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Extra Mate APLI

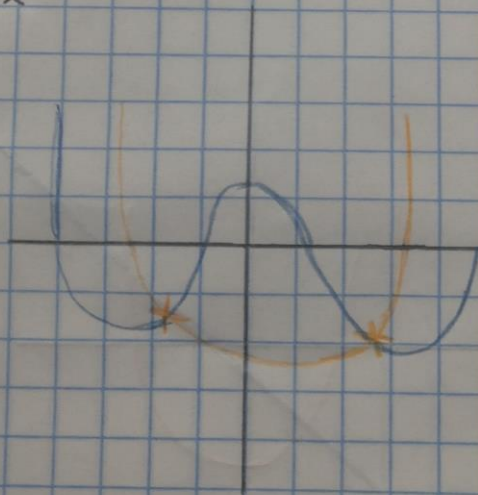
$$- f(x) = 2x^2 = 2 * 2x^{2-1} = 4x$$

$$- f(x) = 2x^4 + x^3 - x^2 + 4$$
$$= 8x^3 + 3x^2 - 2x$$

$$- f(x) = 2x = 2$$

Grafico de forma arbitraria y sin ninguna regla numerica las funciones anteriores con sus respectivas derivadas

$$\text{Función} = 2x^2$$
$$\text{derivada} = 4x$$

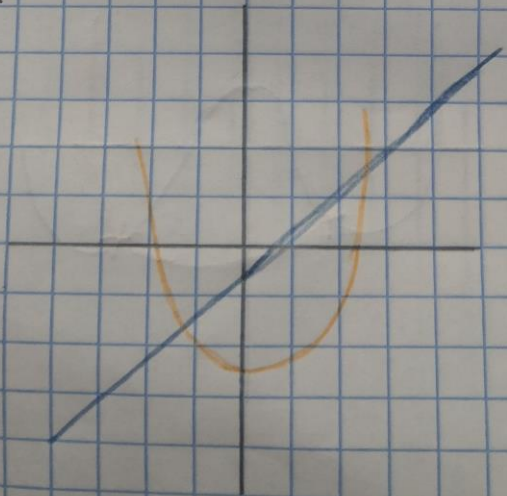


Yasany Rodriguez Torres
Extra Matemática

Función = $2x^4$
Derivada = $8x^3$



Función = $2x$
derivada = 2



Integra las siguientes funciones

$$\begin{aligned} - F(x) &= 8x + 4 = dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} \text{ con } n=1 \\ &= \frac{x^2}{2} = \int 1 dx = x = 4x^2 + 4x + c \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} - F(x) &= 8x^3 + 3x^2 + 6x + 2 = dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} \text{ con } n=3 = \frac{x^4}{4} \\ \int 1 dx &= x & 8 \int x^3 dx &+ 3 \int x^2 dx + 6 \int x dx + 2 \int 1 dx \\ &= 2x^4 + x^3 + 3x^2 + 2x + c \\ &= x(2x^3 + x^2 + 3x + 2) + c \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} - F(x) &= (x+2)^3 \\ &= \int u^n du = \frac{u^{n+1}}{n+1} = \text{con } n=3 = \frac{u^4}{4} \end{aligned}$$

$$u = x+2 = \frac{(x+2)^4}{4}$$

$$= \int (x+2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{(x+2)^4}{4} + c$$