



**Nombre de alumno:** yoselin sánchez aguilar

**Nombre del profesor:** Juan Jaime

**Nombre del trabajo:** Unit Activity #1 – U4 2BEN

**Materia:** Ingles II

PASIÓN POR EDUCAR

**Grado:** 2DO SEMESTRE

**Grupo:** Unico

Comitán de Domínguez Chiapas a 19 de junio de 2023.

## GRAMMAR

### Possessive pronouns / Whose

Possessive pronouns can replace nouns and noun phrases. They answer questions with “whose” and clarify answers to questions with “which”.

A: Whose coat is that?      B: It's mine. (= It's my coat.)

A: Which is her cup?      B: This one is hers.

Be careful!

- Don't use a possessive adjective

in place of a possessive pronoun.

Is this yours? NOT Is this ~~you~~?

- Don't use a noun after a possessive pronoun.

These shoes are mine. NOT These are ~~mine shoes~~.

<u>subject pronouns</u>	<u>possessive adjectives</u>	<u>possessive pronouns</u>
I	my	mine
you	your	yours
he	his	his
she	her	hers
it	its	its
we	our	ours
you	your	yours
they	their	theirs

### Examples:

That's my jacket / It's **mine**.

Your dinner was great/ **Yours** was great.

Are these his keys?/ Are these **his**?

She drives her car to work/ She drives **hers** to work.

These are our shoes / These are **ours**.

They finished their assignment / They finished **theirs**.

**Exercise 1.** Replace the noun phrases with possessive pronouns

1. Those gloves are ~~my gloves~~.

Answer: Those gloves are mine

2. That is ~~her coat~~.

Answer: That is hers

3. The books on the table are ~~Mr. Davison's~~.

Answer: The books on the table are his

4. Their car and ~~our car~~ are parked on the same street.

Answer: Their car and our cars are parked on the same street

5. Are those my tickets or ~~her tickets~~?

Answer: Are those my tickets or hers tickets

6. The white house is ~~my mother's house~~.

Answer: The white house is mine mother's house

7. Is this painting ~~your painting~~ or ~~her brother's painting~~?

Answer: Is this painting yours painting or hers brother's painting?

8. The newspaper under the chair is ~~his daughter's paper~~.

Answer: The newspaper under the chair is his daughter paper

9. Is this DVD your DVD or ~~your friends'~~?

Answer: Is this DVD your DVD or yours friends

10. Are these ~~your son's shoes~~?

Answer: Are these yours son's shoes?

**Exercise 2.** Contesta correctamente

1. This car is  car. This car is his.

- a) he
- b) her
- c) his
- d) hers

2. This house is our house. This house is .

- a) our
- b) ours
- c) we
- d) its

3. This hat is my hat. This hat is .

- a) I
- b) me
- c) mine
- d) its

4. This is your bike. This bike is .

- a) you
- b) your
- c) yours
- d) yours

5. This is  dog. This dog is hers.

- a) her
- b) his
- c) hers
- d) she

6. These are \_\_\_\_ children. These children are theirs.

- a) theirs
- b) them
- c) they
- d) their

## Vocabulary

**Exercise 3.** Match the adjectives to pictures 1-10. (Escribe la letra de la figura que concuerda con la palabra)

- ( 1 ) - a magazine
- ( 5 ) - a postcard
- ( 10 ) - a box of chocolates
- ( 9 ) - sweets
- ( 8 ) - batteries
- ( 4 ) - a newspaper
- ( 7 ) - a birthday card
- ( 2 ) - tissues
- ( 6 ) - chewing gum
- ( 3 ) - a map



## EVENTS AND TIMES

### VOCABULARY

#### What time is it?



1. It's one o'clock.



2. It's one fifteen. OR  
It's a quarter after one.



3. It's one twenty. OR  
It's twenty after one.



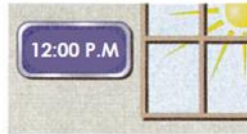
4. It's one thirty. OR  
It's half past one.



5. It's one forty. OR  
It's twenty to two.



6. It's one forty-five. OR  
It's a quarter to two.



7. It's noon.



8. It's midnight.

0:00 to 11:59 = A.M.  
12:00 to 23:59 = P.M.

Say "eight A.M."  
or "eight P.M."



**TO** (las... menos...)

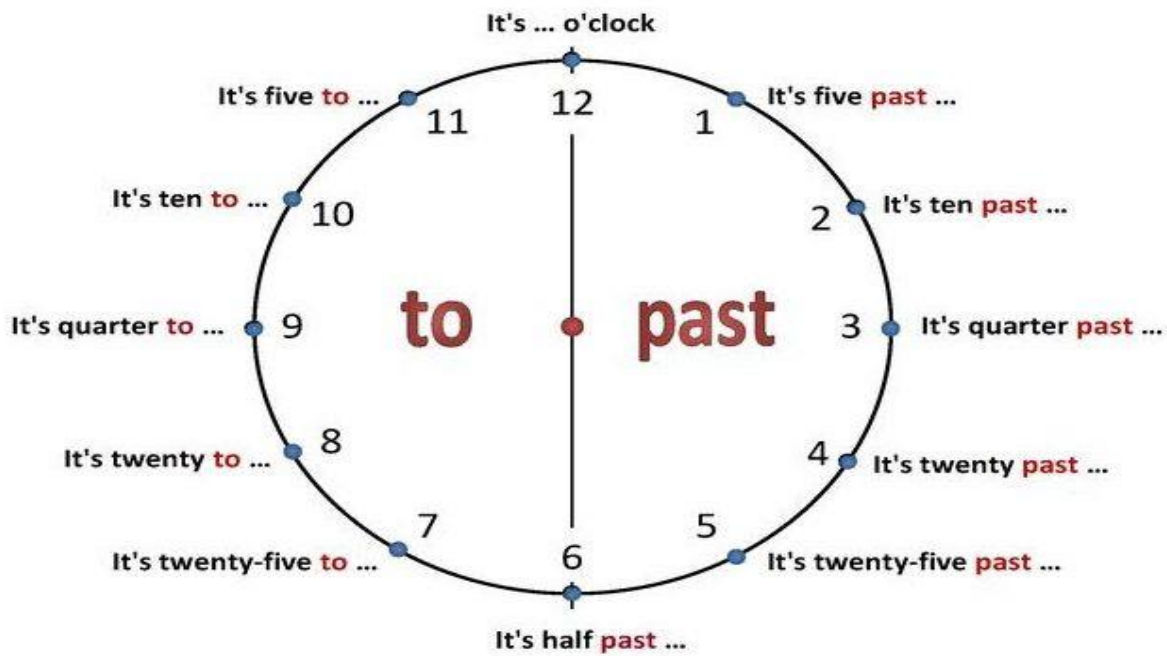
**It's... o'clock**

**PAST** (las... y...)

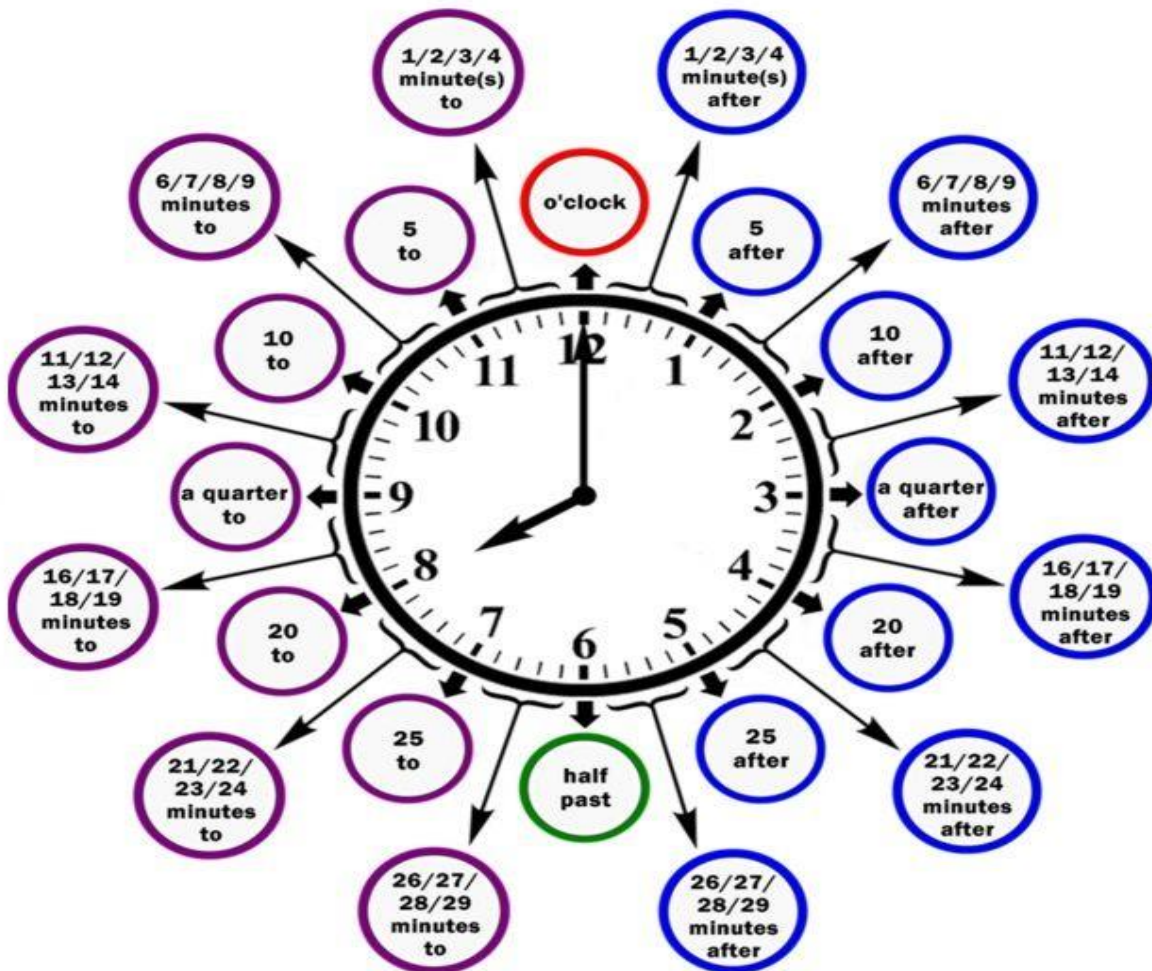




# Son las.....

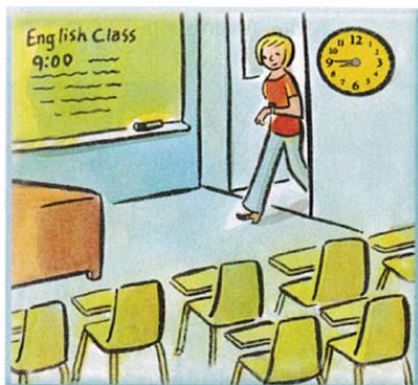


It's twenty to five = Son las 5 menos veinte

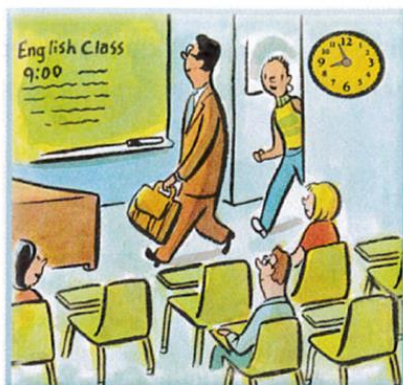


## VOCABULARY

Early, on time, and late.



1. She's early.



2. They're on time



3. He's late

## VOCABULARY

Events



1. a party



2. a dance



3. a game



4. a dinner



5. a movie



6. a concert



## GRAMMAR

“Be”: questions about time / Prepositions “at” and “on”.

**What time is it?** (It's) five twenty.  
**What time's the party?** (It's) **at** nine thirty.  
**What day is the concert?** (It's) **on** Saturday.  
**When's the dance?** (It's) **at** ten o'clock.  
(It's) **on** Friday at 10:00 P.M.

Contractions:

What time is → What time's

What day is → What day's

When is → When's

Be careful!

What time is it? NOT ~~What time's it?~~

When is it? NOT ~~When's it?~~

**Exercise 5.** Complete the questions and answers. Use contractions when possible.

1. A: When   is   the party?

B: It's   at   11:00 p.m.

2. A:   what   days's the game?

B: It's   on   Saturday.

3. A: What   day is   the concert?

B: It's   at   8:30.

4. A: What   day is   the dinner?

B: It's   on   Tuesday.

5. A:   when is   the dance?

B: It's   at   Friday at 9:00.

6. A: What   time   the class?

B: It's   on   noon.

## GRAMMAR

### Prepositions “in”, “on” and “at” for dates and times.

When's the party?	It's in January.
When's the dance?	It's on January 15 <sup>th</sup> .
When's the dinner?	It's on the 12 <sup>th</sup> .
What day's the meeting?	It's on Tuesday.
What time's the movie?	It's at noon.
What time's the dance?	It's at 8:30.

Be careful!  
in the morning  
in the afternoon  
in the evening  
BUT at night



**Exercise 6.** Complete the sentences. Use “in”, “on” or “at”.

1. The concert is \_\_\_in\_\_\_ July 14 \_\_\_at\_\_\_ 3:00 \_\_\_on\_\_\_ the afternoon.
2. The dinner is \_\_\_in\_\_\_ December \_\_\_on\_\_\_ the 6.
3. The party is \_\_\_on\_\_\_ midnight \_\_\_in\_\_\_ Saturday.
4. The movie is \_\_\_on\_\_\_ November 1 \_\_\_at\_\_\_ 8:30 p.m.
5. The game is \_\_\_in\_\_\_ Wednesday \_\_\_on\_\_\_ noon.
6. The meeting is at the State Bank \_\_\_at\_\_\_ 11:00 \_\_\_in\_\_\_ the morning \_\_\_on\_\_\_ July 18.