



**Universidad Del Sureste**

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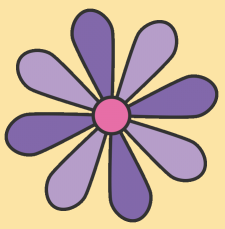
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**Actividad: Infographic:**

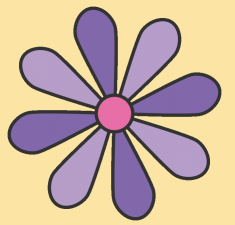
- **Simple Present**

**Fecha de entrega: 01/12/22**





# GRAMMAR FOCUS



Elaborado por: Angela Jenifer Luis Espina

## SIMPLE PRESENT STATEMENTS



• In affirmative statements, verb with he/she/it end in -s: He/She walks to school. But I/You/We/They walk to school.

• In negative statements, use doesn't with he/she/it and don't with all the others: He/She/It doesn't live here. I/You/We/They don't live here.

• Don't add -s to the verb: She doesn't live here.



### Example:

- I walk to school
- You ride you bike to school.
- He works near here.
- I don't live far from here.
- You don't live near here.
- She doesn't drive to work.



## SIMPLE PRESENT STATEMENTS WITH IRREGULAR VERBS

### I/You/We/They

- I have a bike
- We do our homework every day
- My parents go to work by bus



### He/She/It

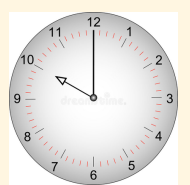
- My father has a car
- My mother does a lot of work at home
- The bus goes downtown



## SIMPLE PRESENT QUESTIONS

• In questions, use does with he/she/it and do with all the others: Does he/she/it get up early? Do I/You/We/They/ get up early?

• Don't add -s to the verb: Does she live alone?



### Example:

- Do you get up early? No, I get up late.
- Does he eat lunch at noon? No, he eats lunch at one o'clock
- What time do you get up? At ten o'clock





## **BIBLIOGRAPHY:**



**Richard C. jack (2013) interchange intro Cambridge Basic English – level 1**