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Nombre del trabajo: Unit Activity #1 – U4 2BEN

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Grupo: Único

GRAMMAR

Possessive pronouns / Whose

Possessive pronouns can replace nouns and noun phrases. They answer questions with

"whose" and clarify answers to questions with "which".

A: Whose coat is that? B: It's mine. (= It's my coat.)

A: Which is her cup? B: This one is hers.

Be careful!

- Don't use a possessive adjective in place of a possessive pronoun.
 Is this yours? NOT Is this your?
- Don't use a noun after a possessive pronoun.
 These shoes are mine. NOT these are

These shoes are mine. NOT These are mine shoes.

subject pronouns	possessive adjectives	possessive pronouns
I	my	mine
you	your	yours
he	his	his
she	her	hers
it	its	its
we	our	ours
you	your	yours
they	their	theirs

Examples:

That's my jacket / It's mine.

Your dinner was great/ Yours was great.

Are these his keys?/ Are these his?

She drives her car to work/ She drives hers to work.

These are our shoes / These are ours.

They finished their assignment / They finished **theirs**.

Exercise 1. Replace the noun phrases with possessive pronouns

1. Those gloves are my gloves.

Answer: mine

2. That is her coat.

Answer: hers

3. The books on the table are Mr. Davison's.

Answer: his

4. Their car and our car are parked on the same street.

Answer: ours

5. Are those my tickets or her tickets?

Answer: hers

6. The white house is my mother's house.

Answer: hers

7. Is this painting your painting or her brother's painting?

Answer: his

8. The newspaper under the chair is his daughter's paper.

Answer: hers

9. Is this DVD your DVD or your friends'?

Answer: theirs

10. Are these your son's shoes?

Answer: yours

Exercise 2. Contesta correctamente

1. This car is car. This car is his.
a) he b) her c) his d) hers
2. This house is our house. This house is
a) our b) ours c) we
d) its
3. This hat is my hat. This hat is
a) I b) me <mark>c) mine</mark> d) its
G) IIS
4. This is your bike. This bike is
a) you b) your c) yous <mark>d) yours</mark>
5. This is dog. This dog is hers. a) her b) his c) hers d) she
, -

- 6. These are ____ children. These children are theirs.
 - a) theirs
 - b) them
 - c) they
 - d) their

Vocabulary

Exercise 3. Match the adjectives to pictures 1-10. (Escribe la letra de la figura que concuerda con la palabra)

- (1)-amagazine
- (**5**) a postcard
- 10) a box of chocolates
- (9) sweets
- (8) batteries
- (4)-anewspaper
- (7)-abirthday card
- (2) tissues
- (6) chewing gum
- (3) a map

THINGS TO BUY



EVENTS AND TIMES

VOCABULARY

What time is it?



1. It's one o'clock.



2. It's one fifteen. OR It's a quarter after one.



3. It's one twenty. OR It's twenty after one.



4. It's one thirty. OR It's half past one.



It's twenty to two.



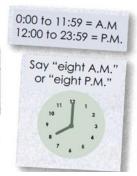
5. It's one forty. OR 6. It's one forty-five. OR It's a quarter to two.



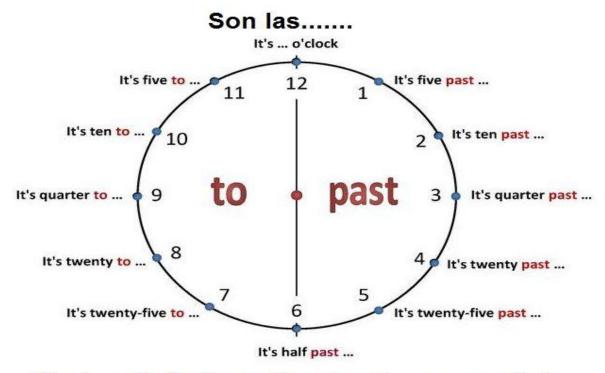
7. It's noon.



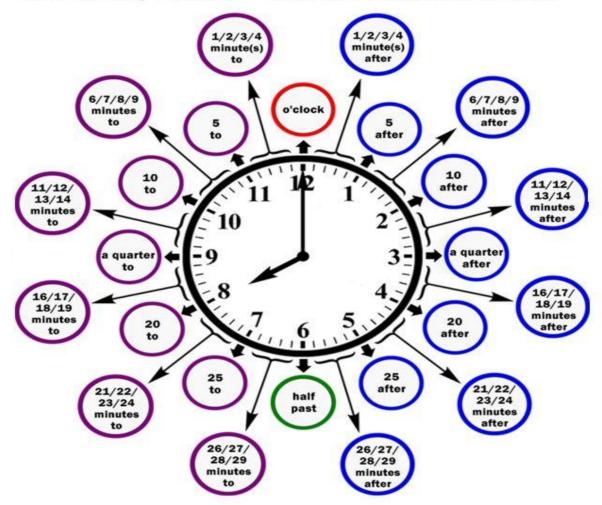
8. It's midnight.







It's twenty to five = Son las 5 menos veinte

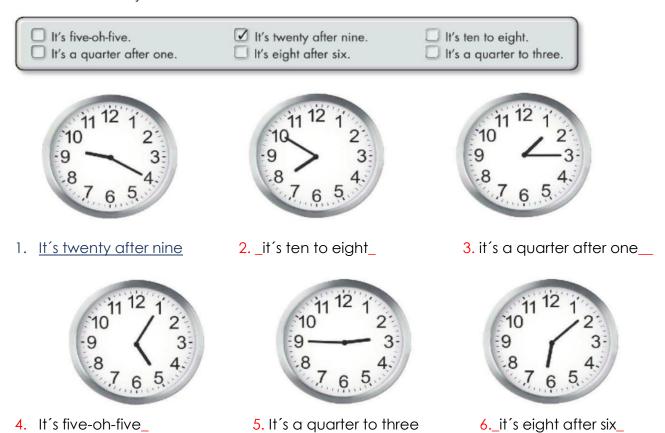


Ver video en youtube para la explicación de las horas:

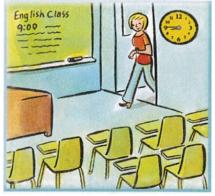
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ltXtQGHnp1E&feature=emb logo&ab channel=DianaPerez



Exercise 4. What time is it?. Use the sentences in the box. ¿Qué hora es?, usa las oraciones en la caja.



VOCABULARY Early, on time, and late.



1. She's early.



2. They're on time



3. He's late

VOCABULARY Events



1. a party



2. a dance



3. a game



4. a dinner



5. a movie



6. a concert

GRAMMAR

"Be": questions about time / Prepositions "at" and "on".

What time is it?

(It's) five twenty.

What time's the party?

(It's) at nine thirty.

What day is the concert? (It's) on Saturday.

When's the dance?

(It's) at ten o'clock.

(It's) on Friday at 10:00 P.M.

Contractions:

What time is -> What time's What day is → What day's When is → When's

Be careful!

What time is it? NOT-What time's it? When is it? NOT When's it?

Exercise 5. Complete the questions and answers. Use contractions when possible.

1. A: When __is___ the party?

B: It's _at___ 11:00 p.m.

2: A: __what___ days's the game?

B: It's _on___ Saturday.

3. A: What ___time is___ the concert?

B: It's __at__ 8:30.

4. A: What __times___ the dinner?

B: It's __on__ Tuesday.

5. A: when the dance?

B: It's on Friday at 9:00.

6. A: What __times___ the class?

B: It's _at__ noon.

GRAMMAR

Prepositions "in", "on" and "at" for dates and times.

When's the party? It's in January.

When's the dance? It's on January 15.th

When's the dinner? It's on the 12.th

What day's the meeting? It's on Tuesday.

What time's the movie? It's at noon.

What time's the dance? It's at 8:30.

Be careful! in the morning in the afternoon in the evening BUT at night



Exercise 6. Complete the sentences. Use "in", "on" or "at".

- 1. The concert is ___in__ July 14 __on__ 3:00__in__ the afternoon.
- 2. The dinner is ___at__ December ___on__ the 6.
- 3. The party is ___at__ midnight ___in__ Saturday.
- 4. The movie is ___at__ November 1 ___on___ 8:30 p.m.
- 5. The game is __at___ Wednesday ___in__ noon.
- 6. The meeting is at the State Bank __at__ 11:00 __on__ the morning __in_ July 18.