



# Mi Universidad

## Cuadro sinóptico

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## Characteristic adverbs

The **adverb** is an **invariable** word (it has neither gender nor number) that expresses circumstances of place, time, mode, quantity (or degree) order, negation, affirmation, doubt, addition and exclusion.

**According to their meaning**, adverbs can be from:

**Place:** (here, ahead, far, up, etc.)

**Of time:** (today, while, never, before, now, etc.)

**Of mode:** (either, slowly, easily, etc.)

**Of quantity or degree:** (quite, much, so, very etc.)

**Of order:** (firsts, etc.)

### **Relationship between adverb and adjective**

It is great, both can perform the same function in the phrase (adjacent) or in the sentence (attribute); many adverbs admit degrees or suffixes and the adjective can be adverbialized, either with the form 'mente' or without any morpheme. Example: 'the girls well', 'the tall girls'.

## Too and enough

Too and enough are used to express amounts too much and enough. We can find them by quantifying adverbs, adjectives and also names.

“Too” and “enough” modify adjectives, adverbs and nouns.

**Examples (adjectives):** He is too old to play football with the kids.

Dave is intelligent enough to do the right thing.

**Examples (adverbs):** you're not working fast enough.

I don't have enough time.

**Examples (nouns):** he has too many friends.

He has too much patience.

## Verbs in the past, regular and irregular

The regular verbs in English (regular verbs) are those to which you only have to add -ed or -d at the end of the infinitive form, or base form, to obtain the conjugation forms of past and past participle.

For example, play is a regular verb because its preterite and past participle forms are as follows:

I tense of the verb play: played (played).

Past participle of the verb play: played.

Irregular verbs are those that do not comply with the conjugation rules of regular verbs. Irregular verbs do not have the ending -ED or -D when conjugated in the past simple.

Examples:

1. I saw a really great movie yesterday.
2. She chose the red dress.
3. I wrote her a letter After we arrived.