

Francisco Javier Gómez Hernández

1: $\int 12x^7 dx$

◦ Desarrollo:

* Aplicando Fórmulas: $\int k dx$ y $\int x^n dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} + C$
 $= 12 \int x^7 dx = \frac{12x^{7+1}}{7+1} = \frac{12x^8}{8} + C = \frac{3}{2}x^8 + C$

* Resultado: $= \frac{3}{2}x^8 + C$

2: $\int (x^3 + 5x^2 - 2) dx$

◦ Desarrollo:

* Aplicando Fórmulas: $\int (u \pm v \pm w) dx = \int u dx \pm \int v dx \pm \int w dx$, y $\int k dx = k \int dx = \int x^3 dx + \int 5x^2 dx - \int 2 dx = \int x^3 dx + 5 \int x^2 dx - 2 \int dx$

* Aplicando Fórmulas: $\int x^n dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} + C$ y $\int dx = x + C$

$$= \frac{x^{3+1}}{3+1} + 5 \frac{x^{2+1}}{2+1} - 2 \int dx = \frac{x^4}{4} + 5 \frac{x^3}{3} - 2x + C$$

* Resultado: $\frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{5}{3}x^3 - 2x + C$

3: $\int x^4(5-x^2) dx$

◦ Desarrollo:

* Realizar Multiplicación:

$$x^4(5-x^2) = 5x^4 - x^6$$

* Sustituir:

$$\int (5x^4 - x^6) dx$$

* Aplicando Fórmulas: $\int (u \pm v \pm w) dx = \int u dx \pm \int v dx \pm \int w dx$ y $\int k dx = k \int dx = \int 5x^4 dx - \int x^6 dx = 5 \int x^4 dx - \int x^6 dx$

* Aplicando Fórmulas: $\int x^n dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} + C$

$$= \frac{5x^{4+1}}{4+1} - \frac{x^{6+1}}{6+1} + C = \frac{5x^5}{5} - \frac{x^7}{7} + C$$

* Resultado: $x^5 - \frac{x^7}{7} + C$

Scribe

$$4: \int \left(\sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \right) dx$$

o Desarrollo

* Aplicar Propiedades: $\sqrt[n]{a^m} = a^{m/n}$ y $a^{\frac{1}{n}} = a^{-n}$

$$= \int \left(x^{1/2} - \frac{1}{x^{1/2}} \right) dx = \int \left(x^{1/2} - x^{-1/2} \right) dx$$

* Aplicar Fórmulas: $\int (u \pm v \pm w) dx = \int u dx \pm \int v dx \pm \int w dx$

$$= \int x^{1/2} dx - \int x^{-1/2} dx$$

* Aplicar Fórmula: $\int x^n dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} + C$

$$= \frac{x^{1/2+2/2}}{1/2+2/2} - \frac{x^{-1/2+2/2}}{-1/2+2/2} = \frac{x^{3/2}}{3/2} - \frac{x^{1/2}}{1/2} + C = \frac{2}{3} x^{3/2} - 2x^{1/2} + C$$

* Convertir a radicales: $a^{m/n} = \sqrt[n]{a^m}$

* Resultado: $\frac{2}{3} \sqrt{x^3} - 2\sqrt{x} + C$

$$5: \int (8x^4 + 4x^3 - 6x^2 + 5) dx$$

o Desarrollo:

* Aplicar Fórmulas: $\int (u \pm v \pm w) dx = \int u dx \pm \int v dx \pm \int w dx \pm$

$$\text{y } \int k dx = k \int dx = \int 8x^4 dx + \int 4x^3 dx - \int 6x^2 dx + \int 5 dx$$

$$= 8 \int x^4 dx + 4 \int x^3 dx - 6 \int x^2 dx + 5 \int dx$$

* Aplicar Fórmulas: $\int x^n dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} + C$

$$= 8 \frac{x^{4+1}}{4+1} + 4 \frac{x^{3+1}}{3+1} - 6 \frac{x^{2+1}}{2+1} + 5 \int dx = 8 \frac{x^5}{5} + 4 \frac{x^4}{4} - 6 \frac{x^3}{3} + 5x + C$$

* Resultado: $= \frac{8x^5}{5} + x^4 - 2x^3 + 5x + C$

$$6: \int (4x^3 - 3x^2 - 6x - 1) dx$$

o Desarrollo:

* Aplicar Fórmulas: $\int (u \pm v \pm w) dx = \int u dx = \int u dx \pm \int v dx \pm$

$$\int w dx \text{ y } \int k dx = k \int dx$$

$$= \int 4x^3 dx - \int 3x^2 dx - \int 6x dx - \int dx$$

Francisco Javier Gómez Hernández

$$= 4 \int x^3 dx + 3 \int x^2 dx - 6 \int x dx - \int dx$$

* Aplicar Fórmulas: $\int x^n dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} + c$ y $\int dx = x + c$

$$= 4 \frac{x^{3+1}}{3+1} - 3 \frac{x^{2+1}}{2+1} - 6 \frac{x^{1+1}}{1+1} - \int dx = 4 \frac{x^4}{4} - 3 \frac{x^3}{3} - 6 \frac{x^2}{2} - x + c$$

* Resultado: $x^4 - x^3 - 3x^2 - x + c$

7. $\int (3 - 2t + t^2) dt$

o Desarrollo:

* Aplicando Fórmulas: $\int (u \pm v \pm w) dx = \int u dx \pm \int v dx \pm \int w dx$ y $\int k dx = k \int dx = kx + c$

$$\int k dx = k \int dx = \int 3 dt - \int 2 dt + \int t^2 dt = 3 \int dt - 2 \int dt + \int t^2 dt$$

* Aplicando Fórmulas: $\int x^n dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} + c$ y $\int dx = x + c$

$$= 3t - 2 \frac{t^{1+1}}{1+1} + \frac{t^{2+1}}{2+1} = 3t - 2 \frac{t^2}{2} + \frac{t^3}{3} + c = 3t - \frac{2t^2}{2} +$$

$$+ \frac{t^3}{3} + c$$

* Resultado: $3t - t^2 + \frac{t^3}{3} + c$