

## Jair Rodas

1.- Sea un vector de 5 cm con un ángulo de  $100^\circ$  grados, calcula las respectivas componentes en los ejes  $x$  y  $y$

$$V_x = -1 \text{ cm}$$
$$V_y = 4.8 \text{ cm}$$

$$V_x = V \cos \alpha$$
$$5 \cos 100$$

$$V_y = V \text{ sen } \alpha$$
$$5 \text{ sen } 100^\circ$$

$$V_x = -0.8 \text{ cm}$$
$$V_y = 4.92 \text{ cm}$$



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calcula las respectivas componentes en los ejes x y y

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$$V_y = 4.8 \text{ cm}$$

$$V_x = V \cos \alpha$$
$$5 \cos 100^\circ$$
$$V_y = V \text{SEN } \alpha$$
$$5 \text{ SEN } 100^\circ$$

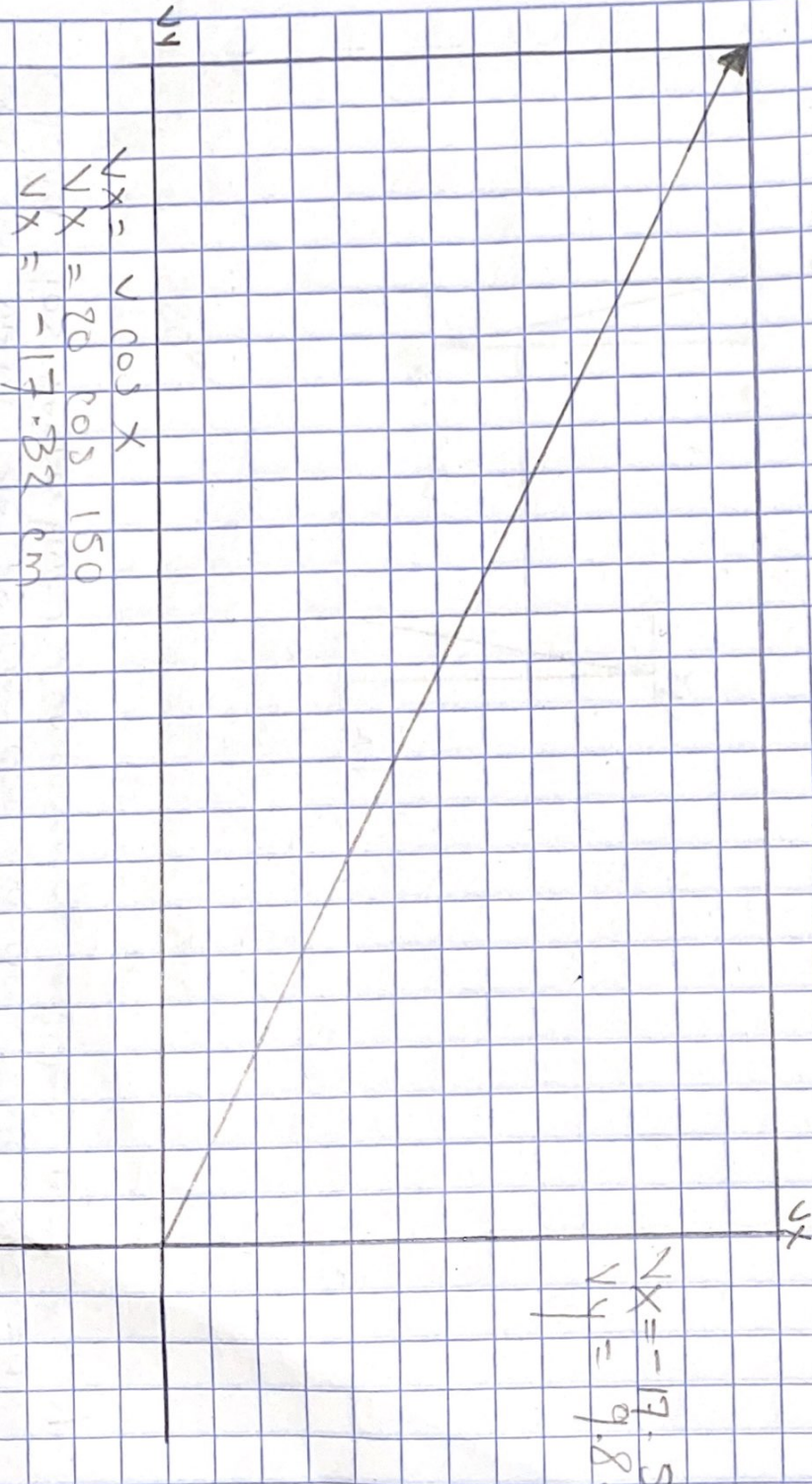


$$V_x = 0.8 \text{ cm}$$
$$V_y = 4.92 \text{ cm}$$



# Jair Rodas

Sea un vector de 20 cm con un ángulo de 150, calcula las respectivas componentes en los ejes X y Y.



$$\begin{aligned} V_x &= 20 \cos 150 \\ V_y &= -17.32 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} V_x &= -17.5 \text{ cm} \\ V_y &= 9.8 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$



## Jair Rodas

Sea un vector de 25 cm con un ángulo de  $280^\circ$ .  
Calcula las respectivas componentes en los ejes X y Y



$$V_x = V \cos \alpha$$

$$V_x = 25 \cos 280^\circ$$

$$V_x = 4.34 \text{ cm}$$

$$V_y = V \operatorname{Sen} \alpha$$

$$V_y = 25 \operatorname{Sen} 280^\circ$$

$$V_y = -24.62 \text{ cm}$$



# Jalur Rodas

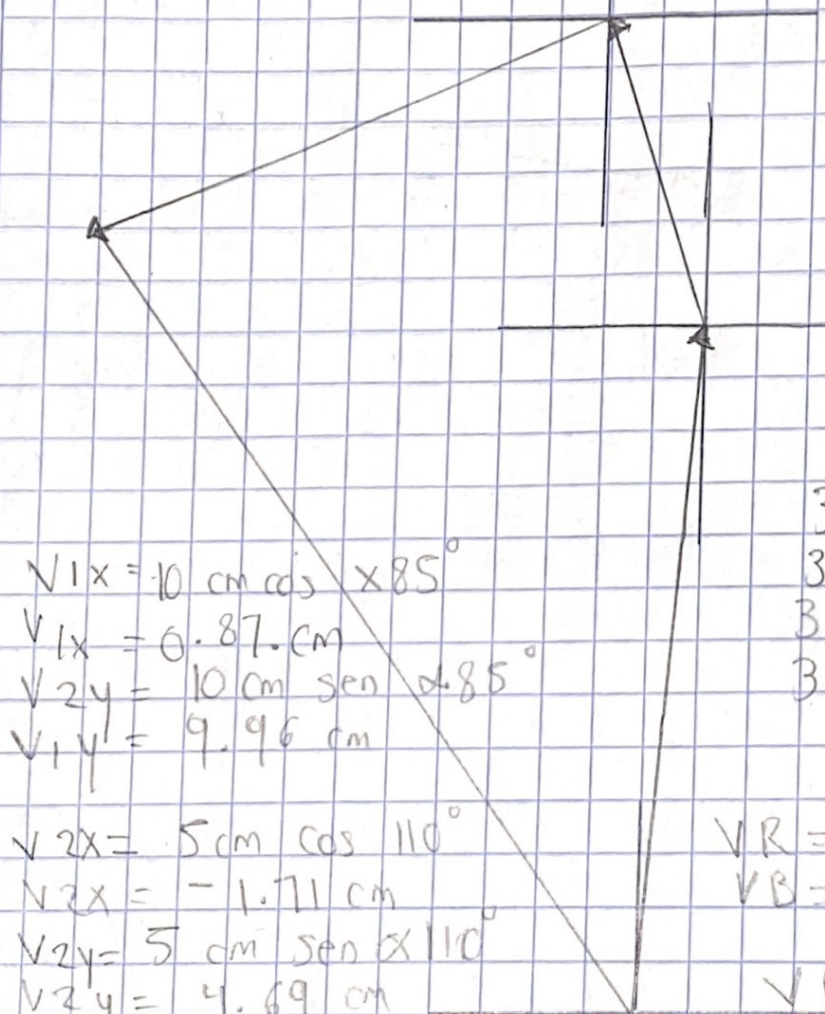
$$v_1 = 10 \text{ cm } 85^\circ$$

$$v_2 = 5 \text{ cm } 110^\circ$$

$$v_3 = 8 \text{ cm } 200^\circ$$

$$v_R = 14.8 \text{ cm}$$

$$\alpha_{v_R} = -54^\circ$$



$$v_{1x} = 10 \text{ cm } \cos 85^\circ$$

$$v_{1x} = 0.87 \text{ cm}$$

$$v_{2y} = 10 \text{ cm } \sin 85^\circ$$

$$v_{1y} = 9.96 \text{ cm}$$

$$v_{2x} = 5 \text{ cm } \cos 110^\circ$$

$$v_{2x} = -1.71 \text{ cm}$$

$$v_{2y} = 5 \text{ cm } \sin 110^\circ$$

$$v_{2y} = 4.69 \text{ cm}$$

$$v_{3x} = 8 \text{ cm } \cos 200^\circ$$

$$v_{3x} = -2.51 \text{ cm}$$

$$v_{3y} = 8 \text{ cm } \sin 200^\circ$$

$$v_{3y} = -2.73 \text{ cm}$$

$$\sum v_x = v_{1x} + v_{2x} + v_{3x}$$

$$\sum v_y = v_{1y} + v_{2y} + v_{3y}$$

$$\sum v_x = -8.35 \text{ cm}$$

$$\sum v_y = 11.92 \text{ cm}$$

$$v_R = \sqrt{v_x^2 + v_y^2}$$

$$v_R = \sqrt{-8.35^2 + 11.92^2}$$

$$v_R = \sqrt{69.72 + 142.08}$$

$$v_R = \sqrt{211.8}$$

$$v_R = 14.55 \text{ cm}$$

$$\alpha_{v_R} = \tan^{-1} \frac{\sum v_y}{\sum v_x} = \frac{11.92}{-8.35}$$

$$\alpha_{v_R} = -54.98^\circ$$



# Jar Rodas

$$V_1 = 10 \text{ cm } 45^\circ \quad V_2 = 15 \text{ cm } 100^\circ \quad V_3 = 8 \text{ cm } 210^\circ$$

$$V_R = 17.7 \text{ cm}$$

$$\alpha_{VR} = 82^\circ$$

$$V_{1x} = 10 \text{ cm } \cos \alpha 45^\circ$$

$$V_{1x} = 7.07 \text{ cm}$$

$$V_{1y} = 10 \text{ cm } \sin \alpha 45^\circ$$

$$V_{1y} = 7.07$$

$$V_{2x} = 15 \text{ cm } \alpha 100^\circ$$

$$V_{2x} = -2.60 \text{ cm}$$

$$V_{2y} = 15 \text{ cm } \sin \alpha 100^\circ$$

$$V_{2y} = 14.77 \text{ cm}$$

$$V_{3x} = 8 \text{ cm } \cos \alpha 210^\circ$$

$$V_{3x} = -6.92 \text{ cm}$$

$$V_{3y} = 8 \text{ cm } \sin \alpha 210^\circ$$

$$V_{3y} = -4 \text{ cm}$$

$$\sum V_x = V_{1x} + V_{2x} + V_{3x}$$

$$\sum V_y = V_{1y} + V_{2y} + V_{3y}$$

$$\sum V_x = -2.45 \text{ cm}$$

$$\sum V_y = 17.84 \text{ cm}$$

$$V_R = \sqrt{V_x^2 + V_y^2}$$

$$V_R = \sqrt{-2.45^2 + 17.84^2}$$

$$V_R = \sqrt{6.00 + 318.26}$$

$$V_R = \sqrt{324.26}$$

$$V_R = 18.00 \text{ cm}$$

$$\alpha_{VR} = \tan^{-1} \frac{\sum V_y}{\sum V_x} = \frac{17.84}{-2.45}$$

$$\alpha_{VR} = -82.18^\circ$$



$$V_1 = 10 \text{ cm} \angle 45^\circ \quad v_2 = 5 \text{ cm} \angle 110^\circ \quad v_R = v_1 - v_2$$

$$v_R = 9.3 \text{ cm}$$

$$\angle v_R = 14^\circ$$

$$v_{1x} = 10 \text{ cm} \cos \times 45^\circ$$

$$v_{1x} = 7.07 \text{ cm}$$

$$v_{1y} = 10 \text{ cm} \text{ sen} \times 45^\circ$$

$$v_{1y} = 7.07 \text{ cm}$$

$$3v_x = v_{1x} + v_{2x}$$

$$3v_y = v_{1y} + v_{2y}$$

$$3v_x = 8.78 \text{ cm}$$

$$3v_y = 2.38 \text{ cm}$$

$$v_R = \sqrt{77.00 + 5.66}$$

$$v_R = \sqrt{82.74}$$

$$v_R = 9.09 \text{ cm}$$

$$v_{2x} = 5 \text{ cm} \cos \times 290^\circ$$

$$v_{2x} = 1.71 \text{ cm}$$

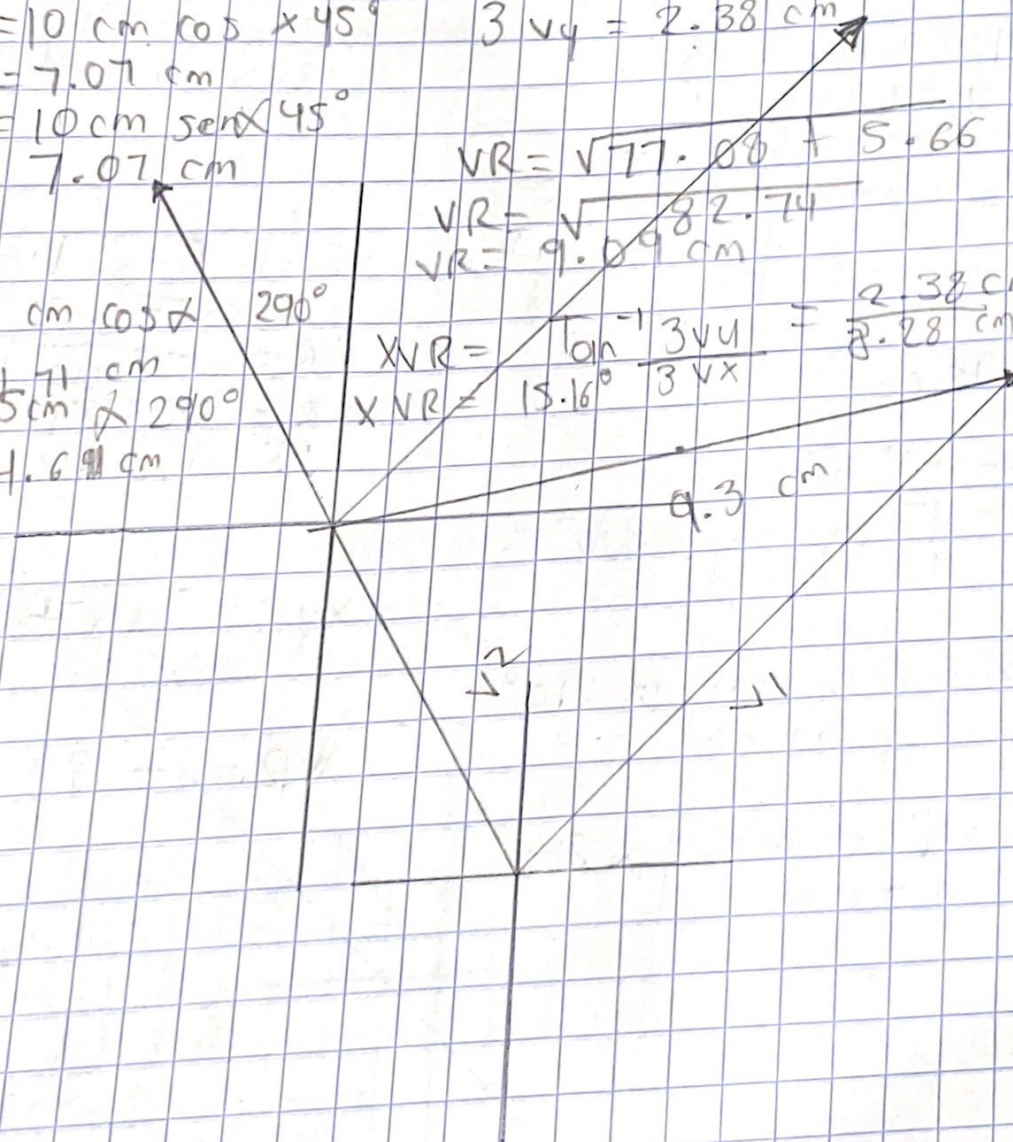
$$v_{2y} = 5 \text{ cm} \angle 290^\circ$$

$$v_{2y} = 4.69 \text{ cm}$$

$$\angle v_R = \tan^{-1} \frac{3v_y}{3v_x} = \frac{2.38 \text{ cm}}{8.28 \text{ cm}}$$

$$\angle v_R = 15.16^\circ$$

9.3 cm





# Jair Rodas

$$V_1 = 5 \text{ cm } \angle 30^\circ \quad V_2 = 5 \text{ cm } \angle 150^\circ \quad V_R = V_2 - V_1$$

$$V_R = 8.2 \text{ cm}$$

$$\angle V_R = 0^\circ$$

$$V_{1x} = 5 \text{ cm } \cos \angle 210$$

$$V_{1x} = -4.33 \text{ cm}$$

$$V_{1y} = 5 \text{ cm } \sin \angle 210$$

$$V_{1y} = -2.5 \text{ cm}$$

$$V_{2x} = 5 \text{ cm } \cos \angle 150$$

$$V_{2x} = -4.33$$

$$V_{2y} = 5 \text{ cm } \sin \angle 150$$

$$V_{2y} = 2.5$$

$$\sum V_x = V_{1x} + V_{2x}$$

$$\sum V_x = V_{1x} + V_{2x}$$

$$\sum V_x = -8.66$$

$$\sum V_y = 0$$

$$V_R = \sqrt{-8.66^2 + 0^2}$$

$$V_R = \sqrt{74.99} \text{ to}$$

$$V_R = \sqrt{74.99}$$

$$V_R = 8.65 \text{ cm}$$

$$\angle V_R = \tan^{-1} \frac{\sum V_y}{\sum V_x} = \frac{0}{-8.66}$$

