

Nombre del alumno: Esthela Nahomy Álvarez
Cruz

Nombre del profesor: Juan Manuel Jaime

Grado: 4

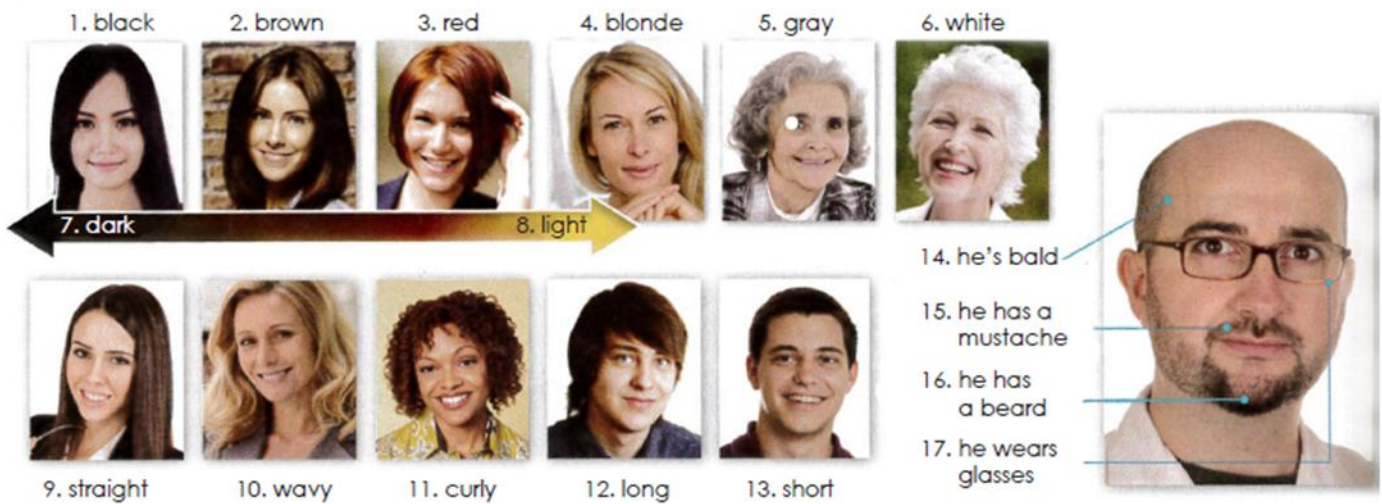
Nombre del trabajo:

Materia: INGLES IV

Fecha: 10/09/2021

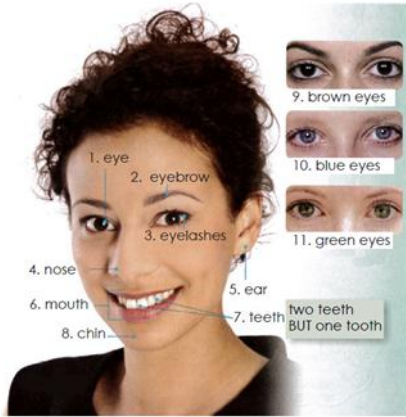


APPEARANCE AND HEALTH – Vocabulary



Exercise 1. Translate to Spanish the vocabulary above. Traduce al español el vocabulario de arriba.

- | | |
|------------|---------------------|
| 1. negro | 10. Ondulada |
| 2. marrón | 11. Rizada |
| 3. rojo | 12. Largo |
| 4. rubio | 13. Pequeño |
| 5. gris | 14. Es calvo |
| 6. blanco | 15. Él tiene bigote |
| 7. oscura | 16. Él tiene barba |
| 8. ligera | 17. El usa anteojos |
| 9. derecha | |



Exercise 2. Translate to Spanish the vocabulary above.
Traduce al español el vocabulario de arriba.

- | | |
|-------------|-----------------|
| 1. ojo | 7. Dientes |
| 2. ceja | 8. Barbilla |
| 3. pestañas | 9. Ojos cafés |
| 4. nariz | 10. Ojos azules |
| 5. oreja | 11. Ojos verdes |
| 6. boca | |

Exercise 3. Complete each sentence with the correct form of "be" and "have".

1. A: What does your brother look like?

B: Well, he have a mustache and wavy hair.

And he wears glasses.

2. A: What does your mother look like?

B: Her hair be curly and black.

3. A: What does her father look like?

B: He have a short, gray beard.

4. A: What does his grandmother look like?

B: She be curly, gray hair and beautiful eyes.

5. A: What does his sister look like?

B: His sister? Her hair be long and pretty!

6. A: What do your brothers look like?

B: They have straight, black hair, and they wear glasses.

Exercise 4. Write a sentence with “be” and a sentence with “have”.

Example:

1. Kate / hair/ long / straight

(using “be”) a. Kate’s hair is long and straight

(using “have”) b. Kate has long straight hair

2. George / short/ black hair

(using “be”) a. George's hair is short and black

(using “have”) b. George has short black hair

3. Harry/ long / curly/ hair

(using “be”) a. Harry's hair is long and curly

(using “have”) b. Harry has long curly hair

4. Mary/ eyes/ blue

(using “be”) a. Maria's eye is blue

(using “have”) b. Maria has a blue eye

5. Amy/ pretty/ eyes

(using “be”) a. Amy's eye is pretty and she's pretty

(using “have”) b. Amy has pretty eyes and she's pretty

VOCABULARY

Parts of the body



Exercise 1. Translate to Spanish the vocabulary above. Traduce al español el vocabulario de arriba.

1. cabeza

2. pecho

3. estomago

4. cadera

5. rodilla

6. tobillo

7. cuello

8. hombro

9. espalda

10. Brazo

11. Dos pies pero un pie

12. Mano

13. Dedo

14. Uña del dedo

15. Pie

16. Dedo del pie

17. Uña del dedo del pie

VOCABULARY -Ailments (Enfermedades/Dolores)

I don't feel well. I have ...



1. a headache



2. a stomachache



3. an earache



4. a toothache



5. a backache



6. a cold



7. a sore throat



8. a fever



9. a cough



10. a runny nose

Exercise 2. Translate to Spanish the vocabulary above. Traduce al español el vocabulario de arriba.

1. un dolor de cabeza

6. Un resfriado

2. un dolor de estómago

7. Un dolor de garganta

3. un dolor de oído

8. Fiebre

4. un dolor de muelas

9. Tos

5. un dolor de espalda

10. Una nariz que moquea

VOCABULARY - Remedies



1. take something



2. lie down



3. have some tea



4. see a doctor/ see a dentist

1. Toma algo.
2. Recuéstate.
3. Toma un té.
4. Ve un doctor / ve un dentista.

Exercise 3. Escribe 8 oraciones usando el vocabulario de arriba

Example: I have a cold; I should see a doctor.

1. I have to go to the dentist because I have cavities
2. I have to take Camila to the doctor because she is allergic to many
3. Take a fever pill
4. Go lie down and your headache will go away
5. I will go to the dentist for an oral cleaning
6. I will prepare you a chamomile tea so that you feel better
7. I have to go to the emergency doctor to sew my wound
8. Take this syrup to get rid of your stomach pain

c) Interrogative: debemos usar SHOULD antes del SUJETO.

-Should I take a summer course at college? (¿Debo tomar un curso de verano en la universidad?)

-Yes, you should. (Sí)

-No, you shouldn't. (No)



Exercise 4. Complete each sentence with "should o shouldn't" and a verb form the box.

1. it's your birthday. You should go out for dinner!
2. I'm sorry you have a toothache. You shouldn't (see) a dentist.
3. There's a movie on TV tonight. We should (watch) it.
4. You have a cold? You shouldn't (not exercise) today.
5. We have tomatoes, potatoes, and onions. We should (make) tomato potato soup for dinner tonight!
6. Pam's taking a shower right now. You should (call) back later.
7. Martin has a headache. He shouldn't (not play) soccer tonight.
8. it's time for bed. You should (get) undressed.