

**"MATERIA". MATEMÁTICA APLICADA**

**NOMBRE DEL DOCENTE. JUAN JOSE OJEDA**



**PRESENTA: EJERCICIO**

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**SEXTO SEMESTRE**

**LICENCIATURA**

**SEMIESCOLARIZADO**

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$$\begin{aligned}
 2 \int \sin 3x \sin 2x dx &= \int \frac{1}{2} [\cos(3x-2x) - \cos(3x+2x)] dx \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \int \cos x dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \cos 5x dx = \frac{1}{2} \sin x - \frac{1}{2} \sin 5x + C \\
 &= \left[ \frac{1}{2} \sin x - \frac{1}{10} \sin 5x + C \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 3 \int \sin 3x \cos 5x dx &= \int \frac{1}{2} [\sin(3x-5x) + \sin(3x+5x)] dx \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \int \sin(-2x) dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \sin 8x dx = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cos(-2x) + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{8} \cos 8x + C \\
 &= \left[ \frac{1}{4} \cos(-2x) + \frac{1}{16} \cos 8x + C \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 4 \int \cos 4x \cos 2x dx &= \int \frac{1}{2} [\cos(4x-2x) + \cos(4x+2x)] dx \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \int \cos 2x dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \cos 6x dx = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sin 2x + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{6} \sin 6x + C \\
 &= \left[ \frac{1}{4} \sin 2x + \frac{1}{12} \sin 6x + C \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 5 \int (-\cos x) dx &= \int \sin^2 \frac{1}{x} dx = 2 \int \sin^2 \frac{1}{x} dx = 2 \sin \frac{1}{x} dx \\
 &= \left[ -2x \cos \frac{1}{x} + C \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

CITLAL, LÓPEZ JUÁNEZ.