

Nombre de alumno: Johan Rodríguez Morales

Nombre del profesor: Juan Manuel Jaime Díaz

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Materia: Ingles II

PASIÓN POR EDUCAR

Grado: 2.-

Grupo: "A"

# You can't miss it?

# **VOCABULARY - Places and things**



**Exercise 1.** Translate to Spanish the vocabulary above (Traduce al español el vocabulario de arriba).

- 1. Farmacia
- 2. Restaurante
- 3. Banco
- 4. Escuela
- 5. Puesto de periodicos
- 6. Libreria
- 7. Cafeteria
- 8. Estacion de gas
- 9. Super Mercado
- 10. Tienda departamental
- 11. Oficina de correros.

## **VOCABULARY - Locations**



1. across the street



2. down the street



3. around the corner



5. on the right



6. next to the bank



between the bookstore and the bank

Cruzando la calle 2. Bajando la calle 3. Girando la esquina 4. A la izquierda
 A la derecha 6. A lado del banco 7. Entre la librería y el banco

Las preposiciones de lugar se colocan detrás del verbo principal, que suele ser el verbo "to be" (estar, ser) en cualquiera de los tiempos pasados, presentes o futuros y en sus formas tanto simples como compuestas.

Las preposiciones de movimiento o dirección se utilizan para mostrar movimiento de un lugar a otro. Estas preposiciones se usan con mayor frecuencia con los verbos de movimiento y se encuentran después del verbo.

ACROSS - Significado: al otro lado de; de un lado a otro

Uso: "Across" se utiliza para indicar movimiento hacia el lado opuesto.

## Ejemplos:

The boat will take you across the river. (El barco te llevará al otro lado del río.)

You must walk across the street at the crosswalk. (Tienes que cruzar la calle por el cruce peatonal.)

**DOWN** - Significado: abajo

Uso: "Down" indica movimiento de una posición superior a una posición inferior.

## Ejemplos:

I prefer to ride my bike down the hill. (Prefiero ir en bicicleta colina abajo.)

We are going down to Florida this summer. (Bajamos a Florida este verano.)

## **AROUND** - Significado: alrededor de

## Ejemplos:

You must drive around the city center to reach the cinema. (Tienes que conducir alrededor del centro de la ciudad para llegar al cine.)

Let's go for a walk around the park. (Vamos a pasear por el parque.)

## NEXT TO (BESIDE) - Significado: al lado de, junto a

Uso: Tanto "next to" como "beside" se pueden utilizar indistintamente. Utilizar una forma u otra dependerá del hablante y del contexto.

## Ejemplos:

The supermarket is next to (beside) the bank. (El supermercado está al lado del banco.)

Sit next to (beside) me.(Siéntate a mi lado.)

## **BETWEEN - Significado: entre**

## Ejemplos:

The shop is between the bank and the train station. (La tienda está entre el banco y la estación de tren.)

She is standing between Peter and John. (Ella está de pie entre Pedro y Juan.)

## UP - Significado: hacia arriba

Uso: "Up" se utiliza para indicar movimiento de una posicion inferior a una posición superior.

## Ejemplos:

I don't like riding my bike up these hills. (No me gusta subir estas colinas en bici.)

We climbed up the mountain this morning. (Subimos a la montaña esta mañana.)

## IN FRONT OF vs. OPPOSITE - Significado: contrario, en frente de, opuesto, delante de

Uso: La diferencia entre estas preposiciones la notamos cuando estamos hablando de personas: "opposite" significa delante y cara a cara, en cambio "in front of" significa delante de pero no cara a cara.

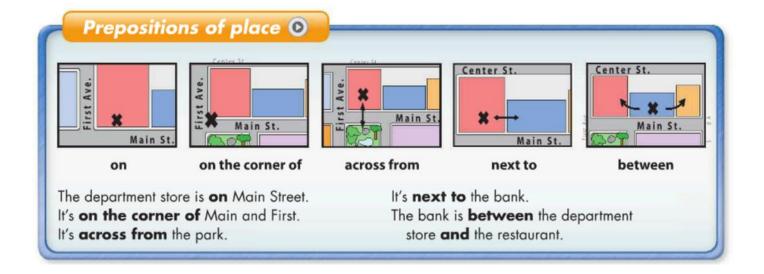
## Ejemplos:

The hotel is in front of the station. (El hotel está en frente de la estación.)

The bank is opposite the market. (El banco está delante del mercado.)

Laura is standing in front of you. (Laura está de pie delante de ti.)

She is sitting opposite me. (Se está sentando en frente de mí.)



- Use on with the names of streets and avenues: The bookstore is on Center Street. The theater is on Park Avenue.
- Across from is another way of saying opposite: The library is across from the theater. = The library is opposite the theater.

## **Exercise 2.** Circle the correct words

- A: Excuse me. Is there a gas station around here?
- B: Yes, there is. It's in / on Third Avenue.
- A: Where on Third Avenue?
- B: It's in / on the corner of Center Street and Third Avenue.
- A: Across **from** / **to** Stacy's Department Store?
- B: Yes, that's right. It's next to / from the park.
- A: Thanks. Oh, and where is the post office?
- B: It's on Center Street **between** / **next to** the hospital and the bank.
- A: Great. Thanks very much.
- B: You're welcome.

# PREPOSITIONS OF MOVEMENT

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#### TO

I took them to the beach.
I'd like to go to the cinema.



## **ALONG**

We walked quietly along the beach.

I ran along a narrow path.



#### FROM

She comes from Japan.

I ran from home to the gym.



## THROUGH

They drove through the tunnel. I ran through the trees.



## INTO

I walked quickly into the room. Get into the car.



## ACROSS

Jessica swam across the river.
I ran across the street



#### OUT OF

I saw them get out of a taxi. They ran out of the room.



## TOWARDS

He got up and walked towards me. We ran towards the sea.



## ON

I was late and got on the first bus. Put the money on the table.



#### OVER

He jumped over the fence. We flew over the mountains.



#### OFF

The cat jumped off the table. He fell off his bike and got hurt.



#### UNDER

It's bad luck to walk under a ladder. We drove under the bridge.



## UP

They all went up the hill. He ran up the stairs.



## AROUND

I went around the corner and saw it.
The moon goes around the earth.



#### DOWN

I rode my bike down the mountain. We went down the stairs.



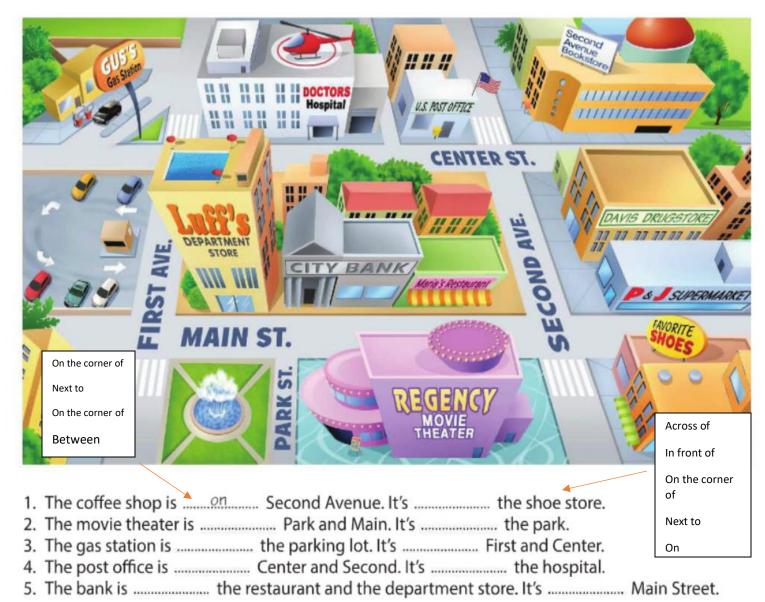
## PAST

He walked past us withou seeing us. The police drove past our building.

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**Exercise 3.** Write the location according to the picture. (escribe la localización de acuerdo a la figura).



- 1. The shop is **on** Second Avenue. It's **next to** the shoe store.
- 2. The movie theater is on the corner of park and main. It's in front of the park.
- 3. The gas station is next to the parking lot. It's on the corner of firs and center.
- 4. The post office is on the corner of center and second. It's next to the hospital.
- 5. The bank is between the restaurant and the department store. It's on main street.

# Places in a town or city

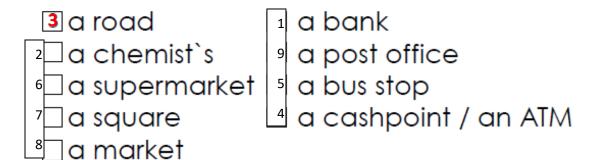
Exercise 4. Translate to Spanish the vocabulary (Traduce al español el vocabulario siguiente).

- 1. a road un camino
- 2. a square Un cuadrado
- 3. a market Un super mercado
- 4. a post office Una oficina postal
- 5. a bus stop Una parada de autobus
- 6. a cashpoint / an ATM Un cajero automatic.

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Exercise 5. Match these words to picture 1-9. (Escibe el numero de la figura que concuerda con la palabra)



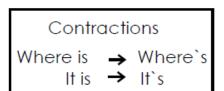
## GRAMMAR - Be: Questions with "where" for locations. Subject pronoun "it".

Ask questions with "where" for locations.

Example: where's the restaurant?

Use"it" to replace the names of places.

Example: It's down the street. (It = the restaurant).



**Exercise 6.** Read the sentences. Write questions and answers. Answer with "it's". (Lee las oraciones y escribe la pregunta y la respuesta, la respuesta usando "it's")

- 1. The pharmacy is across the street.
  - A: Where's the pharmacy
  - B: It's across the street
- 2. Billy's Restaurant is around the corner.
  - A: Where's the billy's restaurant?
  - B: it's around the corner.
- 3. The newsstand is on the left.
  - A:Where's the newsstand?
  - B: it's is on the left.
- 4. The bookstore is next to the school.
  - A: Where's the bookstore?
  - B: It's next to the school.

## **GRAMMAR** - The imperative

Use imperatives to give instructions and directions.

## **Affirmative imperatives**

Drive [to the bank].

Take the bus [to the pharmacy].

## Negative imperatives (Don't = Do not)

Don't walk.

Don't take the train.



# **Exercise 7.** Match these imperative sentences to picture a-j. (Escibe la letra de la figura que concuerda con la palabra)

( j ) - Walk to the bookstore.

( C) - Don't drive to the restaurant.

(  ${f D}$  ) - Take the bus to the bank

(G) - Don't walk to the pharmacy.

( **E**) - Drive down the street.

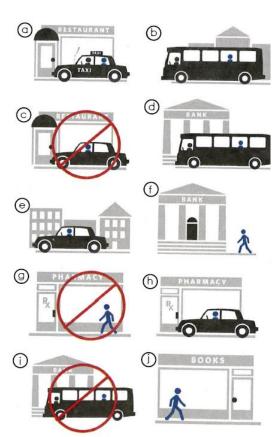
(  ${f B}$  ) - Take the bus down the street.

( I) - Don't take the bus to the bank.

( F) - Walk to the bank.

( A) - Take a taxi to the restaurant.

(  $\mathbf{H}$ ) - Drive to the pharmacy.



## **VOCABULARY - Means of transportation**

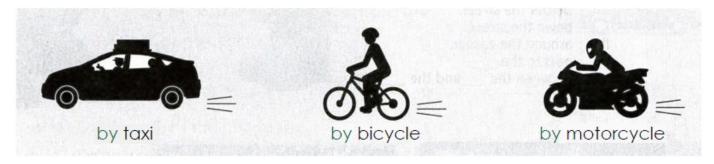


Exercise 8. Translate to Spanish the vocabulary (Traduce al español el vocabulario siguiente).

- 1. a car Un carro
- 2. a bicycle Una bicicleta
- 3. a moped Un ciclomotor
- 4. a subway Un subterraneo

- 5. a motorcycle Una motocicleta
  - 6. a bus Un autobus
  - 7. a train Un tren
  - 8. a taxi Un taxi.

## GRAMMAR - "By" to express means.

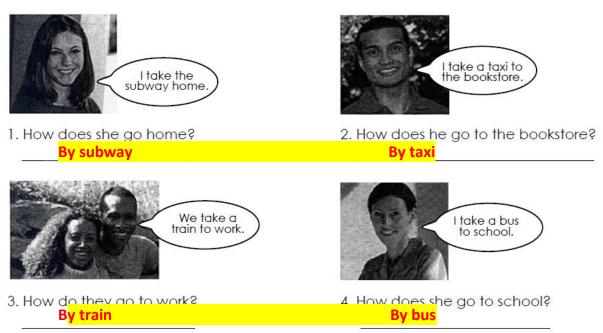


## **Destinations**

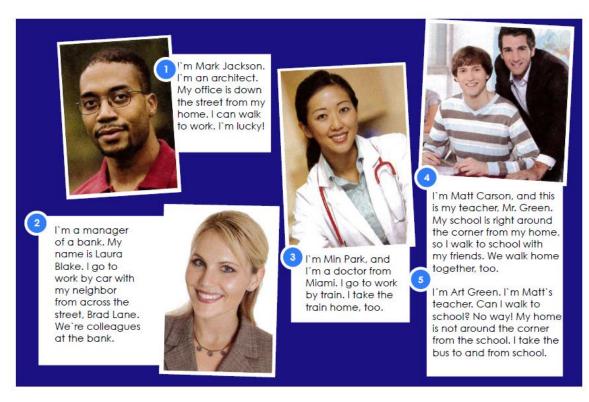


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**Exercise 9.** Look at the pictures. Answer the questions. Use a "by phrase". (Observa las imagenes y contesta las preguntas) usa la frase "by".



**Exercise 9.** Read the text below about how people go to work and school. Then, answer the questions. (Lee el texto de abajo acerca de como las personas van a trabajar y a la escuela, después contesta las preguntas de abajo)



1. Is Mark Jackson a doctor?

A: No, he is not, he is an architect.

2. Is Brad Lane Laura Blake's friend or her colleague?

A: yes, they are colleage at the bank.

3. Is Mr. Lane Ms. Blake`s neighbor?

A: Yes, they are.

4. Is Matt Carson a student?

A: Yes, he is a student.

5. What is Matt's teacher's name?

A: Mr. green

6. Is Dr. Park from Miami?

A: Yes, she is

7. Where is Mark Jackson's office?

A: Itt's, down the street from his home.