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**PASIÓN POR EDUCAR**

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Frias Samantha

## UNIT III. I COME FROM A BIG FAMILY

### WORKBOOK

**1**

Which words are for males? Which are for females? Complete the chart.

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> aunt	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> daughter	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> husband	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> nephew	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> sister	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> uncle
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> brother	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> father	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> mother	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> niece	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> son	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> wife

Males			Females		
brother	husband	son	aunt	daughter	niece
father	nephew	uncle	sister	mother	wife

**2**

Complete this conversation. Use the present continuous of the verbs given.

Joel: You look tired, Don. Are you studying (study) late at night these days?

Don: No, I'm not. My brother and sister are staying (stay) with me right now. We go to bed after midnight every night.

Joel: Really? What are you doing (do) this

summer? Are you taking (take) classes, too?

Don: No, they aren't. My brother is on vacation now, but he is looking (look) for a part-time job here.

Joel: What about your sister? is she working (work)?

Don: Yes, she is. She has a part-time job at the university.

What about you, Joel? Are you in school this summer?

Joel: Yes, I am. I 'm studying (study) two languages.

Don: Oh, Are you taking (take) French and Spanish again?

Joel: Well, I'm taking Spanish again, but I

am starting (start) Japanese.

Don: Really? That's exciting!



Trías Samantha

UDS

3

Rewrite these sentences. Find another way to say each sentence using the words given.

1. Joseph is Maria's uncle.

Maria is Joseph's niece. \_\_\_\_\_ (niece)

2. Liz is married to Peter.

Peter is her husband \_\_\_\_\_ (husband)

3. Isabel is Frank's and Liza's granddaughter.

Frank and Liza is her grandparents \_\_\_\_\_ (grandparents)

4. We have two children.

We have a son and daughter \_\_\_\_\_ (son and daughter)

5. My wife's father is a painter.

My father-in-law is a painter \_\_\_\_\_ (father-in-law)

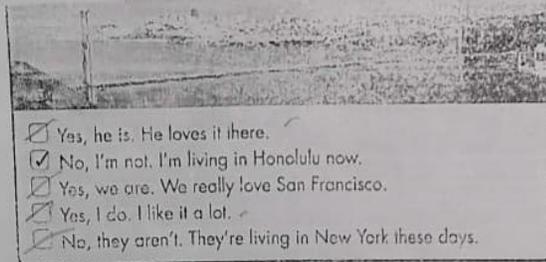
6. Michael does not have a job right now.

Michael is looking a job \_\_\_\_\_ (look for)

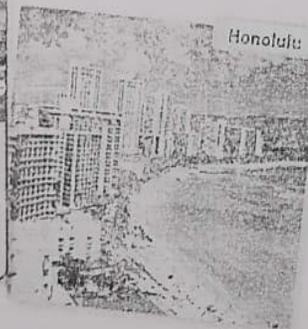
4

Choose the correct sentences to complete this conversation.

San Francisco



- Yes, he is. He loves it there.
- No, I'm not. I'm living in Honolulu now.
- Yes, we are. We really love San Francisco.
- Yes, I do. I like it a lot.
- No, they aren't. They're living in New York these days.



Chris: Are you still living in San Francisco, Philip?

Philip: No, I'm not. I'm living in Honolulu now.

Chris: Wow! Do you like it?

Philip: Yes, I do. I like it a lot.

Chris: And is your brother still working in Hong Kong?

Philip: Yes, he is. He loves it here.

Chris: And how about your parents? Are they still living in Florida?

Philip: No, they aren't. They're living in New York these days.

Chris: How about you and your family, Chris? Are you still living here?

Chris: Yes, we are. We really love San Francisco.

Frias Samantha

Complete these sentences. Use the simple present or the present continuous of the verbs given.



1. This is my aunt Barbara.  
 She lives (live) in Rome, but  
 she visits (visit) Chile this summer.  
 She takes (take) some summer classes there.



2. And these are my parents.  
 They work (work) in London.  
 They be (be) on vacation right now.



3. And here you can see my grandparents.  
 They not work (not work) now.  
 They be (be) retired.



4. This is my brother-in-law Edward.  
 He wants (want) to be a company  
 director. He studies (study) business  
 in Canada right now.



5. And this is my niece Christina.  
 She goes (go) to high school.  
 She likes (like) mathematics, but  
 she doesn't like (not like) English.

6 Choose a friend or a family member. Write about him or her using the simple present and present continuous.

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UDS

### Home or away?

**A** Answer these questions. Then read the passage.

1. At what age do most young people leave their parents' home in your country? \_\_\_\_\_
2. Do some young people live with their parents after they get married? \_\_\_\_\_

## Leaving Home

Young people leave their parents' homes at different ages in different parts of the world. In the United States, a lot of college students do not live at home. They often choose to go to college in different cities - away from their parents. At college, many live in university housing. After college, most people prefer to live in their own homes. They often live alone, but some people rent apartments with others. These people are called *roommates*.

By the age of 22, few young people in the United States live with their parents. Families stay together longer in many Asian countries and cities. In Hong Kong, for example, nearly all university students live with their parents. Rents in the city are very expensive, and few students have the money to pay for their own apartments. Very few young people live alone or become roommates in a shared apartment. Many young people in Hong Kong continue to live with their parents even after they marry.

**B** Check (✓) True or False. For statements that are false, write the correct information.

In the United States	True	False
1. Very few students live in university housing. <u>At college, many live in university housing</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2. Some young adults share apartments with roommates. <u>But some people rent apartments with others</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3. Nearly all young adults live with their parents. <u>In the United States, a lot of college students do not live at home.</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

In Hong Kong	True	False
4. Not many university students live with their parents. <u>In Hong Kong, nearly all university students live with their parents.</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
5. Few young people live alone. <u>Very few young people live alone or become roommates in a shared apartment.</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6. Most young married couples have enough money to live in their own apartments. <u>Many young people in Hong Kong continue to live with their parents even after they marry.</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>