

Nombre del Alumno: Andrea Citlali Maza López

Nombre del tema: Ejercicios

Parcial: tercero

Nombre de la Materia: investigación epidemiológica avanzada

Nombre del profesor: leyber bersain

Nombre de la Licenciatura: medicina humana

Cuarto semestre

San Cristóbal de las casas, Chiapas, 29 de mayo de 2022



E 80 420 500  E 20 380 400 C/10 20/40  T 100 800 900 PR = 3.2  XMH = 00-10 (800)(800)(800)(800)  XMH = 22000 XMH = 5.21  XMH = 22000 XMH = 5.21  XMH = 22000 XMH = 5.21  XMH = 3.2 (40.32  H1 = 3.2 (40.32  H2 = 3.2 (40.32)  = 0.8 (0.68)  = 0.8 (0.68)  = 0.8 (0.68)	1	ca	CO	T	A) Calcular B) CH12	20
T 100 800 900 PR = 3.2  XMH = ad ba = (80×380)-(4,0×20)  [MMCDING   [00)(600)(500)(100)  [00](600)(600)(100)  [00](600)(600)(600)(600)  [00](600)(600)(600)(600)  [00](600)(600)(600)(600)  [00](600)(600)(600)(600)(600)  [00](600)(600)(600)(600)(600)  [00](600)(600)(600)(600)(600)  [00](600)(600)(600)(60	E	80	420	500		on/m
XMH = ad by = (80×380)-(4,0×20)  [106)(600)(500)(400)  XMH = 22000	Ē	20	380	400	Clia	20/400
XNH = 22000 X MU = 5.21  K9570 = 101 = 21 min  1.96 = 3.2 + 10037  H1 = 3.2 + 0.32 = 3.2 + 32  H2 = 3.2 + 0.32 = 3.2 + 32  H2 = 3.2 + 0.32 = 3.2 + 32  H2 = 3.2 + 0.32 = 2.08	+	100	800	900	P.R = 3.2	
K95+0 = 1-12 + 2   1441 + 15 21   1   196 = 3.2   1   196   15 21	XMH			(106)(	800) (SO4) (FOU)	
Pap = A/M/(RR-1/RR) = 80/100(3.2-1/3/2)					21	
Pap = A/M/(RR-1/RR) = 80/100(3.2-1/3/2)	K95	10 = HAL	2 + 1   a   1			
= 80/100(3.2-1/3.2)		H <sub>1</sub> = 3 × 2 H <sub>2</sub> = 3	21-0.57 :	3.200	3° = 4.92 ° = 2.08	
	-	80/100	0.68	13.2)		

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(2) CO	00	T PR = A/61 =
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€ 14	24	38 2n: 1.38/
T 213	215	428
	Day De	- (199)(24)-(191)(14) (213)(215)(390)(88 429-1
You H =	2102	XMH = 1,66
1095	- 1.38 ±1.18	10 11 .ce
H	1=1.38 1-1.	18 = 1,3828 = 2.01 18 = 1.38 ° 18 = 0.94
= 109	3(0,27)	1/22) 8-1/1.38)
	S = 25 %.	

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6	34	9 8	86	1695	=(n)	II	96.7	s + 1/a	+ 70+	14
Ē	12	3	3.6	= Ln +1.96 V	1 < -	LOC	100			
		= 0,	9111	96(03	0					
		= 0.1	912 0	3.60 >	1.51					
		1130	0.91	-0.50	= 6.	1/2				
	a			8	0 =	300	x30			
E	70	300		1095 = ln3 = 1.60	- ln?	300 1.96 J	46V	1/2+	16-1/64 - 1/304 16 4 0.03 46	3
E	70	300	= 1.6	1095 = lns = 1.60 3 ± 1.91	ln?	300 1.96 J	46V	1/2+	16-1/64	3
E	70	300	= L6	1095 = 1095 = 1.68 8 ± 1.91	Lne 5.44 1.9	300	46V	1/2+	16-1/64	3
€	70	300	= L6	1095 = lns = 1.60 3 ± 1.91	1 1 . q (0. 20	300 1.96 J 6 J 6 J	46V	1/2+	16-1/64	0
€	70	300	= L6	1095 = 1.68 = 1.68 8 ± 1.91 1 ± 0.39	1 1 . q (0. 20	300 1.96 J 6 J 6 J	46V	1/2+	16-1/64	0
E	70	300	= L6	1095 = 1.68 = 1.68 8 ± 1.91 1 ± 0.39	1 1 . q (0. 20	300 1.96 J 6 J 6 J	46V	1/2+	16-1/64	3

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