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Materia: INGLES II

PASIÓN POR EDUCAR

Grado: 2

Grupo: A

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What do you do?

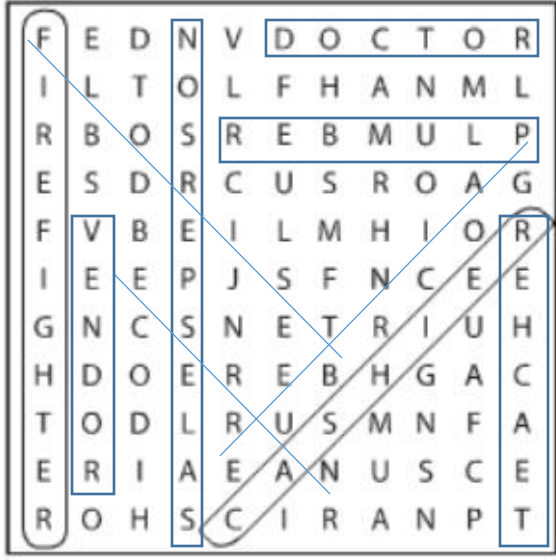
GRAMMAR – Professions

| Word | Translation |
|---------------|----------------------|
| actor/actress | actor/actriz |
| archaeologist | arqueólogo |
| architect | arquitecto |
| astronaut | astronauta |
| baker | pastelero |
| banker | banquero |
| biologist | biólogo |
| bus driver | conductor de autobús |
| businessman | hombre de negocios |
| butcher | carnicero |
| carpenter | carpintero |
| cashier | cajero |
| cleaner | persona de limpieza |
| cook | cocinero |
| chef | jefe de cocina |
| dentist | dentista |
| doctor | médico |
| designer | diseñador |
| electrician | electricista |
| farmer | granjero |
| firefighter | bombero |
| florist | florista |
| fisherman | pescador |
| gardener | jardinero |

| Word | Translation |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|
| hairdresser | peluquero/a |
| journalist | periodista |
| lawyer | abogado |
| librarian | bibliotecario/a |
| lorry driver UK (truck driver US) | conductor de camión |
| mechanic | mecánico |
| nanny | niñera |
| nurse | enfermero/a |
| photographer | fotógrafo |
| plumber | fontanero |
| police officer | policía |
| postman UK (mailman US) | cartero |
| programmer | programador |
| psychologist | psicólogo |
| receptionist | repcionista |
| salesman | vendedor |
| secretary | secretaria |
| seamstress | costurera |
| singer | cantante |
| taxi driver | taxista |
| teacher | profesor/a |
| veterinarian | veterinario |
| waiter/waitress | camarero/a |
| writer | escritor |

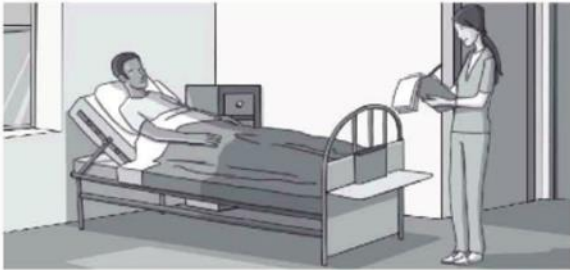
Exercise 1. Encuentra los trabajos y enciéralos en un círculo.

1 Find and circle these jobs in the puzzle.



Exercise 2. Write three sentences about each person. Use the phrases in the box and your own ideas. Use the sentences in the box (Escribe 3 oraciones acerca de cada persona. Usa las oraciones de la caja)

| | | | |
|--------------|-------------------|----------------|--------------|
| handle money | sit/stand all day | wear a uniform | work inside |
| help people | talk on the phone | work hard | work outside |



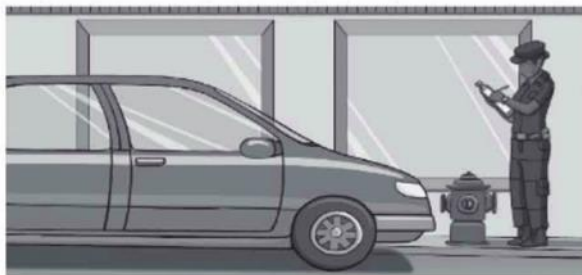
1. She's a nurse
2. She helps people
3. She works in a hospital



1. He's a bellhop
2. Wear a uniform
3. Work inside



1. He's a vendor
2. he Works outside
3. Handle money



1. He's police officer
2. Wear a uniform
3. he Works outside



1. he's receptionist
2. Wear a uniform
3. Work inside



1. she's cashier
2. Wear a uniform
3. Work inside

GRAMMAR – Wh questions.

Las Preguntas abiertas no se pueden contestar con un simple “yes” o “no”, pero obtienen información, explicación, descripción u opinión. Las preguntas abiertas se crean utilizando pronombres interrogativos o “question words”. Dentro de las preguntas abiertas, podemos distinguir entre preguntas del objeto y preguntas del sujeto.

| Pronombre Interrogativo | Ejemplos |
|--|--|
| What...? <i>¿Qué...?</i> | ▶ What do you want? <i>¿Qué quieres?</i> |
| Where...? <i>¿Dónde...?</i> | ▶ Where do they live? <i>¿Dónde viven?</i> |
| When...? <i>¿Cuándo...?</i> | ▶ When do you go to work? <i>¿Cuándo vas a tu trabajo?</i> |
| Who...? <i>¿Quién...?</i> | ▶ Who is he? <i>¿Quién es él?</i> |
| Whose...? <i>¿De quién...?</i> | ▶ Whose bag is this? <i>¿De quién es esta bolsa?</i> |
| Why...? <i>¿Por qué...?</i> | ▶ Why are they here? <i>¿Por qué están aquí?</i> |
| Which...? <i>¿Cuál...?</i> | ▶ Which car is his? <i>¿Cuál es su coche?</i> |
| How...? <i>¿Cómo...?</i> | ▶ How are you? <i>¿Cómo estás?</i> |

1. Con los verbos "to be" y "have got":

Pronombre interrogativo + verbo + sujeto + sustantivo, adjetivo...?

Ejemplos:

What have you got in your bag? (¿Qué tienes en tu bolsa?)

Where are you? (¿Dónde estás?)

When is he available? (¿Cuándo está disponible?)

How are the cookies? (¿Cómo están las galletas?)

2. Todos los otros verbos:

Pronombre interrogativo + verbo auxiliar (to do) + sujeto + verbo principal + sustantivo, adjetivo...?

Ejemplos:

What do you like to eat? (¿Qué te gusta comer?)

Where does she work? (¿Dónde trabaja?)

When do they go on vacation? (¿Cuándo se van de vacaciones?)

Why do you study English? (¿Por qué estudias inglés?)

Nota: En las preguntas, a diferencia del español, las preposiciones se encuentran generalmente al final de la frase.

Ejemplos:

What are you thinking about? (¿En qué estás pensando?)

Where's she driving to? (¿A dónde conduce?)

Who are they laughing at? (¿De quién te estás riendo?)

Object Questions (Preguntas del objeto)

Las Preguntas del objeto solicitan el objeto de la frase y requieren el uso del verbo auxiliar "do".

Pronombre interrogativo + verbo auxiliar + sujeto + verbo (infinitivo)...?

Ejemplos:

Who did you call last night? (¿A quién llamaste anoche?)

What did you do to yourself? (¿Qué te has hecho?)

Subject Questions (Preguntas del sujeto)

Preguntas del sujeto son aquellas en que el pronombre interrogativo o "question word" sirve como el sujeto de la frase. En las preguntas del sujeto, no se utiliza un verbo auxiliar y el orden de las palabras no se invierte.

Pronombre interrogativo + verbo + objeto...?

Ejemplos:

Who called last night? (¿Quién llamó anoche?)

What happened to you? (¿Qué te ha pasado?)

Mira otra vez la diferencia entre preguntas del objeto y preguntas del sujeto:

Frase principal:

Danny asks the teacher a question. (Danny pregunta al profesor.)

Pregunta del objeto:

Who did Danny ask? The teacher. (¿A quién preguntó Danny? Al profesor.)

Pregunta del sujeto:

Who asked the question? Danny. (¿Quién preguntó? Danny.)

Simple present Wh-questions

Where do you work?

In a hospital.

What do you do?

I'm a doctor.

How do you like it?

I really like it.

Where does he work?

In a hotel.

What does he do?

He's a manager.

How does he like it?

It's OK.

Where do they work?

In a store.

What do they do?

They're cashiers.

How do they like it?

They hate it.

Exercise 3. Complete the conversation with the correct words in parentheses (Completa la conversación con las palabras correctas en parentesis).



1. A: Where does your brother work ?

B: My brother? He works in a department store.

A: What does he do ?

B: He works in the shoe department. He's a salesperson.

2. A: What do they do ?

B: Kelly and Pam are nurses. And they work together, too.

A: Where do they work ?

B: At Springfield Hospital.



3. A: Where does your daughter work ?

B: My daughter works in an office.

A: What does she do ?

B: She is an accountant.



4. A: What do we do ?

B: Joe and I? we fix computers.

A: How do we like it ?

B: We like it a lot!



Exercise 4. Complete the conversation (Completa la conversación)

1. A: _____ **Do** _____ you _____ **have** _____ a job?
B: Yes, I _____ **have** _____ .
A: Oh, what _____ **do** _____ you _____ **do** _____ ?
B: I _____ **am** _____ a server.
A: Where _____ **do** _____ you _____ **work** _____ ?
B: I _____ **work** _____ at Paul's Coffee Shop.
A: How _____ **do** _____ you _____ **like** _____ your job?
B: I really _____ **like** _____ it. It's a great job!
A: What time _____ **do** _____ you start work?
B: I _____ **start** _____ work at 8:00 A.M., and
I _____ **finish** _____ at 3:00 P.M.



2. A: My brother _____ **has** _____ a new job.
B: Really? Where _____ **does** _____ he _____ **work** _____ ?
A: He _____ **work** _____ at the new clothing store
downtown.
B: What _____ **does** _____ he _____ **do** _____ there?
A: He _____ **is** _____ a security guard.
B: How _____ **does** _____ he
_____ **like** _____ his job?
A: Oh, I guess he _____ **like** _____ it.
B: What time _____ **does** _____ he
_____ **start** _____ work?
A: He _____ **start** _____ work at
10:00 A.M., and he
_____ **finish** _____ at 6:00 P.M.



Exercise 5. Match the adjective a- d. (Relaciona los adjetivos con su significado)

1. (d) exciting
2. (b) easy
3. (a) relaxing
4. (c) safe

- a. not stressful
- b. not difficult
- c. not dangerous
- d. not boring

Exercise 6. Write each sentence two different ways (Escribe cada oración de dos formas diferentes)

1. A flight attendant's job is exciting.

A flight attendant has an exiting job

A flight attendant doesn't have a boring job

2. A security guard has a boring job.

A security guard doesn't have a exciting job

A security guard's job is boring

3. Steven's job is dangerous.

Steven's job doesn't have a safe job

Steven's has a dangerous job

4. A front desk clerk's job is stressful.

A front desk clerk's doesn't relaxing

the job of a desk clerk's is very stressful

5. Linda has a small apartment.

Linda's apartment is small

linda doesn't have a big apartment

6. Martha's house is big.

martha has a big house

Marta doesn't have a small apartment

7. Sarah has a talkative sister.

Sarah's sister talks a lot

sarah's sister is not quiet

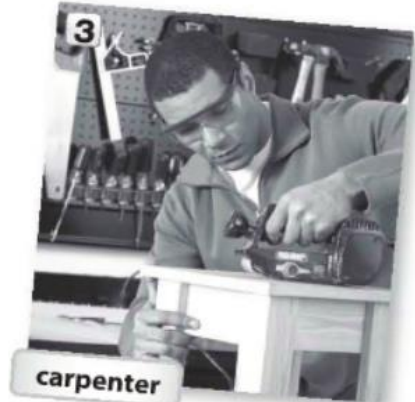
8. My job is easy.

My job doesn't have difficult

I have an easy job



Exercise 7. Write sentences with your opinion about each job. (Escribe oraciones con tu opinión acerca de cada trabajo)



1. **A reporter has an exciting job. / A reporter's job isn't boring**
2. **a pilot is very important**
3. **the carpenter works with wood**
4. **an athlete is too good at sport**
5. **the job of a miner is very difficult**
6. **model work is very interesting**