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## ON

**Use (place):** "On" is used with surfaces, when we are referencing a location within a room, such as the ceiling or the wall, or to indicate that someone is inside a mode of transport or on the floor of a building.

### Examples:

The pen is on the table.

They have a photograph of Paris on the wall

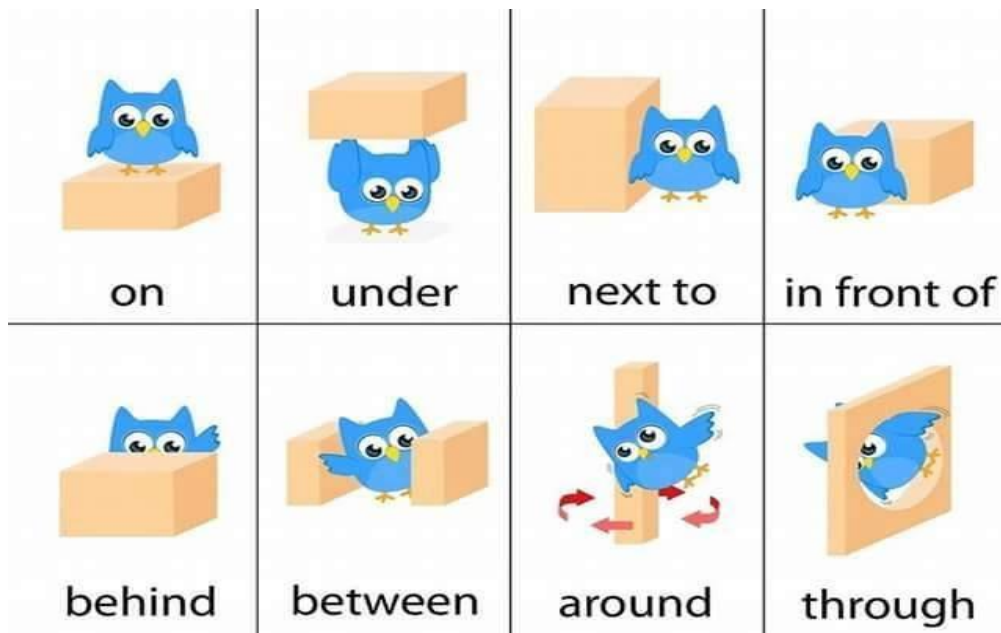
I am on the bus.

**Use (time):** "ON" is used with days of the week, dates and holidays.

### Examples:

They went to Mexico on the first of May.

He runs on Mondays and Fridays.



Encontraras la gramática en español en los siguientes links:

<https://www.curso-ingles.com/aprender/cursos/nivel-basico/prepositions/prepositions>

<https://www.curso-ingles.com/aprender/cursos/nivel-basico/prepositions/prepositions-of-place>

**Exercise 1.** Complete these sentences – Completa las siguientes oraciones, revisa el ejemplo.



1. The books are in the.....  
book bag.....



2. The cell phone is .....



3. The map is .....



4. The chair is .....



5. The wallet is .....



6. The sunglasses are .....

1. The books are in the book bag
2. The cell phone is Netto har brush
3. The map is Uder the mews pausr.
4. The chair is Behand is table.
5. The wallet is On the note book.
6. The sunglasses are In front of the durse

**Exercise 2.** Complete these sentences – Completa las siguientes oraciones, revisa el ejemplo.

behind    in    in front of    next to    on    under



1. The wallet is in  
the purse.



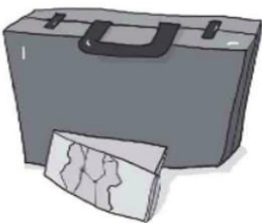
2. The chair is Behind.  
the desk.



3. The glasses are on  
the chair.



4. The cell phone is under  
the table.



5. The map is In front of  
the briefcase.



6. The keys are Next to  
the umbrella.

**Exercise 3.** Write questions and answers about the things in the parentheses – escribe preguntas y sus respuestas acerca de las cosas en parentesis.



1. A: *Where is the briefcase?* \_\_\_\_\_ (briefcase)  
 B: *It's next to the television.* \_\_\_\_\_
2. A: **Where is the book** \_\_\_\_\_ (books)  
 B: **It's under the table** \_\_\_\_\_
3. A: **Where is the cell** \_\_\_\_\_ (cell phone)  
 B: **It's in the purse.** \_\_\_\_\_
4. A: **Where is the keys.** \_\_\_\_\_ (keys)  
 B: **Its on the briefcase** \_\_\_\_\_
5. A: **Where is the camara** \_\_\_\_\_ (camera)  
 B: **Its in front of tv** \_\_\_\_\_
6. A: **Where are the sunglasses** \_\_\_\_\_ (sunglasses)  
 B: **They are behad the sofa.** \_\_\_\_\_

**GRAMMAR – Negative statements and yes/no questions with be**

## Negative statements and yes/no questions with be

I'm <b>not</b> from New York.	<b>Are you</b> from California?	<b>I am.</b>	<b>I'm not.</b>
<b>You're not</b> late.	<b>Am I</b> early?	<b>you are.</b>	<b>you're not.</b>
<b>She's not</b> from Russia.	<b>Is she</b> from Brazil?	<b>she is.</b>	<b>she's not.</b>
<b>He's not</b> from Italy.	<b>Is he</b> from Chile?	Yes, <b>he is.</b>	No, <b>he's not.</b>
<b>It's not</b> English.	<b>Is it</b> Korean?	<b>it is.</b>	<b>it's not.</b>
<b>We're not</b> from Japan.	<b>Are you</b> from China?	<b>we are.</b>	<b>we're not.</b>
<b>You're not</b> early.	<b>Are we</b> late?	<b>you are.</b>	<b>you're not.</b>
<b>They're not</b> in Mexico.	<b>Are they</b> in Canada?	<b>they are.</b>	<b>they're not.</b>

We're = We are

**Exercise 4.** Complete the conversation – completa la siguiente conversaci3n.

- A: Hiroshi, .....*are*..... you and Maiko from Japan?  
 B: Yes, we .....**are**.....  
 A: Oh? .....**are**..... you from Tokyo?  
 B: No, **We are** not. ....**are**..... from Kyoto.
- A: ...**Are you** Laura from the U.S.?  
 B: No, .....**I'm**..... not. She's from the U.K.  
 A: .....**is**..... she from London?  
 B: Yes, she .....**is**..... . But her parents are from Italy. ....**it**..... not from the U.K. originally.  
 A: **Is he** ..... Laura's first language Italian?  
 B: No, .....**im**..... not. ....**im**..... English.
- A: .....**are**..... Selina and Carlos from Mexico?  
 B: No, .....**im**..... not. ....**im**..... from Brazil.  
 A: .....**are**..... you from Brazil, too?  
 B: No, .....**im**..... not. I'm from Peru.  
 A: So, **Is he** ..... your first language Spanish?  
 B: Yes, it .....**is**..... .



## Negative statements and yes/no questions with be

- ▶ Use *be* + *not* to form negative statements: Ana **isn't** a student. (NOT: Ana is no a student.)
- ▶ *You* is a singular and a plural pronoun: Are **you** from Rio? Yes, **I am**./Yes, **we are**.

**Exercise 5.** Ordena las siguientes oraciones.

1. in California / not / New York City / is  
New York City is not in California.
2. London / not / from / we're  
We're not from London.
3. not / you and Tim / in my class / are  
You and Tim are not in my class.
4. is / my first language / Spanish / not  
Spanish is not my first language.
5. from / my mother / not / is / Seoul  
My mother is not from Seoul.
6. my keys / not / are / they  
They are not my keys.

**Exercise 6.** Ordena las siguientes oraciones.

1. A: Are you and your family from Mexico?  
B: No, we are not. We are from Guatemala.
2. A: Are your first language English?  
B: Yes, it is. My parents are from Australia.
3. A: Are Kenji and his friend Japanese?  
B: Yes, they are. But they are in the U.S. now.
4. A: He's my mother and I late?  
B: No, we are not. He is early!