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Materia: INGLES II

Grado: BRH05EMC0120

Grupo: 'A'

GRAMMAR

Possessive pronouns / Whose

Possessive pronouns can replace nouns and noun phrases. They answer questions with "whose"

and clarify answers to questions with "which".

A: Whose coat is that?

B: It's mine. (= It's my coat.)

A: Which is her cup?

B: This one is hers.

Be careful!

- Don't use a possessive adjective in place of a possessive pronoun. Is this yours? NOT Is this your?

- Don't use a noun after a possessive

pronoun.

These shoes are mine. NOT These are mine shoes.

subject pronouns	possessive adjectives	possessive pronouns
1	my	mine
you	your	yours
he	his	his
she	her	hers
it	its	its
we	our	ours
you	your	yours
they	their	theirs

Examples:

That's my jacket / It's mine.

Your dinner was great/ Yours was great.

Are these his keys?/ Are these his?

She drives her car to work/ She drives hers to work.

These are our shoes / These are ours.

They finished their assignment / They finished **theirs**.

Exercise 1. Replace the noun phrases with possessive pronouns

1. Those gloves are my gloves.

Answer: Those gloves are mine

2. That is ber coat.

Answer: his coat is that.

3. The books on the table are Mr. Davison's.

Answer: thense books on the table are by Mr, Davison

4. Their car and our car are parked on the same street.

Answer: my car and yours are on the same street parked

5. Are those my tickets or her tickets?

Answer: are those tickets mine or yours?

6. The white house is my mother's house.

Answer: my mother house is the white one

7. Is this painting your painting or her brother's painting?

Answer: this painting is yours or your brother?

8. The newspaper under the chair is his daughter's paper.

Answer: the newspaper that is under the chair is from your daughter

9. Is this DVD your DVD or your friends'?

Answer: this DVD is yours or your friends

10. Are these your son's shoes?

Answer: are these my son's shoes

Exercise 2. Contesta correctamente

1.	This	car isHIS car. This car is his.
	b) c)	he her his hers
2.	This	house is our house. This house is _OURS
	b)	our ours we its
3.	This	hat is my hat. This hat isMINE
		me mine
4.	This	is your bike. This bike isYOUR
	b)	you your yous yours
5.	a) b) c)	isHIS dog. This dog is hers. her his hers she

- 6. These are __THEIR__ children. These children are theirs.
 - a) theirs
 - b) them
 - c) they
 - d) their

Vocabulary

Exercise 3. Match the adjectives to pictures 1-10. (Escribe la letra de la figura que concuerda con la palabra)

- (1) a magazine
- (2) a postcard
- 10) a box of chocolates
- (**9**) sweets
- (8) batteries
- (4) a newspaper
- (7) a birthday card
- (**5**) tissues
- (6) chewing gum
- (**3**) a map

THINGS TO BUY



EVENTS AND TIMES

VOCABULARY

What time is it?



1. It's one o'clock.



2. It's one fifteen. OR It's a quarter after one.



3. It's one twenty. OR It's twenty after one.



4. It's one thirty. OR It's half past one.



It's twenty to two.



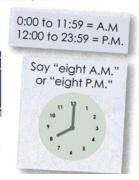
5. It's one forty. OR 6. It's one forty-five. OR It's a quarter to two.

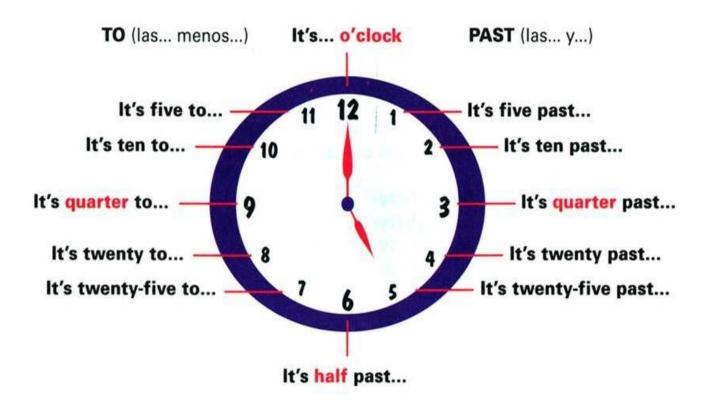


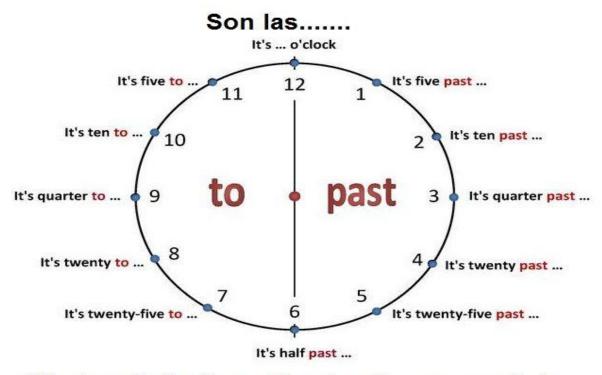
7. It's noon.



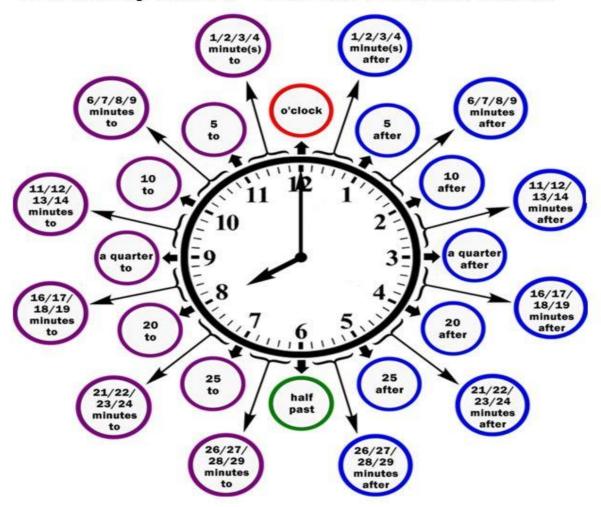
8. It's midnight.







It's twenty to five = Son las 5 menos veinte

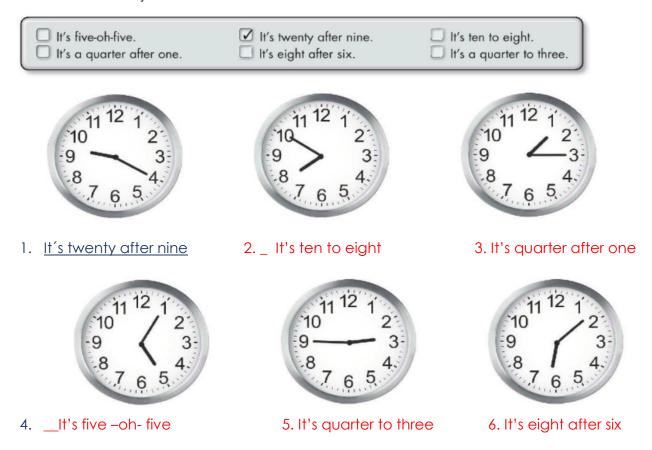


Ver video en youtube para la explicación de las horas:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ItXtQGHnp1E&feature=emb logo&ab channel=DianaPerez

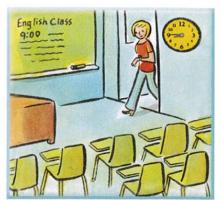


Exercise 4. What time is it?. Use the sentences in the box. ¿Qué hora es?, usa las oraciones en la caja.



VOCABULARY

Early, on time, and late.



1. She's early.



2. They're on time



3. He's late

VOCABULARY Events



1. a party



2. a dance



3. a game



4. a dinner



5. a movie



6. a concert

GRAMMAR

"Be": questions about time / Prepositions "at" and "on".

What time is it?

(It's) five twenty.

What time's the party?

(It's) at nine thirty.

What day is the concert? (It's) on Saturday.

When's the dance?

(It's) at ten o'clock.

(It's) on Friday at 10:00 P.M.

Contractions:

What time is > What time's What day is → What day's

When is → When's

Be careful!

What time is it? NOT-What time's it?

When is it? NOT When's it?

Exercise 5. Complete the questions and answers. Use contractions when possible.

1. A: When ____IS___ the party?

B: It's __at__ 11:00 p.m.

2: A: ___what____ days's the game?

B: It's __on __ Saturday.

3. A: What __time is_ the concert?

B: It's __at _ 8:30.

4. A: What __days__ the dinner?

B: It's __on__ Tuesday.

5. A: what days _ the dance?

B: It's on _ Friday at 9:00.

6. A: What day the class?

B: It's at noon.

GRAMMAR

Prepositions "in", "on" and "at" for dates and times.

When's the party? It's in January.

It's on January 15.th When's the dance?

It's on the 12th When's the dinner?

What day's the meeting? It's on Tuesday.

What time's the movie? It's at noon.

What time's the dance? It's at 8:30. Be careful! in the morning in the afternoon in the evening BUT at night



The concert's on August 12th

Exercise 6. Complete the sentences. Use "in", "on" or "at".

- 1. The concert is __in__ July 14 ___on__ 3:00__at__ the afternoon.
- 2. The dinner is __in_ December _on _ the 6.
- 3. The party is _in _ midnight __at__ Saturday.
- 4. The movie is __in __ November 1 ___on __ 8:30 p.m.
- 5. The game is __in__ Wednesday __on__ noon.
- 6. The meeting is at the State Bank _on___ 11:00 __on__ the morning __at_ July 18.