



Universidad Del Sureste

Campus Comitán

Licenciatura en Medicina Humana



Tema:

“Derivadas”

Alumna:

Anzueto Aguilar Mónica Monserrat.

Grupo: A

Grado: 2°

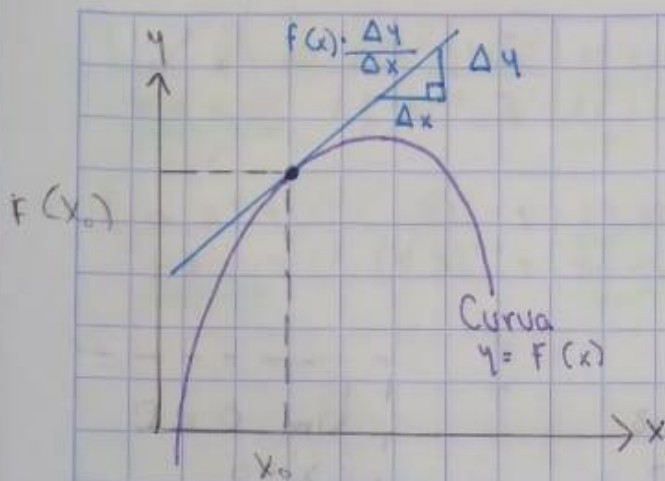
Materia:

“BIOMATEMÁTICAS”

Docente:

Dra. Rosvani Margine Morales Irecta

Comitán de Domínguez, Chiapas a 19 de marzo de 2022.



→ Derivada de la función en el punto máximo es equivalente a la pendiente de la recta de la tangente

f(x) → Variable independiente

ff(x) → Variables dependientes

ff(x) /

PH → VI / VD
CO → VD / VI
O →

C = 0

x = 1

= REGLAS DE LA DERIVACIÓN =

' = derivada

① $f(x) = c$

$f'(x) = 0$

② $f(x) = x^n$

$f'(x) = nx^{n-1}$

③ $f(x) = cx$

$f'(x) = c f(x) = c f'(x)$

④ $f(x) = f \pm g$

$f'(x) = (f \pm g)' = f' \pm g'$

⑤ $f(x) = f \cdot g$

$f'(x) = \underline{f}g' + f\underline{g}'$

① $f(x) = 7$

$f'(x) = 0$

② $f(x) = x^3$

$f'(x) = 3x^{3-1} = 3x^2$

③ $f(x) = 3x^5$

$f'(x) = 3(5x^4)$

$15x^4$

④ $f(x) = 2x^3 + x$

$f'(x) = 6x^2 + 1$

⑤ $f(x) = (1x+1) \cdot (10x^2-5)$

$f(x) = 20x(1x+1) + 4(10x^2-5)$

⑥ $f(x) = \left[\frac{f}{g} \right]' = \frac{f'g - fg'}{g^2}$

Ejercicios

15-03-22

(Fórmula 2)

1) x^5 $f(x) = x^n$ $f'(x) = 5x^{5-1} = 5x^4$

2) x^8 $f(x) = x^n$ $f'(x) = 8x^{8-1} = 8x^7$

3) x^9 $f(x) = x^n$ $f'(x) = 9x^{9-1} = 9x^8$

4) x^{11} $f(x) = x^n$ $f'(x) = 11x^{11-1} = 11x^{10}$

5) x^4 $f(x) = x^n$ $f'(x) = 4x^{4-1} = 4x^3$

(Fórmula 3)

1) $2x^6$ $f(x) = cx$ $f'(x) = 2(6x^5) = 12x^5$

2) $4x^2$ $f(x) = cx$ $f'(x) = 4(2x^{2-1}) = 8x$

3) $5x^3$ $f(x) = cx$ $f'(x) = 5(3x^{3-1}) = 15x^2$

4) $6x^4$ $f(x) = cx$ $f'(x) = 6(4x^{4-1}) = 24x^3$

5) $10x^2$ $f(x) = cx$ $f'(x) = 10(2x^{2-1}) = 20x$

(Fórmula 4)

1) $4x^3 + 2x$ $f(x) = f \pm g$ $f'(x) = 4(3x^2) + 2(1) = 12x^2 + 2$

2) $6x^2 - 3$ $f(x) = f \pm g$ $f'(x) = 6(2x) - 0 = 12x$

3) $2x^4 - x^2$ $f(x) = f \pm g$ $f'(x) = 2(4x^3) - 2(1) = 8x^3 - 2x$

4) $3x^2 + x$ $f(x) = f \pm g$ $f'(x) = 3(6x^2) + 1 = 18x^2 + 1$

5) $x^7 - 3x$ $f(x) = f \pm g$ $f'(x) = 7x^6 - 3(1) = 7x^6 - 3$

Ejercicios

fórmula 5

$$1) (5x^2+2) + (3x-2) \quad f(x) = fg + fg$$

$$f(x) = 3(5x^2+2) + 10x(3x-2)$$

$$2) (7x^3+2x) + (2x^2+5x) \quad f(x) = fg + fg$$

$$f(x) = 4x(7x^3+2x) + 21x^2+2(2x^2+5x)$$

$$3) (2x+10) - (2x^3-10) \quad f(x) = fg + fg$$

$$f(x) = 6x^2(2x+10) - 2(2x^3-10)$$

$$4) (8x^4+10x) + (6x-3) \quad f(x) = fg + fg$$

$$f(x) = 6(8x^4+10x) + 32x^3 + 10(6x-3)$$

$$5) (20x+2) - (8x^5+6) \quad f(x) = fg + fg$$

$$f(x) = 10x^4(20x+2) - 20(8x^5+6)$$

Ejercicios

19-03-22

1) $4x^3 + 6x$

$$f'(x) = 3(4x^2) + 6 = 12x^2 + 6$$

f1

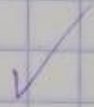
2) $8x^6$

$$f'(x) = 6(8x^5) = 48x^5$$

f2

3) 7

$$f'(x) = 0$$



f1

4) $(3x^3 + 2x) \cdot (6x^4 + 6)$

$$f'(x) = 24x^3(3x^3 + 2x) + 9x^2 + 2(6x^4 + 6)$$

f5

5) $(8x + 2) - (3x^2 - x)$

$$f'(x) = 6x + 1(8x + 2) - 8(3x^2 - x)$$

f5

6) $(7x^2 + 4x) + (6x^3 - 2x^2)$

$$f'(x) = 18x^2 - 4x(7x^2 + 4x) + 14x + 4(6x^3 - 2x^2)$$

7) $(2x^3 - 4x^2) + (2x + x) \cdot 2 + 1(2x^3 - 4x^2) + 6x^2 - 8x(2x + x)$



8) $(6x^4 + 2x^5) - (2x^6 + x^5)$

$$f'(x) = 12x^3 + 5x^4(6x^4 + 2x^5) - 24x^5 + 10x^4(2x^6 + x^5)$$

9) $(3x^5 + 6) - (7x^2 - 2x)$

$$f'(x) = 16x - 2(3x^5 + 6) - 15x^1(7x^2 - 2x)$$

10) $(9x^2 + 3x) + (x^3 + x^2)$

$$f'(x) = 3x^2 + 2x(9x^2 + 3x) + 18x + 13(x^3 + x^2)$$

