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GRAMMAR

Possessive pronouns / Whose

Possessive pronouns can replace nouns and noun phrases. They answer questions with

"whose" and clarify answers to questions with "which".

A: Whose coat is that? B: It's mine. (= It's my coat.)

A: Which is her cup? B: This one is hers.

Be careful!

- Don't use a possessive adjective in place of a possessive pronoun.
 Is this yours? NOT Is this your?
- Don't use a noun after a possessive pronoun.

These shoes are mine. NOT These are mine shoes.

subject pronouns	possessive adjectives	possessive pronouns
I	my	mine
you	your	yours
he	his	his
she	her	hers
it	its	its
we	our	ours
you	your	yours
they	their	theirs

Examples:

That's my jacket / It's mine.

Your dinner was great/ Yours was great.

Are these his keys?/ Are these his?

She drives her car to work/ She drives hers to work.

These are our shoes / These are ours.

They finished their assignment / They finished **theirs**.

Exercise 1. Replace the noun phrases with possessive pronouns

1. Those gloves are my gloves.

Answer: those gloves are mine

2. That is her coat.

Answer:.that coat is hers

3. The books on the table are Mr. Davison's.

Answer: the books on the table are his

4. Their car and our car are parked on the same street.

Answer: their car and ours is parked on the same street

5. Are those my tickets or her tickets?

Answer: are those my tickets or hers?

6. The white house is my mother's house.

Answer: the White House is hers

7. Is this painting your painting or her brother's painting?

Answer:is this painting hers or his?

8. The newspaper under the chair is his daughter's paper.

Answer: the, newspaper under the chair is hers

9. Is this DVD your DVD or your friends'?

Answer:is this DVD your dvd or theirs

10. Are these your son's shoes?

Answer: are these his?

Exercise 2. Contesta correctamente

1. Thi	s car is car. This car is his.
a	he
b	her
C)	his
d	hers
2. Thi	s house is our house. This house is
a	our
b	ours
C	we
d	its
3. Thi	s hat is my hat. This hat is
a) I
b	me
C	mine
d	its
4. Thi	s is your bike. This bike is
a	you
b	your
C	yous
d	yours
5. Thi	s is dog. This dog is hers.
a	her

- b) his
- c) hers
- d) she
- 6. These are ____ children. These children are theirs.
 - a) theirs
 - b) them
 - c) they
 - d) their

Vocabulary

Exercise 3. Match the adjectives to pictures 1-10. (Escribe la letra de la figura que concuerda

con la palabra)

(1)-a magazine

(**5**) - a postcard

(10) - a box of chocolates

(9) - sweets

(8) - batteries

(4) - a newspaper

(7) - a birthday card

(2) - tissues

(6) - chewing gum

(3) - a map

THINGS TO BUY



EVENTS AND TIMES

VOCABULARY

What time is it?



1. It's one o'clock.



2. It's one fifteen. OR It`s a quarter after one.



3. It's one twenty. OR It's twenty after one.



4. It's one thirty. OR It's half past one.





5. It's one forty. OR 6. It's one forty-five. OR It's twenty to two. It's a quarter to two.



7. It's noon.



8. It's midnight.

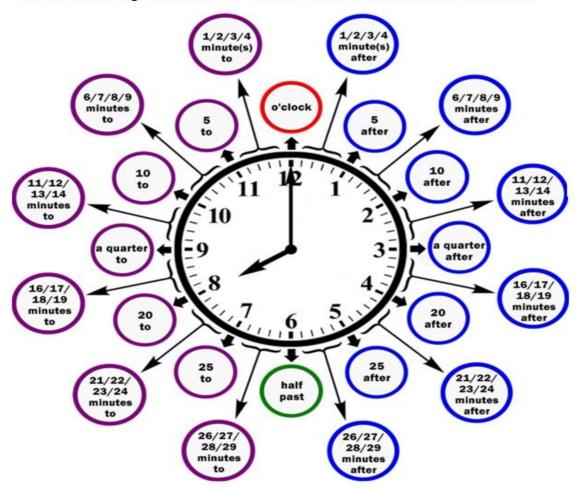




Son las..... It's ... o'clock It's five to ... t's five past ... 12 11 It's ten to ... It's ten past ... 10 past It's quarter to ... It's quarter past ... 8 4 It's twenty past ... It's twenty to ... 5 It's twenty-five to ... It's twenty-five past ...

It's twenty to five = Son las 5 menos veinte

It's half past ...

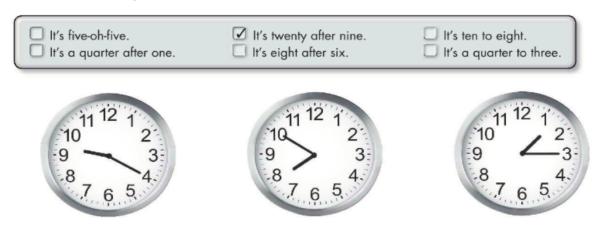


Ver video en youtube para la explicación de las horas:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ltXtQGHnp1E&feature=emb_logo&ab_channel=DianaPerez



Exercise 4. What time is it?. Use the sentences in the box. ¿Qué hora es?, usa las oraciones en la caja.



1. It's twenty after nine

2. It's ten to eight

3._it's a quarter after one







4. it's five-oh-five

5. It's a quarter past three

6._its eight after six

VOCABULARY Early, on time, and late.



1. She`s early.



2. They're on time



3. He's late

VOCABULARY Events



GRAMMAR

"Be": questions about time / Prepositions "at" and "on".

What time is it? (It's) five twenty. What time`s the party? (It's) at nine thirty. Contractions: What day is the concert? (It's) on Saturday. What time is \rightarrow What time's What day is 🔷 What day's When's the dance? (It's) at ten o'clock. → When's When is (It's) on Friday at 10:00 P.M. Be careful! What time is it? NOT-What time's it? When is it? NOT When's it?

Exercise 5. Complete the questions and answers. Use contractions when possible.

1. A: When ___is___ the party? B: It's ___at___ 11:00 p.m.

2:	A:	what	day	ys's	the	game?
				,		9

B: It's ___on___ Saturday.

3. A: What ___time is____ the concert?

B: It's __at____ 8:30.

4. A: What ____time is____ the dinner? B: It's ___on___ Tuesday.

5. A: when's the dance? B: It's ___on___ Friday at 9:00.

6. A: What ____time is____ the class?

B: It's ____at___ noon.

GRAMMAR

Prepositions "in", "on" and "at" for dates and times.

	When's the party? When's the dance? When's the dinner? What day's the meeting? What time's the movie? What time's the dance?	It's at noon.	Be careful! in the morning in the affernoon in the evening BUT at night	The concert's on August 12.	
E	Exercise 6. Complete	the sentences. Use '	'in", "on" or '	ʻat".	
1	I. The concert isor	ı July 14 <u> </u>	3:00	in the afternoon.	
2	2. The dinner isin	Decembero	on the 6 ⁻	th.	
	3. The party isat_	_ midnighton	Saturday.		
2	4. The movie ison_	November 1st _	at 8:3	0 p.m.	
	5. The game ison_	Wednesday	_at noor	٦.	
ć	3. The meeting is at th	e State Banka	ıt 11:00	_in the morningc	n_ July

18.