



Nombre de alumno: Alexa Gabriela Rodríguez Galindo

Nombre del profesor: Jorge Enrique Albores

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Materia: Matemáticas aplicadas

Grado: 6to cuatrimestre

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Alexa Gabriela Rodriguez Salindo

$$1. \int e^x dx = e^x + C$$

$$2. \int e^{5x+1} x dx \quad F = 5x^2 + 1 \quad F' = 10x$$
$$\frac{1}{10} \int e^{5x+1} x dx$$

$$3. \int a^{10+2x} 3x dx \quad F = 10x^2 + 2 \quad F' = 20x$$
$$\frac{3}{20} \frac{a^{10+2x}}{\ln a} + C$$

$$4. \int e^{\sqrt{x}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} dx \quad F = \sqrt{x} \quad F' = \frac{1}{2} x^{-1/2} =$$
$$\frac{1}{2} x^{-1/2} = 2\sqrt{x} = 2 \int e^{\sqrt{x}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$5. \int \frac{10x^2}{12x^3+3} dx \quad F = 12x^3+3 \quad F' = 36x^2 = \frac{10}{36}$$
$$\int \frac{x^2}{12x^3+3} dx = \frac{10}{36} \ln |12x^3+3| + C$$

$$6. \int 10^{4x^3+1} x^2 dx \quad F = 4x^3+1 \quad F' = 12x^2$$
$$\frac{1}{12} \int 10^{4x^3+1} x^2 dx = \frac{1}{12} = 12x^2 = \frac{10^{4x^3+1} x^2}{\ln 10}$$

$$7. \int e^{4x^3+2} x^2 dx \quad F = 4x^3+1 \quad F' = 8x$$
$$\frac{3}{8} \int e^{4x^3+1} 3x dx = \frac{1}{8} = 8x^2+13x+C$$

$$8. \int 15x^{2-3} 2x dx \quad F = 15x^{2-3} \quad F' = 30x$$
$$\frac{1}{30} \int 15x^{2-3} 2x dx = \frac{1}{30} \frac{15x^{2-3} 2x}{\ln 10}$$

$$9. \int e^{x^3+2} 3x^2 dx \quad F = x^3+2 \quad F' = 3x^2$$
$$\frac{1}{3} \int e^{x^3+2} 3x^2 dx$$

$$10. \int 3x^2 + 11x dx \quad F = 3x^2+11 \quad F' = 6x$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \int 3x^2 + 11x dx = \frac{1}{6} \frac{3x^2+11x+C}{\ln 3}$$

$$11. \int \frac{3x^5}{2x^6-10} dx = \frac{3}{12} \int \frac{x^5}{2x^6-10} dx =$$
$$\frac{3}{12} \ln |2x^6-10| + C$$

$$12. \int e^{4x+10+2} 2x^9 dx \quad F = 4x+10+2$$
$$F' = 40x^9 \quad \frac{1}{40} \int e^{4x+10+2} 2x^9 dx$$
$$\frac{1}{40} e^{4x+10+2} 2x^9 + C$$

$$13. \int \frac{8x^5}{3x^6+1} dx \quad F = 3x^6+1 \quad F' = 18x^5$$
$$\frac{8}{18} \int \frac{8x^5}{8x^6+12} dx = \frac{8}{18} \ln |3x^6+1| + C$$

$$14. \int 4x^3 x^2 + 1x^3 dx \quad F = 3x^2+1 \quad F' = 6x$$
$$\frac{1}{6} \int 4x^3 + 1x^3 dx = \frac{1}{6} (4x^3+1x^3) + C$$

$$15. \int e^{x^2} x dx \quad F = x^2 \quad F' = 2x$$
$$\frac{1}{2} \int e^{x^2} x dx = \frac{1}{2} e^{x^2} + C$$

$$16. \int 3x^2 + 15x dx \quad F = x^3 \quad F' = 2x$$
$$\frac{1}{2} \int 3x^2 + 15x dx = \frac{1}{2} \frac{3x^2+15}{\ln 3} + C$$

Profe hay me ayuda porfa de verdad en esta materia y en dibujo porfa profe se lo pido de corazón