

## COMPARATIVOS – COMPARATIVES

Usamos los comparativos para comparar 2 palabras (personas, cosas, animales, etc) en donde utilizamos las palabras ADJETIVOS para hacer la comparación.

Ejemplo: Jorge es más alto que Marcos. ----- Jorge is taller than Mark

En inglés para que esta comparación tenga sentido debemos de agregar E , ER , IER al final del adjetivo, dependiendo de cuantas sílabas tenga la palabra, así como se muestra en la tabla de abajo.

Después de cambiar el adjetivo debemos de agregar THAN que equivale a MÁS QUE...

## SUPERLATIVOS – SUPERLATIVE


Los superlativos se utilizan para destacar que una (persona, cosa, animal, etc) posee una característica en mayor grado que otros reafirmando que es el mejor de un grupo, o por lo contrario, algo negativo.

Ejemplo: Canada is THE LARGEST country in the American continent. --- Canada es EL PAIS MÁS GRANDE del continente americano.

En inglés tenemos que agregar el artículo THE a lado del adjetivo en su forma SUPERLATIVA siempre.

Al igual que los comparativos, el modo de escritura va a depender del número de las sílabas de la palabra. Por favor mira la tabla para comprender eso

**NO OLVIDEN UTILIZAR EL VERBO BE PARA AMBAS FORMAS**

ENGLISH GRAMMAR		COMPARATIVES - SUPERLATIVES		Woodward ENGLISH
The dog is <b>faster</b> than the elephant. The horse is <b>the fastest</b> . The horse is <b>bigger</b> than the dog. The elephant is <b>the heaviest</b> . The dog is <b>more energetic</b> than the elephant.				
	<b>ADJECTIVE</b>	<b>COMPARATIVE</b>	<b>SUPERLATIVE</b>	
<b>ONE syllable</b>	fast young	-ER faster younger	-EST the fastest the youngest	
<b>ONE syllable Ending in -E</b>	nice strange	-R nicer stranger	-ST the nicest the strangest	
<b>ONE syllable Consonant + Short Vowel + Consonant</b>	big hot	<b>Double the last consonant and add -ER</b> bigger hotter	<b>-EST</b> the biggest the hottest	
<b>TWO syllables Ending in -Y</b>	happy crazy	<b>Remove the -Y and add -IER</b> happier crazier	<b>-IEST</b> the happiest the craziest	
<b>TWO or MORE syllables</b>	famous beautiful	<b>MORE +</b> more famous more beautiful	<b>THE MOST +</b> the most famous the most beautiful	
<b>Common Exceptions</b>	good bad	<b>better</b> <b>worse</b>	<b>the best</b> <b>the worst</b>	
<a href="http://www.grammar.cl">www.grammar.cl</a>		<a href="http://www.woodwardenglish.com">www.woodwardenglish.com</a>	<a href="http://www.vocabulary.cl">www.vocabulary.cl</a>	

**Complete the sentence using the correct form of the comparative**

1. I (tall)	<b>am taller than</b>	my sister.
2. Sarah (busy)	<b>is busier than</b>	Mary.
3. The sun (hot)	<b>is hotter than</b>	the earth.
4. The earth (large)	<b>is larger than</b>	the moon.
5. Elephants (big)	<b>are bigger than</b>	horses.
6. Action movies (exciting)	<b>are more exciting than</b>	comedies.
7. This restaurant (Good)	<b>is better than</b>	that restaurant.
8. Salads (healthy)	<b>are healthier than</b>	hamburgers.
9. I think weekends (nice)	<b>are nicer than</b>	weekdays.
10. Lions (dangerous)	<b>are more dangerous than</b>	rabbits.
11. The sun (far)	<b>is farther than</b>	the moon.
12. That hotel (bad)	<b>is worse than</b>	this hotel.
13. Cars (fast)	<b>are faster than</b>	bicycles.
14. Comedies (funny)	<b>are funnier than</b>	action movies.
15. I (nervous)	<b>am more nervous than</b>	my friends

**Complete the sentence using the correct form of the SUPERLATIVE**

1. I (tall)	<b>am the tallest</b>	person in the family.
2. Jupiter (big)	<b>is the biggest</b>	planet in our solar system.
3. Elephants (large)	<b>are the largest</b>	land animal son earth.
4. We bought (expensive)	<b>are the most expensive</b>	T. V in the store.
5. Which sports do you think (dangerous)	<b>are the most dangerous</b>	?
6. My cat (lazy)	<b>is the laziest</b>	animal I know.
7. The restaurant serves (good)	<b>is the best</b>	food in town.
8. I think math is (difficult)	<b>the most difficult</b>	subject.
9. What (long)	<b>is the longest</b>	Word in English that you know?
10. He (strange)	<b>is the strangest</b>	man in the story.
11. Last week I had (bad)	<b>the worst</b>	time of my life.
12. Which place (hot)	<b>is the hottest</b>	place on earth.
13. I think it (funny)	<b>is the funniest</b>	show on televisión.
14. My friend (interesting)	<b>is the most interesting</b>	person I know.
15. Who (famous)	<b>is the most famous</b>	person in your country

## WOULD LIKE VS WOULD LIKE TO

La palabra WOULD es un verbo modal que en este caso significa GUSTARIA de que tienes deseo de realizar alguna ACTIVIDAD o de algún SUSTANTIVO.

Recuerden que un sustantivo es una cosa, persona, lugar, objeto o idea abstracta.

<b>WOULD LIKE</b>	<b>WOULD LIKE TO</b>
Se utiliza con <b>SUSTANTIVOS</b>	Se utiliza con <b>VERBOS</b> en su forma base
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• I would like a chocolate</li> <li>• Me gustaría un chocolate</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• I would like to travel to Europe in the Winter.</li> <li>• Me gustaría viajar a Europa en el invierno.</li> </ul>
Negativo/ Negative <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• I wouldn't like a quesadilla</li> <li>• No me gustaría una quesadilla</li> </ul>	Negativo/ Negative <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• I wouldn't like to run 8 kilometers.</li> <li>• No me gustaría correr 10 kilometros</li> </ul>
Pregunta/ Question <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Would you like some coffee?</li> <li>• ¿Te gustaría un poco de café?</li> </ul>	Pregunta / Question <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Would you like toe at a candy?</li> <li>• ¿Te gustaría comer un dulce?</li> </ul>

<p>1. I ... travel to Spain next summer, but I don't have enough money.</p> <p>a) Would like</p> <p>b) <b><u>Would like to</u></b></p>	<p>2. .... You ..... see an action movie tomorrow night?</p> <p>a) Would / like</p> <p>b) <b><u>Would / like to</u></b></p>
<p>3. A: Are you ready to order?</p> <p>B: Yes, I ... a sándwich, please</p> <p>a) <b><u>Would like</u></b></p> <p>b) Would like to</p>	<p>4. I'm bored. What ..... you .... do this weekend?</p> <p>a) Would / like</p> <p>b) <b><u>Would / like to</u></b></p>
<p>5. How many chocolate chips cookies ... you ... ?</p> <p>a) <b><u>Would / like</u></b></p> <p>b) Would /like to</p>	<p>6. .... Your kids ... play at the park next weekend?</p> <p>a) Would / like</p> <p>b) <b><u>Would / like to</u></b></p>
<p>7. A: would you like a cup of tea?</p> <p>B: yes, I ... thank you!</p> <p>a) <b><u>Would</u></b></p> <p>b) Would like</p>	<p>8. I feel sick, so I ..... go home early today.</p> <p>a) Would like</p> <p>b) <b><u>Would like to</u></b></p>
<p>9. A: Who ... some apple pie?</p> <p>B: We would!</p> <p>a) <b><u>Would like</u></b></p> <p>b) Would like to</p>	<p>10. Which ..... you ...., strawberry or vanilla ice-cream?</p> <p>a) <b><u>Would / like</u></b></p> <p>b) Would / like to</p>
<p>11. A: ... you ... drink some coffe?</p> <p>B: Yes I would, thank you!</p> <p>a) Would / like</p> <p>b) <b><u>Would /like to</u></b></p>	<p>12. Jim said he ... cook dinner fo rus this evening.</p> <p>a) Would like</p> <p>b) <b><u>Would like to</u></b></p>

