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Nombre del trabajo: ACTIVIDAD I

Materia: INGLES II

PASIÓN POR EDUCAR

Grado: 2° CUATRIMESTRE.

Grupo: -

Comitán de Domínguez Chiapas a 19 de enero de 2021.

Instrucción:

1. Lee el texto y usa tus propias palabras para describir lo que significa. Lo puedes explicar en español. En texto se trata de que una chica llamada Linda compro un departamento nuevo y le explica a su amigo Chris las características, como por ejemplo que está cerca de la universidad, que es grande y que tiene una buena vista de otros edificios de departamentos.

2. Elabore dos conversaciones más al final. (esta parte en inglés)

Conversación 1.

Jesus: hi i'm Jesus, I have a new bike.

Ana: woou is incredible news. was a present?

Jesus: no, I paid for it, I loved it.

Ana: I hope we go out to ride.

Jesus: I hope so, we need it.

Conversaion 2.

Ana: Hi Jesus, how are you?

Jesus: I am very well, very busy at work.

ana: I found a new route to ride my bike.

Jesus: that is wonderful, I hope soon to be free to go riding.

ana: yes, it is a very fun route. You're going to love it.

Jesus: let's go on the weekend. see you soon

2 CONVERSATION *My new apartment*

🎧 Listen and practice.

Linda: Guess what! I have a new apartment.

Chris: That's great! What's it like?

Linda: It's really nice.

Chris: Is it very big?

Linda: Well, it has a big living room, a bedroom, a bathroom, and a kitchen.

Chris: Nice! Do you live downtown?

Linda: No, I don't. I live near the university.

Chris: Does it have a view?

Linda: Yes, it does. It has a great view of another apartment building!



Explicación:

Para conjugar el presente simple usamos el infinitivo para los sujetos "I", "you", "we" y "they" y para las terceras personas "he", "she" y "it", añadimos una "-s" al final del verbo.

| Sujeto | Conjugación |
|------------------|------------------------------------|
| I, you, we, they | talk, eat, learn, do, go... |
| he, she, it | talks, eats, learns, does, goes... |

Explicación más elaborada:

<https://www.curso-ingles.com/aprender/cursos/nivel-basico/verb-tenses-present/present-simple>

Explicación Youtube:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7TMXvhjMMSE>

Instrucción:

Llena los espacios en blanco con los verbos:

Do, Don't, live, have, Does, Doesn't

3 GRAMMAR FOCUS

Simple present short answers

Do you **live** in an apartment?

Yes, I **do**. / No, I **don't**.

Do the bedrooms **have** windows?

Yes, they **do**. / No, they **don't**.

Does Chris **live** in a house?

Yes, he **does**. / No, he **doesn't**.

Does the house **have** a yard?

Yes, it **does**. / No, it **doesn't**.

A Complete the conversation. Then practice with a partner.

Linda: **Do** you **live** in an apartment?

Chris: No, I **Don't** I **live** in a house.

Linda: **does** it **have** a yard?

Chris: Yes, it **does**

Linda: That sounds nice. **do** you **live** alone?

Chris: No, I **Don't** I **live** with my family.

Linda: **do** you **have** any brothers or sisters?

Chris: Yes, I **do** I **have** four sisters.

Linda: Really? **does** your house **have** many bedrooms?

Chris: Yes, it **does** It **has** four.

Linda: **do** you **have** your own bedroom?

Chris: Yes, I **have** I'm really lucky.



Instrucción:

Elija las palabras correctas de acuerdo con cada oración.

 **1 Simple present short answers (page 45)** 

▶ Remember: I/You/We/They **do/don't**. He/She/It **does/doesn't**.

Circle the correct words.

A: **Do / Does** your family **live / lives** in an apartment?

B: No, we **don't / doesn't**. We **have / has** a house.

A: That's nice. **Do / Does** your house have two floors?

B: Yes, it **do / does**. It **have / has** four rooms on the first floor. And we **have / has** three bedrooms and a bathroom on the second floor.

A: And **do / does** you and your family **have / has** a yard?

B: Yes, we **do / does**. And how about you, Tim? **Do / Does** you **live / lives** in a house, too?

A: No, I **don't / doesn't**. My wife and I **have / has** a small apartment in the city.

B: Oh. **Do / Does** you **like / likes** the city?

A: Yes, I **do / does**. But my wife **don't / doesn't**.

Explicación:

Utilizamos “there + be” (hay) para hablar sobre la existencia de algo. “There + be” se puede expresar en todos los tiempos verbales, pero a diferencia del español, en inglés **conjugamos este verbo si el nombre que va después está en plural o en singular y si es contable o incontable**.

There is

Se utiliza “there is” con nombres contables en singular y con incontables. Hay una forma corta: “there’s”.

Ejemplos:

Contables

- | **There is a pencil.**(Hay un lápiz.)
- | **There's one car.**(Hay un coche.)
- | **There is not an apple.**(No hay una manzana.)
- | **Is there a pen?**(¿Hay un bolígrafo?)

Incontables

- | **There is milk.**(Hay leche.)
- | **There is not time.**(No hay tiempo.)
- | **Is there sugar?**(¿Hay azúcar?)

There are

Se utiliza “**there are**” sólo con nombres contables en plural. No hay una forma corta.

Ejemplos:

- | **There are five pencils.** (*Hay cinco lápices.*)
- | **There are not two cars.** (*No hay dos coches.*)
- | **Are there many people?** (*¿Hay mucha gente?*)

Explicación más elaborada:

<https://www.curso-ingles.com/aprender/cursos/nivel-basico/nouns/there-be>

Explicación Youtube:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZczyV8LVbjs>

Instrucción:

Elija las oraciones incompletas en el cuadro y haga coincidir las siguientes oraciones en consecuencia. preste atención a las frases positivas o negativas.

7 GRAMMAR FOCUS

There is, there are

There's a bed in the bedroom.

There's no sofa in the bedroom.

There isn't a table in the kitchen.

There are some chairs in the kitchen.

There are no chairs in the living room.

There aren't any chairs in the living room.

There's = There is



2 **There is, there are** (page 47)



- ▶ Use *there is* with singular nouns: **There's** a bed. Use *there are* with plural nouns: **There are** two chairs.
- ▶ Use *some* in affirmative statements: There are **some** chairs in the kitchen. Use *any* in negative statements: There aren't **any** chairs in the bedroom.

Read the information about the Diaz family's new house. Write sentences with the phrases in the box.

| | |
|---------------|------------------|
| there's a | there are some |
| there's no | there are no |
| there isn't a | there aren't any |

- | | |
|---------------------------------|-----|
| 1. A living room? | Yes |
| 2. A dining room? | No |
| 3. A dishwasher in the kitchen? | No |
| 4. A table in the kitchen? | Yes |
| 5. Curtains on the windows? | Yes |
| 6. Rugs on the floors? | No |
| 7. Closets in the bedrooms? | Yes |
| 8. Bookcases in the bedrooms? | No |

1. There's a living room.
.....
There ins't dining room
2. There's no dishwasher in the kitchen
.....
3. There ins't a table in the kitchen
.....
4. There are some curtains in the windows
.....
5. There aren't any rugs in the floors
.....
6. There are closets in the bedrooms
.....
7. There are no bookcases in the bedrooms
.....
8.