- 4. The movie is ______ November 1 _____ 8:30 p.m.
- 5. The game is _____ noon.
- 6. The meeting is at the State Bank ______ 11:00 _____ the morning ___ July 18.