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Nombre del trabajo: Unit Activity #1 - U1 1BRH

Materia: Inglés I

PASIÓN POR EDUCAR

**Grado: Primer grado de Bachillerato
(Recursos Humanos)**

Grupo: A

Comitán de Domínguez Chiapas a 19 de Septiembre de 2022.

TOPIC 1: Nice to Meet you

Exercise 1. Write the subjects pronouns and their meaning (Escribe los pronombres personales y su significado)

1. He (El es / el está)
2. She (Ella es/ ella está)
3. It (eso es/ eso está)
4. You (estas/ estos)
5. You (ustedes son/ uestedes están)
6. We (Nosotros somos/ nosotros estamos)
7. They (ellos son/ elloes están)
8. I (soy/ estoy)

Exercise 2. Complete the sentence, use subject pronouns I, he, she, it, you, we, they (Completa la oraciones usando los pronombres personales)



____You____ are Sam



____He____ is a man.



____She____ is a woman.



____They____ are Pat and Zak.



____It____ is a dog.



____They____ are twins.



___I___ am Lily.



___They___ are friends.

Exercise 3. Complete the sentence, use subject pronouns I, he, she, it, you, we, they (Completa la oraciones usando los pronombres personales)

1. ___She___ often reads books. (**Leila**)
2. ___He___ is watching TV. (**Alan**)
3. ___It___ is green. (**the dress**)
4. ___It___ are on the wall. (**the pictures**)
5. ___It___ is running. (**the cat**)
6. ___We___ are watching TV. (**my sister and I**)
7. ___It___ are in the garden. (**the roses**)
8. ___He___ is driving his car. (**John**)
9. ___She___ is from Bristol. (**Liza**)
10. ___She___ has got a brother. (**Diana**)
11. Have ___It___ got a car, Sue?
12. ___I___ am eating a pizza (**me**)

Exercise 4 and 5. Fill in the gaps with I, my, you (Completa los espacios con I, my, you or your) and translate to Spanish (traduce al español la conversaciones completas)

Conversation 1

Sue: Hello, ___my__ name's Sue.

What's ___your__ name?

Mario: Hello, ___I__ 'm Mario.

Sue: Nice to meet ___you__.

Mario: ___you__ too.

Conversation 2

Adam: Hi, Meg.

Meg: Hi, Adam. How are ___you__?

Adam: ___I__ 'm fine, thanks.

And _you__?

Meg: __I__'m OK, Thanks.

Translate the conversations:

Conversación 1

Sue: Hola, mi nombre es Sue.

Cuál es tu nombre?

Mario: Hola, soy Mario

Sue: Encantada de conocerte

Mario: tú también

Conversación 2

Adam: Hola Meg

Meg: Hola Adam, cómo estás?

Adam: Estoy bien gracias.

¿y usted?

Meg: Estoy bien gracias.

Exercise 6. Write 5 sentences using the words below (Escribe 5 oraciones usando las palabras de abajo)

1. (Goodbye) – Goodbye Teacher
2. (Bye) – Bye Martha
3. (Goodnight) – Goodnight granparents
4. (See you) – Thank you friend, take care, see you
5. (See you on Saturday) - We have game, see you on saturday
6. (See you tomorrow) – Do not forget homework, see you tomorrow

Exercise 6. Translate to English the numbers from 0 to 12 (Traduce al Ingles los numeros del 0 al 12)

0 cero - Zero

1 uno - One

2 dos - Two

3 tres - Three

4 cuatro - Four

5 cinco - Five

6 seis - Six

7 siete - Seven

8 ocho - Eight

9 nueve - Nine

10 diez - Ten

11 once - Eleven

12 doce - Twelve

Exercise 7. Write the next number in words.

1. Two, four, six, ___eight_____.
2. Four, ___eight_____, twelve, sixteen.
3. One, ___two_____, three, four, five.
4. Twelve, ___eleven_____, ten, nine, ___eight_____.
5. Six, ___twelve_____, eighteen, twenty-four.

Exercise 8. Explain who we use the verb to be Affirmative and Negative form (explica como usamos el verbo "to be", en su forma afirmativa y negativa).

El verbo to be se utiliza en la forma afirmativa dependiendo del sujeto un ejemplo seria I/am que se estaria diciendo (yo soy /yo estoy) despues completamos la oración dependiendo lo que se vaya a explicar.

En la forma Negativa seria lo mismo solamente que agregamos un not despues del verb to be, y podemos convinar el verb to be con una contracción o podemos hacer la contracción con el subject, un ejemplo seria, You aren't (contracción del verb to be) You're nto (contracción en el subject)

Exercise 9. Write 7 examples using the verb to be (Escribe 7 ejemplos usando el verbo "to be").

1. Mario is intelligent
2. The house is big
3. Miranda is in the party
4. They are in the park

5. She is playing voleyball

6. we are in the school

7. You are eating

Exercise 10. Fill in the gaps with the correct verb to (Completa los espacios usando el correcto verbo "to be")



I _am__ Michael.



You _are__ my sister.



He _is__ my father.



She _is__ my mother.



We __are__ cousins.



You _are__ my aunts.



They __are__ my grandparents.

Exercise 11. Fill in the gaps with the correct verb to (Completa los espacios usando el correcto verbo "to be")

1. They _are__ in the parking lot, and he _is__ in the classroom.

- a. is, are b. are, are c. are, is d. is, is

2. All chairs _are__ in the classroom.

- a. is b. isn't c. am d. are

3. The table _is__ in the garden.

- a. are b. is c. am d. it's

4. I _am not____ at home.

- a. aren't b. isn't c. am not

5. She _isn't__ at home in the morning.

- a. aren't b. isn't c. am not

6. We _are__ in the park.

- a. are b. is c. am

7. This _is__ my new laptop.

- a. are b. is c. am

8. Our friends __are__ on their summer holidays.

- a. are b. is c. am

9. Uncle George _isn't__ a good football player.

- a. aren't b. isn't c. am not

10. The dog _is__ under the table

- a. are b. is c. am.

11. He _isn't__ very funny.

- a. aren't b. isn't c. am not

12. The shoes _are__ white.

- a. are b. is c. am

13. You _are__ right.

- a. are b. is c. am

14. Susan _is__ good at tennis.

- a. are b. is c. am

15. They __are__ in the house.

- a. are b. is c. am

16. His T-shirts __is__ cool.

- a. are b. is c. am

17. My sister __is not__ a good swimmer.

- a. are not b. is not c. am not

18. She __is__ in Italy.

- a. are not b. is not c. am not