

UDS

MI UNIVERSIDAD

MATERIA: ENGLISH IV

TEACHER: Ana Laura Culebro Torres

GRADO: 4º Cuatrimestre

GRUPO: (A) Escolarizado

ALUMNA: Bethsaida Vázquez Hernández

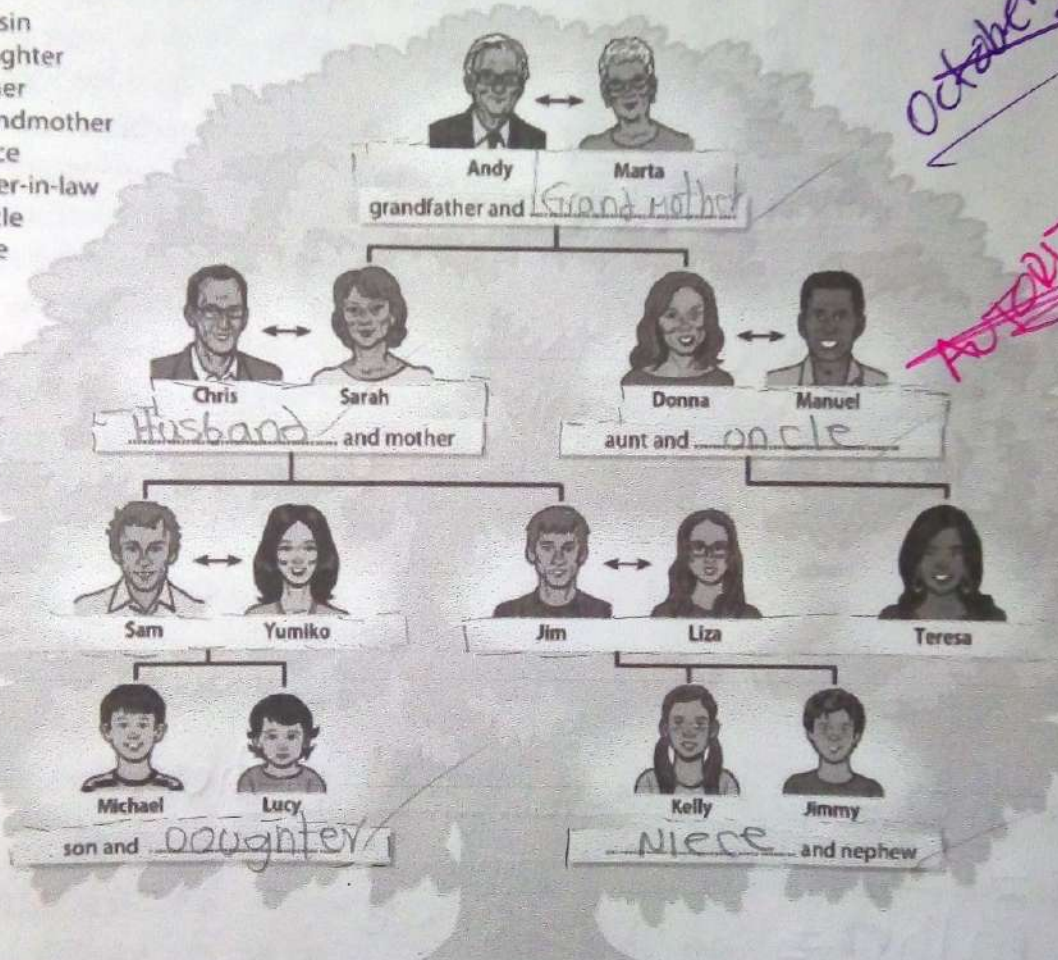
UNIT III. I COME FROM A BIG FAMILY

3.1.- Introducing some Family members

WORD POWER Family

A Look at Sam's family tree. How are these people related to him?
 Add the words to the family tree.

- cousin
- daughter
- father
- grandmother
- niece
- sister-in-law
- uncle
- wife



3.2.- Practice your own Family Tree

B Draw your family tree (or a friend's family tree). Then take turns talking about your families. Ask follow-up questions to get more information.

- A: There are five people in my family. I have two brothers and a sister.
 B: How old is your sister?

3.8.- Practicing some quantifiers

2 Quantifiers (page 34)

- ▶ Use *a lot of, all, few, nearly all* before plural nouns: **A lot of/All/Few/Nearly all** families are small. Use *no one* before a verb: **No one** gets married before the age of 18.
- ▶ *Nearly all* means "almost all."

Read the sentences about the small town of Monroe. Rewrite the sentences using the quantifiers in the box. Use each quantifier only once.

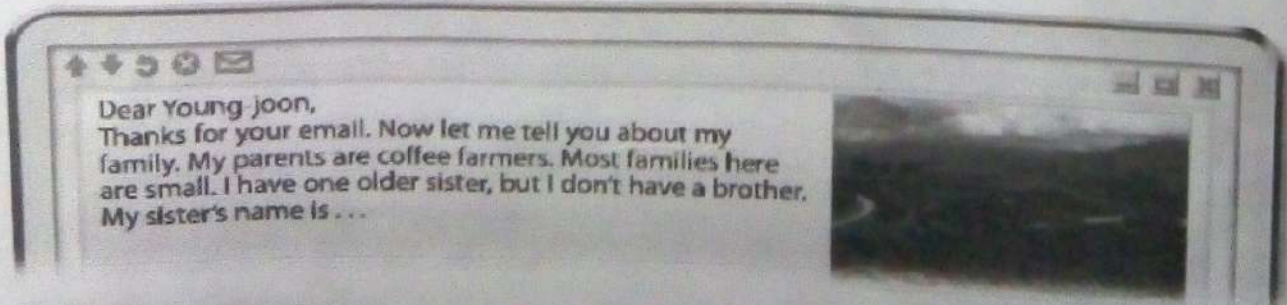
a lot of ✓ all ✓ few ✓ nearly all ✓ ✓ no one

*AUTORIZADO
NOY LO FM*

- In Monroe, 0% of the people drive before the age of 16.
In Monroe, no one drives before the age of 16.
- Ninety-eight percent of students finish high school.
Nearly all of students finish high school.
- One hundred percent of children start school by the age of six.
all of children start school by the age of six.
- Eighty-nine percent of couples have more than one child.
a lot of couples have more than one child.
- Twenty-three percent of families have more than four children.
few of families have more than four children.

WRITING An email about your family

A Write an email to your e-pal about your family.



B GROUP WORK Take turns reading your emails. Ask questions to get more information.

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UNIT III. I COME FROM A BIG FAMILY

WORKBOOK

1 Which words are for males? Which are for females? Complete the chart.

- | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|---|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> aunt | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> daughter | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> husband | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> nephew | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> sister | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> uncle |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> brother | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> father | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> mother | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> niece | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> son | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> wife |

Males			Females		
brother	husband	son	aunt	mother	sister
father	nephew	uncle	daughter	niece	wife

2 Complete this conversation. Use the present continuous of the verbs given.

Joel: You look tired, Don. Are you studying (study) late at night these days?

Don: No, I'm not. My brother and sister are staying (stay) with me right now. We go to bed after midnight every night.

Joel: Really? What are you doing (do) this

summer? are they taking (take) classes, too?

Don: No, they aren't. My brother is on vacation now, but he is looking (look) for a part-time job here.

Joel: What about your sister? is she working (work)?

Don: Yes, she is. She has a part-time job at the university.

What about you, Joel? Are you in school this summer?

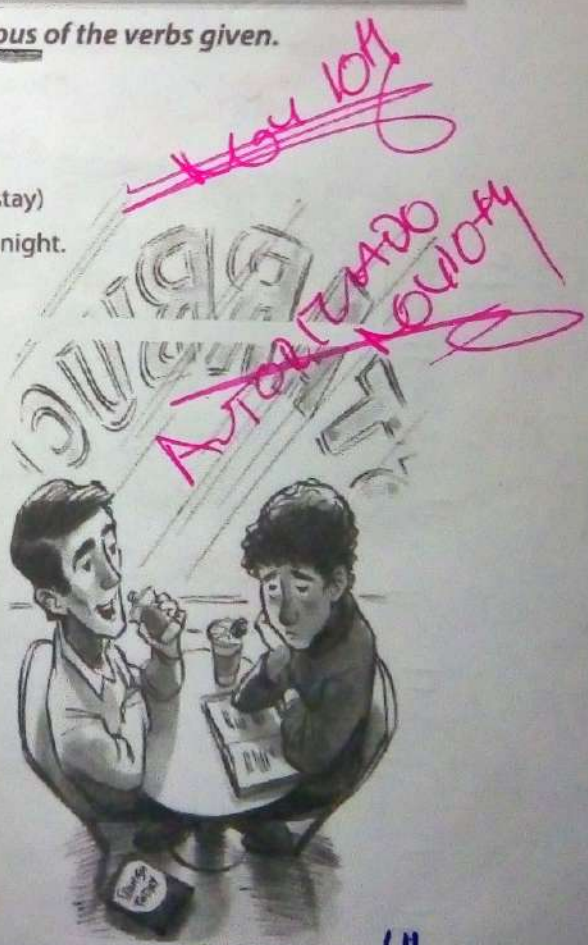
Joel: Yes, I am. I am studying (study) two languages.

Don: Oh, are you taking (take) French and Spanish again?

Joel: Well, I'm taking Spanish again, but I

am starting (start) Japanese.

Don: Really? That's exciting!



Grand father = abuelo
 Grand mother = abuela
 sister in law = tu cuñada
 Brother in law = cuñado
 ... = suegro

Mother in law = suegra
 step sister = hermanastra
 step mother = madrastra
 step father = padrastro
 Half ...

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3 Rewrite these sentences. Find another way to say each sentence using the words given.

1. Joseph is Maria's uncle.

Maria is Joseph's niece. (niece)

2. Liz is married to Peter.

Peter is her husband (husband)

3. Isabel is Frank's and Liza's granddaughter.

Frank's and Liza's are Isabel's grand parents (grandparents)

4. We have two children.

we have two son and daughter (son and daughter)

5. My wife's father is a painter.

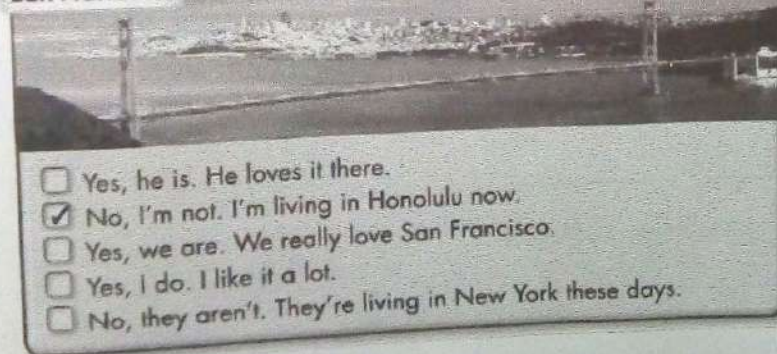
my father-in-law is a painter (father-in-law)

6. Michael does not have a job right now.

Michael is looking for a job right now (look for)

4 Choose the correct sentences to complete this conversation.

San Francisco



- Yes, he is. He loves it there.
- No, I'm not. I'm living in Honolulu now.
- Yes, we are. We really love San Francisco.
- Yes, I do. I like it a lot.
- No, they aren't. They're living in New York these days.

Honolulu



Chris: Are you still living in San Francisco, Philip?

Philip: No, I'm not. I'm living in Honolulu now.

Chris: Wow! Do you like it?

Philip: yes, I do. I like it a lot

Chris: And is your brother still working in Hong Kong?

Philip: yes, he is. He loves it there

Chris: And how about your parents? Are they still living in Florida?

Philip: NO, they aren't. They're living in new York these day

Chris: How about you and your family, Chris? Are you still living here?

Chris: yes, we are. we really loves san Francisco

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5 Complete these sentences. Use the simple present or the present continuous of the verbs given.



1. This is my aunt Barbara.

She lives (live) in Rome, but

she is visited (visit) Chile this summer.

She is taking (take) some summer classes there.



2. And these are my parents.

They work (work) in London.

They are (be) on vacation right now.



3. And here you can see my grandparents.

They are not working (not work) now.

They are (be) retired.



4. This is my brother-in-law Edward.

He wants (want) to be a company

director. He is studying (study) business

in Canada right now.



5. And this is my niece Christina.

She is going (go) to high school.

She likes (like) mathematics, but

she doesn't like (not like) English.

6

Choose a friend or a family member. Write about him or her using the simple present and present continuous.