



**Nombre del trabajo: ¡A derivar se ha dicho!**

**Materia: Biomatemáticas**

**Nombre del alumno: Joshua Daniel Mazariegos Pérez**

**Grado: 2º**

**Grupo: C**

**Nombre del catedrático: Dr. Rosvane Margine Morales Irecta**

Comitán de Domínguez Chiapas a 19 de marzo de 2022.

# Reglas de las derivadas.

1-  $f(x) = c \rightarrow f'(x) = 0$  siempre que tenga constante es

$$f(x) = c \rightarrow f'(x) = 0 \text{ cero}$$

2-  $f(x) = x^n \rightarrow f'(x) = nx^{n-1}$  numeral del exponente se baja como constante.

3-  $f(x) = cx^5 \rightarrow f'(x) = 5cx^4$  ~~3~~  $3x^5 \rightarrow 3(5x^4)$

Para potencia

$x = 1$  siempre

## Ejercicios

a)  $x^3 \rightarrow f(x) = x^3 \rightarrow f'(x) = 3x^2$

b)  $x^2 \rightarrow f(x) = x^2 \rightarrow f'(x) = 2x$

c)  $x^8 \rightarrow f(x) = x^8 \rightarrow f'(x) = 8x^7$

d)  $x^{11} \rightarrow f(x) = x^{11} \rightarrow f'(x) = 11x^{10}$

e)  $x^{20} \rightarrow f(x) = x^{20} \rightarrow f'(x) = 20x^{19}$

Leer 54-69.

## Ejercicios

1)  $4x^3 \rightarrow 12x^2$   $4(3x^2)$

2)  $5x^6 \rightarrow 30x^5$   $5(6x^5)$

3)  $2x \rightarrow 2$   $2(1)$

4)  $3x^3 \rightarrow 9x^2$   $3(3x^2)$

5)  $8x^2 \rightarrow 16x$   $8(2x)$

$$4) f(x) = f \circ g \rightarrow f(x) = 2x^2 + x$$

$$f'(x) = (f \circ g)' = f' \circ g' \rightarrow f'(x) = 6(3x^2) + 1$$

$$= 6x^2 + 1$$

### Ejercicios (Plataforma)

$$1) 2x^2 + 3x \rightarrow f(x) = 2x^2 + 3x \rightarrow f(x) = 2(2x) + 3 = 4x + 3$$

$$2) 6x - 2 \rightarrow f(x) = 6x + 2 \rightarrow f'(x) = 6 - 0 = 6$$

$$3) 5x^5 + x^2 \rightarrow f(x) = 5x^5 + x^2 \rightarrow f'(x) = 5(5x^4) + 2x = 25x^4 + 2x$$

$$4) 7x^2 + x \rightarrow f(x) = 7x^2 + x \rightarrow f'(x) = 7(2x) + 1 = 14x + 1$$

$$5) 9x^3 - 4x \rightarrow f(x) = 9x^3 - 4x \rightarrow f'(x) = 9(3x^2) - 4 = 27x^2 - 4$$

$$f \circ g \rightarrow f \circ g'$$

$$f(x) = (4x + 1) + (10x^2 - 5)$$

$$S = f(x) = f \circ g + f \circ g'$$

$$f'(x) = (f \circ g)' = f \circ g' + f \circ g''$$

$$f'(x) = 20x(4x + 1) + 4(10x^2 - 5)$$

### Ejercicios (Plataforma)

$$1) (4x^3 - 2) - (6x^2 + 2)$$

$$f(x) = 12x(4x^3 - 2) - 12x^2(6x^2 + 2)$$

$$2) (3x^5 + 5x) + (7x - 3)$$

$$f(x) = 7(3x^5 + 5x) + 15x^4 + 5(7x - 3)$$

$$3) (5x^2 - 6) + (8x^3 + 4)$$

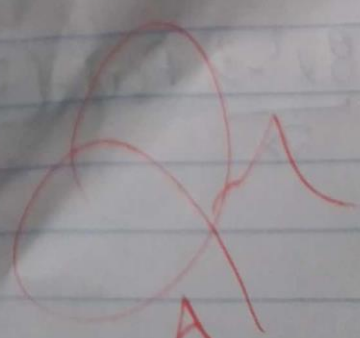
$$f(x) = 24x^2(5x^2 - 6) + 10x(8x^3 + 4)$$

$$4) (2x^5 - 3x) - (6x - 1)$$

$$f(x) = 6(2x^5 - 3x) - 10x^4 - 3(6x - 1)$$

$$5) (7x^3 + 7) + (7x^2 - 7)$$

$$f(x) = 14x(7x^3 + 7) + 21x^2(7x^2 - 7)$$





$$6) f(x) = \left[ \frac{F}{g} \right] \quad f'(x) = \frac{f'g - fg'}{g^2}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{(4x-5)}{(5x^2+3x)} \quad f'(x) = \frac{[10x + 3(4x-5)] - [4(5x^2+3x)]}{(5x^2+3x)^2}$$

Contoh lainnya

Latihan

$$1) \frac{6x^3 + 4}{2x^2 + 3x} \quad f(x) = \frac{4x + 3(6x^3 + 4) - 18x^2(2x^2 + 3x)}{(2x^2 + 3x)^2}$$

$$2) \frac{5x^5 - 2x^4}{3x^2 - x^2} \quad f(x) = \frac{[6x - 2x(5x^5 - 2x^4)] - [25x^4 - 8x^3(3x^2 - x^2)]}{(3x^2 - x^2)^2}$$

$$3) \frac{4x^4 + 3x^3}{2x^3 + x} \quad f(x) = \frac{[6x^2 + 1(4x^4 + 3x^3)] - [16x^3 + 9x^2(2x^3 + x)]}{(2x^3 + x)^2}$$

$$4) \frac{8x^2 - 3}{7x} \quad f(x) = \frac{[7(8x^2 - 3)] - [16x(-7x)]}{(7x)^2}$$



$$5) \frac{x^2}{2x^3} \cdot f(x) = \frac{[6x^2(x^2)] - [7x^6(2x^3)]}{(2x^3)^2} \quad f(x) = \frac{6x^4 - 14x^9}{4x^6} = \frac{3x^4 - 7x^9}{2x^6}$$

Übungen (Produkt- und Quotientenformel)

$$1) 3x^2 = f(x) = 6x \rightarrow f(x) = 6x \rightarrow f'(x) = (f(x))' = (6x)' = 6$$

$$2) 5 \rightarrow f(x) = 0 \rightarrow f(x) = 0 \rightarrow f(x) = 0$$

$$3) f(x) = -2x \rightarrow -2 \rightarrow f(x) = -2x \rightarrow f'(x) = (f(x))' = (-2x)' = -2$$

$$4) f(x) = -2x^2 - 5 \rightarrow f(x) = -4x$$

$$f(x) = f \pm g$$

$$5) f(x) = 2x^4 + x^3 - x^2 - 4 \rightarrow 8x^3 + 3x^2 - 2x \quad f'(x) = (f \pm g)' = f' \pm g'$$

$$6) f(x) = 4x^3 + 6x \rightarrow f(x) = 12x^2 + 6 \rightarrow f(x) = f \pm g \rightarrow f'(x) = (f \pm g)' = f' \pm g'$$

$$7) f(x) = 8x^6 \rightarrow f(x) = 48x^5 \rightarrow f(x) = (x) \rightarrow f'(x) = (f(x))' = (48x^5)' = 240x^4$$

$$8) f(x) = 8 \rightarrow f(x) = 0 \rightarrow f(x) = 0 \rightarrow f(x) = 0$$

$$9) f(x) = (3x^3 + 2x) + (6x^4 + 6) \rightarrow f(x) = f_1 \pm f_2 \rightarrow f'(x) = (f_1)' \pm (f_2)'$$

$$f'(x) = 24x^2(3x^3 + 2x) + (9x^2 + 2)(6x^4 + 6)$$

$$10) \frac{8x^6 - 6x^3 - 4}{2x^4} \rightarrow f(x) = \frac{[8x^3(8x^6 - 6x^3 - 4)] - [48x^5 - 18x^2(2x^4)]}{(2x^4)^2} \rightarrow f(x) = \left[ \frac{f}{g} \right]$$

$$f(x) = \frac{[8x^3(8x^6 - 6x^3 - 4)] - [48x^5 - 18x^2(2x^4)]}{(2x^4)^2} \rightarrow f(x) = \frac{f_1 - f_2}{g^2}$$

$$11) f(x) = (7x^2 + 4x) + (6x^3 - 2x^2) \rightarrow f(x) = f_1 \pm f_2 \rightarrow f'(x) = (f_1)' \pm (f_2)'$$

$$f'(x) = 14x + 4(7x^2 + 4x) + 18x^2 - 4(6x^3 - 2x^2)$$

$$12) f(x) = (3x^5 + 6) - (8x^2 - 2x) \rightarrow f(x) = f_1 \pm f_2 \rightarrow f'(x) = (f_1)' - (f_2)'$$

$$f'(x) = 15x^4 + 2(3x^5 + 6) - 16x + 2(8x^2 - 2x)$$

$$13) f(x) = \frac{2x^3 - x^2}{6x^2 + x + 2} \rightarrow f(x) = \left[ \frac{f}{g} \right] \rightarrow f(x) = \frac{f_1 - f_2}{g^2}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{[12x + 1(2x^3 - x^2)] - [6x^2 - 2x(6x^2 + x + 2)]}{(6x^2 + x + 2)^2}$$



$$14) f(x) = (6x^4 + 2x^5) - (2x^6 + x^5) \Rightarrow f(x) = f_g \pm f_h$$

$$f(x) = 12x^5 + 5x^4(6x^4 + 2x^5) - (24x^3 + 10x^4)(2x^6 + x^5)$$

$$\Rightarrow f'(x) = (f_g)' = f_g' \pm f_h'$$

$$15) f(x) = 28 \Rightarrow f(x) = 0 \Rightarrow f(x) = 0 \Rightarrow f(x) = \emptyset$$