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## **GRAMMAR**

# Possessive pronouns / Whose

Possessive pronouns can replace nouns and noun phrases. They answer questions with "whose" and

clarify answers to questions with "which".

A: Whose coat is that? B: It's mine. (= It's my coat.)

A: Which is her cup? B: This one is hers.

Be careful!

- Don't use a possessive adjective in place of a possessive pronoun.
   Is this yours? NOT Is this your?
- Don't use a noun after a possessive pronoun.

These shoes are mine. NOT These are mine shoes.

subject pronouns	possessive adjectives	possessive pronouns
I	my	mine
you	your	yours
he	his	his
she	her	hers
it	its	its
we	our	ours
you	your	yours
they	their	theirs

# **Examples:**

That's my jacket / It's mine.

Your dinner was great/ Yours was great.

Are these his keys? / Are these his?

She drives her car to work/ She drives hers to work.

These are our shoes / These are **ours**.

They finished their assignment / They finished theirs.

**Exercise 1.** Replace the noun phrases with possessive pronouns

1. Those gloves are my gloves.

Answer: mine

2. That is her coat.

Answer: **hers** 

3. The books on the table are Mr. Davison's.

Answer: his

4. Their car and <del>our car</del> are parked on the same street.
Answer: ours
5. Are those my tickets or <del>her tickets</del> ?
Answer: hers
6. The white house is <del>my mother's house</del> .
Answer: hers
7. Is this painting <del>your painting</del> or <del>her brother's painting</del> ?
Answer: <b>yours, his</b>
8. The newspaper under the chair is <del>his daughter's paper</del> .
Answer: hers
9. Is this DVD your DVD or <del>your friends'</del> ?
Answer: theirs
10. Are these <del>your son's shoes</del> ?
Answer: yours
Exercise 2. Contesta correctamente
1. This car is car. This car is his.
a) he
b) her c) his
d) hers
2. This house is our house. This house is
a) our
b) ours c) we
d) its
3. This hat is my hat. This hat is
a) I
b) me
<ul><li>c) mine</li><li>d) its</li></ul>

4. This is your bike. This bike is	
<ul><li>a) you</li><li>b) your</li><li>c) yous</li><li>d) yours</li></ul>	
5. This is dog. This dog is hers.	
a) her	
b) his c) hers	
d) she	
6. These are children. These child	dren are theirs.
a) theirs	
b) them c) they	
d) their	
Vocabulary	
<b>Exercise 3.</b> Match the adjectives to pic palabra)	tures 1-10. (Escribe la letra de la figura que concuerda con la
(1) - a magazine	THINGS TO BUY
(5) - a postcard	1 2 A LONDON
(10) - a box of chocolates	
( <b>9</b> ) - sweets	IONDON 5

(8) - batteries

(**2**) - tissues

(**3**) - a map

(4) - a newspaper

(7) - a birthday card

(6) - chewing gum

## **EVENTS AND TIMES**

## **VOCABULARY**

#### What time is it?



1. It's one o'clock.



2. It's one fifteen. OR It's a quarter after one.



3. It's one twenty. OR It's twenty after one.



4. It's one thirty. OR It's half past one.



It's twenty to two.



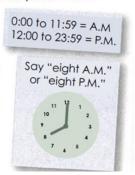
5. It's one forty. OR 6. It's one forty-five. OR It's a quarter to two.



7. It's noon.



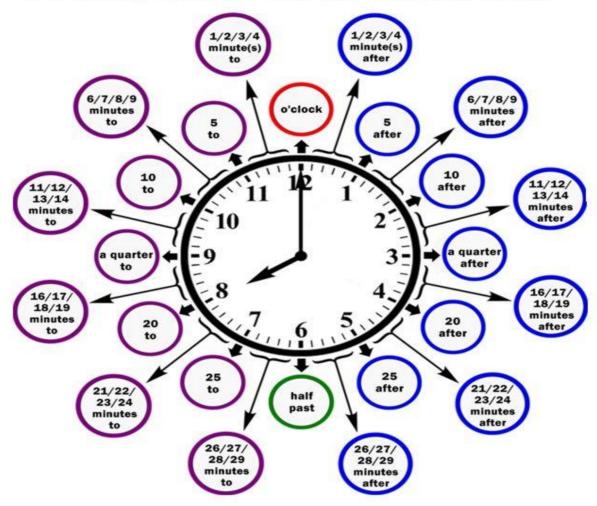
8. It's midnight.





# Son las...... It's ... o'clock It's five to ... It's five past ... 12 11 It's ten to ... It's ten past ... 10 3 9 It's quarter to ... It's quarter past ... 8 It's twenty to ... It's twenty past ... 5 It's twenty-five to ... It's twenty-five past ... It's half past ...

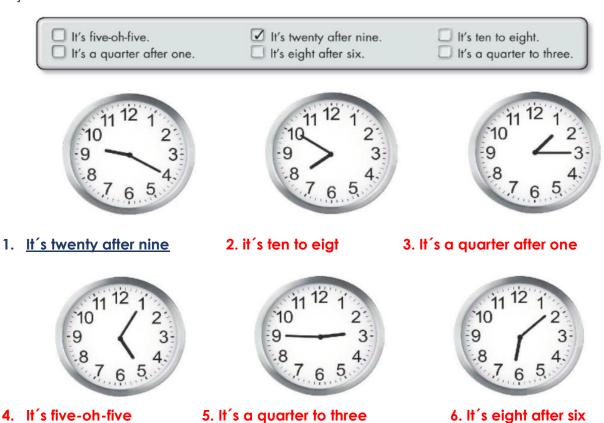
It's twenty to five = Son las 5 menos veinte



Ver video en youtube para la explicación de las horas:



**Exercise 4**. What time is it?. Use the sentences in the box. ¿Qué hora es?, usa las oraciones en la caja.



#### **VOCABULARY**

## Early, on time, and late.



1. She's early.



2. They're on time



3. He's late

## **VOCABULARY Events**



1. a party



2. a dance



3. a game



4. a dinner



5. a movie



6. a concert

## **GRAMMAR**

"Be": questions about time / Prepositions "at" and "on".

What time is it?

(It's) five twenty.

What time's the party? What day is the concert? (It's) on Saturday.

(It's) at nine thirty.

When's the dance?

(It's) at ten o'clock.

(It's) on Friday at 10:00 P.M.

Contractions:

What time is → What time's What day is → What day's

→ When's When is

Be careful!

What time is it? NOT-What time's it? When is it? NOT When's it?

**Exercise 5**. Complete the questions and answers. Use contractions when possible.

1. A: When \_\_is\_\_ the party?

B: It's <u>at</u> 11:00 p.m.

2: A: \_what\_ day's the game?

B: It's <u>on</u> Saturday.

3. A: What **time** the concert?

B: It's at 8:30.

4. A: What \_\_day's\_\_ the dinner?

B: It's \_\_on\_ Tuesday.

5. A: \_\_when's\_\_ the dance?

B: It's \_\_**on**\_\_ Friday at 9:00.

6. A: What \_\_\_time\_\_\_ the class?

B: It's \_\_\_at\_\_ noon.

## **GRAMMAR**

Prepositions "in", "on" and "at" for dates and times.

When's the party?

It's in January.

When's the dance?

It's on January 15.th

When's the dinner?

It's on the 12<sup>th</sup>

What day's the meeting? It's on Tuesday.

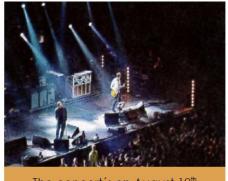
What time's the movie?

It's at noon.

What time's the dance?

It's at 8:30.

Be careful! in the mornina in the afternoon in the evening BUT at night



The concert's on August 12th

**Exercise 6.** Complete the sentences. Use "in", "on" or "at".

- 1. The concert is **\_\_on\_\_** July 14 **\_\_at\_\_** 3:00**\_\_in\_\_** the afternoon.
- 2. The dinner is <u>\_in</u>\_ December <u>\_on</u>\_ the 6.
- 3. The party is <u>at</u> midnight <u>on</u> Saturday.
- 4. The movie is on November 1 at 8:30 p.m.
- 5. The game is \_\_on\_ Wednesday \_\_on\_ noon.
- 6. The meeting is at the State Bank <u>at</u> 11:00 <u>in</u> the morning <u>on</u> July 18.