

# Francisco José Santiago Limones.

Instrucción:

1. Lee el texto y usa tus propias palabras para describir lo que significa. Lo puedes explicar en español.

2. Elabore dos conversaciones más al final. (esta parte en inglés)

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## CONVERSATION My new apartment

④ Listen and practice.

Linda: Guess what! I have a new apartment.  
Chris: That's great! What's it like?  
Linda: It's really nice.  
Chris: Is it very big?  
Linda: Well, it has a big living room, a bedroom, a bathroom, and a kitchen.  
Chris: Nice! Do you live downtown?  
Linda: No, I don't. I live near the university.  
Chris: Does it have a view?  
Linda: Yes, it does. It has a great view of another apartment building!



La conversación se trata de que Linda tiene un nuevo apartamento, lo cual está muy emocionada, contándole a Chris, y le cuenta que tiene una sala grande, un cuarto, un baño y una cocina, y por último menciona que tienen una gran vista a otro edificio.

Explicación:

Para conjugar el presente simple usamos el infinitivo para los sujetos "I", "you", "we" y "they" y para las tercera personas "he", "she" y "it", añadimos una "-s" al final del verbo.

Sujeto	Conjugación
I, you, we, they	talk, eat, learn, do, go...
he, she, it	talks, eats, learns, does, goes...

Explicación más elaborada:

<https://www.curso-ingles.com/aprender/cursos/nivel-basico/verb-tenses-present/present-simple>

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Explicación Youtube:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7TMXvhjMMSE>

Instrucción:

Ilene los espacios en blanco con los verbos:

Do, Don't, live, have, Does, Doesn't

## 3 GRAMMAR FOCUS

### Simple present short answers

**Do** you **live** in an apartment?

Yes, I **do**. / No, I **don't**.

**Do** the bedrooms **have** windows?

Yes, they **do**. / No, they **don't**.

**Does** Chris **live** in a house?

Yes, he **does**. / No, he **doesn't**.

**Does** the house **have** a yard?

Yes, it **does**. / No, it **doesn't**.

A Complete the conversation. Then practice with a partner.

Linda: ..... **Do** ..... you ..... **live** ..... in an apartment?

Chris: No, I ..... **Don't** ..... I ..... **live** ..... in a house.

Linda: ..... **Does** ..... it ..... **have** ..... a yard?

Chris: Yes, it ..... **have** .....

Linda: That sounds nice. **Do** ..... you ..... **live** ..... alone?

Chris: No, I ..... **Don't** ..... I ..... **live** ..... with my family.

Linda: ..... **Do** ..... you ..... **have** ..... any brothers or sisters?

Chris: Yes, I ..... **do** ..... . I ..... **have** ..... four sisters.

Linda: Really? ..... **do** ..... your house ..... **have** ..... many bedrooms?

Chris: Yes, it ..... **have** ..... It ..... **have** ..... four.

Linda: ..... **Do** ..... you ..... **have** ..... your own bedroom?

Chris: Yes, I ..... **have** ..... . I'm really lucky.



Instrucción:

Elija las palabras correctas de acuerdo con cada oración.

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## 1 Simple present short answers (page 45)



► Remember: I/You/We/They **do/don't**. He/She/It **does/doesn't**.

Circle the correct words.

- A: **Do / Does** your family **live / lives** in an apartment?  
B: No, we **don't / doesn't**. We **have / has** a house.  
A: That's nice. **Do / Does** your house have two floors?  
B: Yes, it **do / does**. It **have / has** four rooms on the first floor. And we **have / has** three bedrooms and a bathroom on the second floor.  
A: And **do / does** you and your family **have / has** a yard?  
B: Yes, we **do / does**. And how about you, Tim? **Do / Does** you **live / lives** in a house, too?  
A: No, I **don't / doesn't**. My wife and I **have / has** a small apartment in the city.  
B: Oh. **Do / Does** you **like / likes** the city?  
A: Yes, I **do / does**. But my wife **don't / doesn't**.

Explicación:

Utilizamos “there + be” (hay) para hablar sobre la existencia de algo. “There + be” se puede expresar en todos los tiempos verbales, pero a diferencia del español, en inglés **conjugamos este verbo si el nombre que va después está en plural o en singular y si es contable o incontable**.

### There is

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Se utiliza “**there is**” con nombres contables en singular y con incontables. Hay una forma corta: “**there's**”.

Ejemplos:

#### Contables

- | **There is a pencil.** (Hay un lápiz.)
- | **There's one car.** (Hay un coche.)
- | **There is not an apple.** (No hay una manzana.)
- | **Is there a pen?** (¿Hay un bolígrafo?)

#### Incontables

- | **There is milk.** (Hay leche.)
- | **There is not time.** (No hay tiempo.)
- | **Is there sugar?** (¿Hay azúcar?)

### There are

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Se utiliza “**there are**” sólo con nombres contables en plural. No hay una forma corta.

Ejemplos:

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- | **There are** five pencils.(*Hay cinco lápices.*)
- | **There are** not two cars.(*No hay dos coches.*)
- | **Are there** many people?(*¿Hay mucha gente?*)

Explicación más elaborada:

<https://www.curso-ingles.com/aprender/cursos/nivel-basico/nouns/there-be>

Explicación Youtube:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZczyV8LVbjS>

Instrucción:

Elija las oraciones incompletas en el cuadro y haga coincidir las siguientes oraciones en consecuencia. preste atención a las frases positivas o negativas.

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## GRAMMAR FOCUS



### There is, there are

There's a bed in the bedroom.

There's no sofa in the bedroom.

There isn't a table in the kitchen.

There are some chairs in the kitchen.

There are no chairs in the living room.

There aren't any chairs in the living room.

There's = There is

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## 2 There is, there are (page 47)



- Use *there is* with singular nouns: **There's** a bed. Use *there are* with plural nouns: **There are** two chairs.
- Use **some** in affirmative statements: There are **some** chairs in the kitchen. Use **any** in negative statements: There aren't **any** chairs in the bedroom.

Read the information about the Diaz family's new house. Write sentences with the phrases in the box.

there's a	there are some
there's no	there are no
there isn't a	there aren't any

1. A living room? Yes
2. A dining room? No
3. A dishwasher in the kitchen? No
4. A table in the kitchen? Yes
5. Curtains on the windows? Yes
6. Rugs on the floors? No
7. Closets in the bedrooms? Yes
8. Bookcases in the bedrooms? No

1. *There's a living room.*
2. *There is not a dining*
3. *There is not a*
4. *There is a table in the kitchen*
5. *There are curtains on the windows*
6. *There are not rugs on the floors*
7. *There are closets in the bedrooms*
8. *There are not bookcases in the bedrooms*

## Conversación

Jazmín: Hi Sara, I 'm cooking a deliciuos sándwich

Sara: That's great, I want too.

Jazmín: Okay, but please help me with things.

Sara: There's not problem.

Jazmín: Give me the vegetables. There are in the fridge.

Sara: oh yes. Here it's.

Jazmín: okay, now the mayonnaise, there is on the table.

Sara: Well.... it's all, friend.

Jazmín: Yes. Finish, there is my sandwich and this is yours.

Sara: Thank you. It's delicious.