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Materia: Ingles II

PASIÓN POR EDUCAR

Grado: 2°

Grupo: “A”

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What do you do?

GRAMMAR – Professions

Word	Translation
actor/actress	actor/actriz
archaeologist	arqueólogo
architect	arquitecto
astronaut	astronauta
baker	pastelero
banker	banquero
biologist	biólogo
bus driver	conductor de autobús
businessman	hombre de negocios
butcher	carnicero
carpenter	carpintero
cashier	cajero
cleaner	persona de limpieza
cook	cocinero
chef	jefe de cocina
dentist	dentista
doctor	médico
designer	diseñador
electrician	electricista

Word	Translation
hairdresser	peluquero/a
journalist	periodista
lawyer	abogado
librarian	bibliotecario/a
lorry driver UK (truck driver US)	conductor de camión
mechanic	mecánico
nanny	niñera
nurse	enfermero/a
photographer	fotógrafo
plumber	fontanero
police officer	policía
postman UK (mailman US)	cartero
programmer	programador
psychologist	psicólogo
receptionist	repcionista
salesman	vendedor
secretary	secretaria
seamstress	costurera
singer	cantante

farmer	granjero
firefighter	bombero
florist	florista
fisherman	pescador
gardener	jardinero

taxi driver	taxista
teacher	profesor/a
veterinarian	veterinario
waiter/waitress	camarero/a
writer	escritor

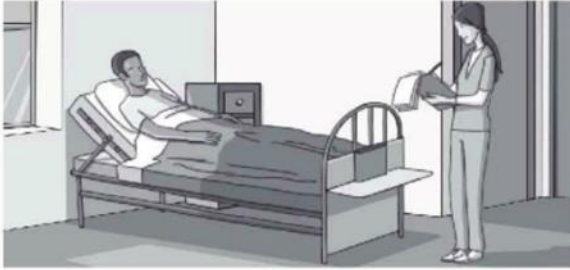
Exercise 1. Encuentra los trabajos y enciérralos en un círculo.

1 Find and circle these jobs in the puzzle.



Exercise 2. Write three sentences about each person. Use the phrases in the box and your own ideas. Use the sentences in the box (Escribe 3 oraciones acerca de cada persona. Usa las oraciones de la caja)

handle money sit/stand all day wear a uniform work inside
 help people talk on the phone work hard work outside



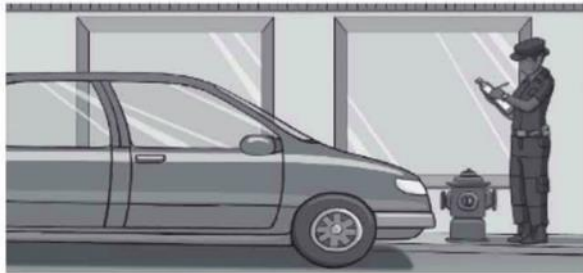
1. She's a nurse _____
2. She helps people _____
3. She works in a hospital _____



1. He's a bellhop _____
2. He's work inside _____
3. He' wear a uniform _____



1. He's work outside _____
2. He's stand all day _____
3. He's work hard _____



1. He's waear uniform _____
2. He's stand all day _____
3. He's work outside _____



1. He's sit all day _____
2. He's talk on the phone _____
3. He's handle money _____



1. She's cashier _____
2. She's work inside _____
3. She's stand all day _____

GRAMMAR – Wh questions.

Las Preguntas abiertas no se pueden contestar con un simple “yes” o “no”, pero obtienen información, explicación, descripción u opinión. Las preguntas abiertas se crean utilizando pronombres interrogativos o “question words”. Dentro de las preguntas abiertas, podemos distinguir entre preguntas del objeto y preguntas del sujeto.

Pronombre interrogativo	Ejemplos
What...? <i>¿Qué...?</i>	🔍 What do you want? <i>¿Qué quieres?</i>
Where...? <i>¿Dónde...?</i>	🔍 Where do they live? <i>¿Dónde viven?</i>
When...? <i>¿Cuándo...?</i>	🔍 When do you go to work? <i>¿Cuándo vas a tu trabajo?</i>
Who...? <i>¿Quién...?</i>	🔍 Who is he? <i>¿Quién es él?</i>
Whose...? <i>¿De quién...?</i>	🔍 Whose bag is this? <i>¿De quién es esta bolsa?</i>
Why...? <i>¿Por qué...?</i>	🔍 Why are they here? <i>¿Por qué están aquí?</i>
Which...? <i>¿Cuál...?</i>	🔍 Which car is his? <i>¿Cuál es su coche?</i>
How...? <i>¿Cómo...?</i>	🔍 How are you? <i>¿Cómo estás?</i>

1. Con los verbos “to be” y “have got”:

Pronombre interrogativo + verbo + sujeto + sustantivo, adjetivo...?

Ejemplos:

What have you got in your bag? (¿Qué tienes en tu bolsa?)

Where are you? (¿Dónde estás?)

When is he available? (¿Cuándo está disponible?)

How are the cookies? (¿Cómo están las galletas?)

2. Todos los otros verbos:

Pronombre interrogativo + verbo auxiliar (to do) + sujeto + verbo principal + sustantivo, adjetivo...?

Ejemplos:

What do you like to eat? (¿Qué te gusta comer?)

Where does she work? (¿Dónde trabaja?)

When do they go on vacation? (¿Cuándo se van de vacaciones?)

Why do you study English? (¿Por qué estudias inglés?)

Nota: En las preguntas, a diferencia del español, las preposiciones se encuentran generalmente al final de la frase.

Ejemplos:

What are you thinking about? (¿En qué estás pensando?)

Where's she driving to? (¿A dónde conduce?)

Who are they laughing at? (¿De quién te estás riendo?)

Object Questions (Preguntas del objeto)

Las Preguntas del objeto solicitan el objeto de la frase y requieren el uso del verbo auxiliar "do".

Pronombre interrogativo + verbo auxiliar + sujeto + verbo (infinitivo)...?

Ejemplos:

Who did you call last night? (¿A quién llamaste anoche?)

What did you do to yourself? (¿Qué te has hecho?)

Subject Questions (Preguntas del sujeto)

Preguntas del sujeto son aquellas en que el pronombre interrogativo o "question word" sirve como el sujeto de la frase. En las preguntas del sujeto, no se utiliza un verbo auxiliar y el orden de las palabras no se invierte.

Pronombre interrogativo + verbo + objeto...?

Ejemplos:

Who called last night? (¿Quién llamó anoche?)

What happened to you? (¿Qué te ha pasado?)

Mira otra vez la diferencia entre preguntas del objeto y preguntas del sujeto:

Frase principal:

Danny asks the teacher a question. (Danny pregunta al profesor.)

Pregunta del objeto:

Who did Danny ask? The teacher. (¿A quién preguntó Danny? Al profesor.) Pregunta del sujeto:

Who asked the question? Danny. (¿Quién preguntó? Danny.)

Simple present Wh-questions

Where do you work?

In a hospital.

What do you do?

I'm a doctor.

How do you like it?

I really like it.

Where does he work?

In a hotel.

What does he do?

He's a manager.

How does he like it?

It's OK.

Where do they work?

In a store.

What do they do?

They're cashiers.

How do they like it?

They hate it.

Exercise 3. Complete the conversation with the correct words in parentheses (Completa la conversación con las palabras correctas en parentesis).



1. A: Where does your brother work ?

B: My brother? He works in a department store.

A: What does he do ?

B: He works in the shoe department. He's a salesperson.

2. A: What do they do ?

B: Kelly and Pam are nurses. And they work together, too.

A: Where do they work ?

B: At Springfield Hospital.



3. A: Where does she work ?

B: My daughter works in an office.

A: What does she do ?

B: She is an accountant.



4. A: What do you do ?

B: Joe and I? we fix computers.

A: How do you like it ?

B: We like it a lot!

Exercise 4. Complete the conversation (Completa la conversación)

1. A: Do you have a job?
 B: Yes, I I do .
 A: Oh, what do you do ?
 B: I 'm a server.
 A: Where do you work ?
 B: I work at Paul's Coffee Shop.
 A: How do you like your job?
 B: I really like it. It's a great job!
 A: What time do you start work?
 B: I start work at 8:00 A.M., and
 I Finish work at 3:00 P.M.



2. A: My brother have a new job.
 B: Really? Where does he work ?
 A: He work at the new clothing store downtown.
 B: What does he do there?
 A: He is a security guard.
 B: How does he like his job?
 A: Oh, I guess he like it.
 B: What time does he start work?
 A: He start work at 10:00 A.M., and he finish at 6:00 P.M.



Exercise 5. Match the adjective a- d. (Relaciona los adjetivos con su significado)

1. (d) exciting
2. (b) easy
3. (a) relaxing
4. (c) safe

- a. not stressful
- b. not difficult
- c. not dangerous
- d. not boring

Exercise 6. Write each sentence two different ways (Escribe cada oración de dos formas diferentes)

1. A flight attendant's job is exciting.

A flight attendant has an exiting job _____

A flight attendant doesn't have a boring job _____

2. A security guard has a boring job.

A security guard doesn't have exiting job _____

A security guard's job is dangerous _____

3. Steven's job is dangerous.

Steven doesn't have a safe job _____

Steven's has a difficult job _____



4. A front desk clerk's job is stressful.

A front desk clerk doesn't have a relaxing job _____

A front desk clerk has a boring job _____

5. Linda has a small apartment.

Linda has a safe small apartment _____

Lind apartment is relaxing _____

6. Martha's house is big.

Martha house is clean _____

Martha has a expensive house _____

7. Sarah has a talkative sister.

Sara has a happy sister _____

Sara has a stressful sister _____

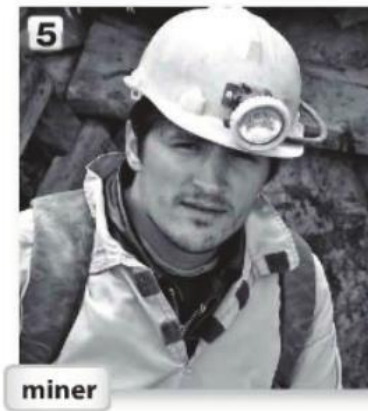
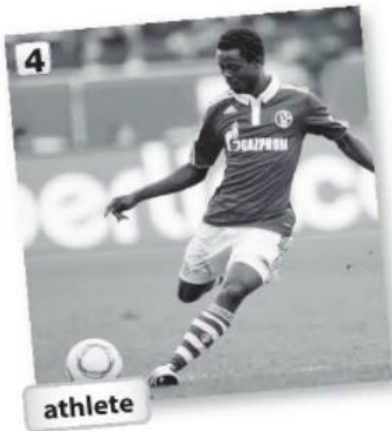
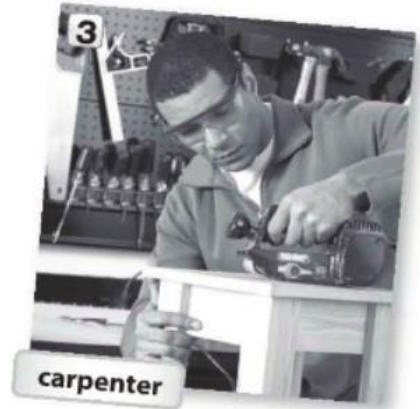
8. My job is easy.

My job is relaxing _____

My job is exciting _____



Exercise 7. Write sentences with your opinion about each job. (Escribe oraciones con tu opinión acerca de cada trabajo)



1. **A reporter has an exciting job. / A reporter's job isn't boring** _____
2. **A pilot has a dangerous work** _____
3. **A carpenter have a difficult job.** _____
4. **A athlete's job is exciting** _____
5. **A mine's job is dangerous** _____
6. **A model job is stressful** _____